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The Los Angeles Times

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AMUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Even[ts]

LOS ANGELES THEATER— C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
FIVE NIGHTS AND SATURDAY MATINEE, BE[GI]NNING TUESDAY, JUNE 30.
Fourth Annual Tour, MR. JOHN DR[EW],
And his American Company. Management [C]harles Frohman.
Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday Nights—"CHRIS[TO]PHER, JR."
Friday and Saturday Nights and Saturday Matinee—[T]HE SQUIRE OF DAMES,"
Miss Maude Adams in Lead[ing R]oles.
Seats now on sale. Prices—$1.50, $1, 75c and 50c.

ORPHEUM— LOS ANGELES' [FAM]ILY VAUDEVILLE THEATER. S. Main St., [B]et. First and Second Sts.
THE ONLY THEATER OPEN IN THE CITY.
The Strongest Show ever Presented in Los Angeles.
Week Commencing Monday, June 22.
Another Magnificent Aggregation of New Talent.
MISS ALMA HERZOG, M'AVOY AND MAY, MISS LIZZIE B. RAYMOND, MISS VIRGINIA ARAGON
Supported by the Star Features of last week.

MISCELLANEOUS—

WE DO IT— At little expense—make handsome, durable Fluff Rugs of your worn-out carpet. They are heavier and more durable than Smyrnas, and will outwear any other rug made; besides, costing only a trifle. Drop us postal and we will call for your carpet and make from it any size rug you may wish.
PACIFIC RUG FACTORY, 654 South Broadway.

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10 MEDALS WORLD'S FAIR FIRST PRIZE CON. Steckel WORLD'S FAIR FIRST PRIZE CON. 16 DIPLOMAS
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PEOPLE SUFFERING— From diseases which have resisted all previous efforts address
DR. ALEXANDER de BORA, Elsinore, Cal.
Consultation in person or by letter free.

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Highest cash price for old gold and silver, placer and retort gold, ores, etc., assaying for all metals. 128 N. Main St., room 8.

REDONDO CARNATIONS—The sole agency for the famous carnations of the Redondo Beach Co., is at Mount Lowe Springs Company, N. W. Cor. Broadway and Third Sts.—Choice flowers and floral designs of all kinds.—Tel. 1536.

INGLESIDE CARNATIONS—ASK YOUR FLORIST FOR THEM. IN SIZE they are the largest, in color the brightest, in perfume the finest. Grown by F. EDWARD GRAY, Alhambra, Cal.

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ELSINORE HOT SPRINGS. LAKE VIEW HOTEL. FINEST SULPHUR BATHing in So. Cal. Elevation 1300 ft. Hotel new and first-class. Write for summer rates. C. S. TRAPHAGEN & CO., Props.

Curtis-Harrison Advertising Co.—Will remove to 349 Wilcox building, July 1. The best equipped newspaper and magazine advertising agency west of Chicago.

THE MORNING'S NEWS —IN— The Times IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14.

A gigantic scheme to rob the First National Bank—A long and well-made tunnel, but the robbers failed to get their half-million dollars....McGinnis found guilty of manslaughter—He kills his brother-in-law at Pomona .... A San Gabriel water lawsuit....Return of the Sheriff's posse after a vain search for Dunham .... More school commencement exercises....Orange-growers will hold a convention.... More money wanted for the parks.

Southern California—Page 13.

Young man drowned at Long Beach....A fish cannery at San Pedro burned....How municipal ownership of waterworks operates in Santa Ana....San Pedro is pleased over one appointment on the Harbor Commission....San Bernardino Supervisors demand the return of county property .... Rialto people feeling more hopeful....County Supervisors locating a jail site at Avalon, Catalina.... Tents being pitched for the G.A.R. encampment at Ventura....A big clock for Santa Barbara.

Pacific Coast—Page 2.

Corbett's stock falls at San Francisco — Talk of a finish fight with Sharkey to give him a chance to retrieve his laurels....California Congressmen given a reception at San Francisco...."Lucky" Baldwin has a bad day on the witness-stand—He is made to give testimony against himself....Sharkey going on the stage.... A Forrestville youth's strange experience after being knocked out—He is given up as doomed to die by lockjaw....Mrs. Nettie Craven creates another sensation in the Fair will case.

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Ex-Gov. McKinley receives more warm messages of congratulation—Among them one from ex-Gov. Russell of Massachusetts — Vice-Presidential nominee Hobart .... Senator Peffer favors Gov. Holcomb of Nebraska and Tom Watson of Georgia as the Populist national ticket .... The Colorado silverites meet in convention at Denver and cheer for Teller — The Georgia Democrats declare for free silver.... Cyrus B. Watson of Forsythe is nominated for Governor by the Democrats of North Carolina .... Movement in favor of free silver at Cooper Union....J. Boller has his collar-bone broken and Sanger is injured at Peoria races....Carlisle says he never declared for McKinley .... Steamer Commoodre clears for Charleston.... Senator Morgan addresses an open letter to Whitney on the money question.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.

The Czar suffering from jaundice.... A financial crisis in British Guiana—Secrecy as to the transactions of the three governments in the Venezuelan boundary dispute....Persians causing trouble in Armenia—A bloody revolt in Van in which four hundred are killed.

At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Dispatches were also received from Boston, Louisville, New York, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Chicago, London, Denver, Washington, Helena, Mont.; Topeka, Cincinnati and other places.

Financial and Commercial—Page 12.

Wheat market transactions at Chicago small in volume .... The New York stock market displays a sagging tendency....Fruits at Chicago and New York....Kansas City and Chicago livestock markets....London financial market....New York money....Liverpool grain....Coast quotations.

WARM WORDS

Used by the Admirers of McKinley.

Cordial Congratulations Sent by Ex-Gov. Russell.

Theodore Roosevelt Drops into Prophecy.

National Republican League Tenders the Best Wishes of Its Two Million and Odd Members—No Let-up in the Pilgrimage to Canton.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CANTON (O.,) June 25.—Gov. McKinley's congratulations today included one from Theodore Roosevelt, from his summer home at Oyster Bay, as follows:

"My Dear Mr. President-to-be: As a rule I do not like to try prophecy, but I think it is safe to say New York will give you the largest majority by far that she has ever given a Presidential candidate."

Ex-Gov. Russell of Massachusetts says: "No man of all your admiring and living supporters more cordially and disinterestedly congratulates you and the country than I do. I am your sincere political opponent, but not less your cordial and sincere friend."

Ex-Secretary of the Interior John W. Noble writes: "Dear Major: Please accept my congratulations and my hope that you may be elected President. If we may redeem Missouri at the same time, it will be additional cause for thanks and praise. The party has justice with it, and is thrice armed."

The secretary of the National Republican League of the United States sent the following letter:

"Dear Mr. McKinley: Pursuant to a resolution unanimously adopted at a meeting of our Executive Committee in the city of St. Louis, I have the honor of tendering you the best wishes of the National Republican League, representing a volunteer army of working Republicans numbering more than two million members, many of whom will cast their first vote for McKinley and Hobart.

(Signed)

"M. J. DOWLING, Secretary."

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Foster wrote: "My Dear Governor: A little late, but none the less hearty are my congratulations. Your success is the most remarkable in many respects in our history. Everybody seems pleased and no one doubts the result."

Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island wrote: "Dear Governor: I congratulate you that you are to have the post of honor and responsible leadership in the great contest for protection and sound money. I believe the victory will be so emphatic that the policy we contend for will be accepted without question for a generation. I know how thoroughly your work will be a labor of love, and how well it will always be done."

Charles R. Douglass, son of the late Frederick Douglass, wrote extending his congratulations with promise of untiring support until the close of the polls on the day of election.

If Gov. McKinley decides to visit Roxbury, near Boston, with Mrs. McKinley, it will only be for a short time and for a rest. There has been no let-up in the constant pilgrimage to Canton and in the pouring of correspondence since the return to his home in January after the inauguration of Gov. Bushnell.

Gov. Bushnell will probably not be at Saturday's ratification meeting, but will likely come with the central Ohio demonstration next week.

Vice-Presidential Nominee Hobart will not leave his New Jersey home for Canton until after the formal notification ceremonies on next Monday. Ex-Gov. McKinley has always had the warmest admiration for Mr. Hobart, although they have never been intimate acquaintances.

The Sorosis Woman's reception to the ex-Governor's wife, Mother McKinley, and his sister, Miss Helen McKinley, at the home of the late Jacob Miller, will exclude all men but ex-Gov. McKinley and the newspaper men who have cards and credentials. There are cards or special invitations to women, but all are invited through the press.

The reception is to take place Friday afternoon, and is intended to thoroughly represent the women of Canton and Stark county.

At 5 o'clock this evening the Cleveland and Canton committees for the ratification meetings Saturday, decided upon the speakers for the occasion. The programme includes Congressman Taylor, Grosvenor, President Walcott of the Tippecanoe Club, Cleveland; Hon. James Hoyt, who was the candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor of Ohio, and one of the great orators of the West. The committee has also put ex-Gov. McKinley on the programme for an address, but it is not thought probable that he will attend the meeting, although he may respond to a call at his home later in the evening.

Telegrams this afternoon announced that a large delegation from Tuscarawas county will come on a special train to Canton, July 3; also that the Glass-workers' Association and other labor unions from Massillon will call on July 1. Youngstown telegraphed that a special train there would join the Cleveland ratification meeting.

Word comes from 500 lawyers from Pittsburgh and Allegheny county that they will come and shake hands with ex-Gov. McKinley next Tuesday, after which they will be the guests of the Canton Outing Club at Congress Lake, ten miles north of the city.

This afternoon's mail brought many messages of congratulation to Maj. McKinley.

Senator-elect J. B. Foraker said: "My heartiest congratulations on your triumphant nomination and assurance that you will be triumphantly elected."

F. W. Wheeler & Co. of West Bay City, Mich., wired: "We have launched the steel steamships Queen of the Lakes and Lagona, with the McKinley and Hobart flag flying. We never had so successful a launch since 1873."

Tom Ochiltree cabled congratulations and letters were received from Senator Sewell of New Jersey, Senator Pritchard of North Carolina, ex-Gov. Merriam of Minnesota, Congressman Charles A. Russell of Connecticut, and Mayor J. A. Caldwell of Cincinnati.

Among the callers at the McKinley home this afternoon were President Charles A. Morey of the Brooklyn McKinley League; G. A. Buckingham of Akron, ex-Gov. Sydney Edgerton, Lieut.-Col. W. P. Edgerton and Lieut. C. G. Freiberger of West Point, N. Y.; Thomas McDougal of Cincinnati, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Crittenden and D. Whitman of New York, Perry S. Heath and Mrs. W. P. Fuller of Cheyenne, Wyo.

CARLISLE DENIES IT.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Secretary Carlisle emphatically denied the statement attributed to him by H. H. Smith, ex-journal clerk of the House of Representatives, in an interview at Kalamazoo, Mich., yesterday. Smith stated that the Secretary told him last winter that if the Chicago convention declared for free silver he would support McKinley. Secretary Carlisle said he had not talked with Smith for two years, and added that the latter's statement was a gratuitous and malicious falsehood.

HANNA'S APPOINTMENTS.

CLEVELAND, June 25.—It was reported today that Chairman Hanna of the National Republican Executive Committee, had appointed Thomas Dolan of Pennsylvania, S. W. Allerton of Illinois, Gen. Alger of Michigan, Mr. Plunkett of Massachusetts, Senator Proctor of Vermont, Mr. Niedringhaus of Missouri, ex-Gov. Merriam of Minnesota and H. Clay Evans of Tennessee to positions on the committee, but the report was denied at Mr. Hanna's office, where it was stated that no appointments on this committee would be announced until after the visit of the notification committee to Canton.

It was further stated that no definite time had as yet been fixed for the informal visit of the members of the National Committee to the candidate's home.

"THE MOST UNKINDEST CUT OF ALL."

This Paper not to be taken from the Library.

Even the Populists will have none of the bolting Republicans.

IS HARD UP.

Troubles of an American Countess.

Anna Gould Castellane Wants More Money.

She Asks George Gould to Increase Her Allowance.

The Wife Controls the Family Purse. Count Castellane Schemes with a Tradesman to Increase His Income.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

NEW YORK, June 25.—(Special Dispatch.) The Recorder prints a story to the effect that the Castellanes of Paris are in need of more funds and that Countess Castellane, née Anna Gould, has sent a messenger to this country to negotiate with George Gould, the present arbiter of most of Jay Gould's millions, for an increase in the size of remittances. As none of the Goulds are in town the story remains undenied.

The following letter from a society woman in Paris to a New York friend is quoted: "The Castellanes took a great house, the house Marie Antoinette used to live in, and they fixed it up magnificently, and they gave great dinners and dances and all that, and it took a great deal of money. But this the Goulds could stand, for they wanted social recognition and were willing to pay for it.

But Anna had something of her father in her, and nobody said he was a fool, and before she married the count she made certain arrangements by which her fortune was to remain in this country. If she had taken it with her the laws of France would have given every cent of it to her husband. As long as it remains in this country, he can't touch it. Her income from her fortune is sent over to her by her brother, and this money the Count could claim. In some way or other, Anna managed the Count, however, and did not allow him any too much small change. So the Count thought out an elaborate scheme. He went into partnership with a tradesman. They doubled their prices for everything they sold to his Countess, and then gave him 50 per cent. of the extra price. In that way he managed to increase his income. Just recently Anna found herself in pretty hard straits, and so she has sent a French lawyer over to talk with George, and see if she can't get him to allow her more money."

A BLACK OUTLOOK.

FORT CHARLES SURROUNDED BY ARMED COLORED MEN.

The Native from His Native Wilds Has Gathered in a Wagon-train Cargo of Grub Intended for Gwelo—Likewise Ammunition.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

BULUWAYO, June 25.—(By African Cable.) It is officially announced that Fort Charles is surrounded by insurgents, and the wagons with food supplies for Gwelo have been stopped at Marendalla, which has been looted by the enemy, who secured 25,000 rounds of ammunition.

HAMMOND COMING HOME.

NEW YORK, June 25.—A dispatch to the World from Cape Town says John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer sentenced to death at Pretoria for treason to the Transvaal government, but finally liberated by the Boer government of a $125,000 fine, sailed from that port today for Europe.

AWFUL MASSACRES.

NEW YORK, June 26.—A World dispatch from Cape Town says awful massacres are reported near Salisbury, Matabeleland. Murder and looting are prevalent in the unprotected districts throughout the country. A British patrol has just had a desperate fight with rebel natives. Seven troopers were killed and four wounded. Capts. Bremer and Grahama were among the killed.

COLOR FIXINGS.

The New Method of Photographing is a Success.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, June 25.—The World this morning says:

"The World is led to announce that photography in colors is assured. James W. McDonough of Chicago and Prof. Joly of Dublin, who were attempting to secure patents, agreed that the successful one should pay the other a fee, and the capitalists in the undertaking would support the successful one. McDonough won after a contest. Ten days ago the Natural Color Photographing and Printing Company was incorporated at Richmond, Va., with a capital of $700,000, with the right to increase it to $5,000,000. S. D. Schuyler, head of the New York office of the Maxim Powder and Torpedo Company, and R. M. Dickerson, a wealthy lawyer, both of this city, are the backers of the company.

"Schuyler said: 'It is very unfortunate, indeed, that anything should be said now, but as the world has the facts, it is useless to deny the matter.'

"The process requires a specially-ruled screen and paper. A multi-colored screen ruled by very fine lines, formed of dots or small partices is employed. The screen is ruled with lines in these colors, about three hundred to the inch. This screen is placed in front and in close contact with an orthochromatic plate, which is then exposed in the camera to the object to be photographed. The ordinary black and white negative is thus obtained in lines corresponding to the screen in register. From this negative a positive is made in the ordinary way on glass or paper. If now the screen or a similarly-ruled one be laid on the positive and moved until the positive and screen are in register, the picture comes up in original colors."

A MISSION ATTACKED.

Surprising Incident in Connection with the Chinese Riots.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

LONDON, June 26.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The Daily News has a letter from Canton, China, this morning, giving an account of the attack upon the American mission at Kiang Yin on May 13 last. The News correspondent says a crowd gathered on account of the slander which had been disseminated that the missionaries were killing infants.

"Sure enough," the letter continues, "the body of a child was found beneath some dry leaves in the garden. The mandarin refused to protect the mission, and as the crowd was armed with poles, knives and sickles, the missionaries would certainly have been killed if they had not escaped over a wall to a fort on a hill near by."

LYMAN TRUMBULL DEAD.

A MAN OF WHOM HIS FELLOW-MEN THOUGHT WELL.

The Ex-Senator's Final Illness Due to a Cold Contracted While Attending a Funeral—Sketch of His Life and Work.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, June 25.—Ex-United States Senator Lyman Trumbull died at 3 o'clock this morning at his home in this city. He had been ill a long time, but rallied at intervals, causing hope that he might eventually recover. His last relapse, however, settled his fate in the mind of his physicians, and the end has been expected daily for the past week.

Trumbull was conscious just before he expired, but could scarcely recognize those about him. He was surrounded by his family and physicians. Death came like a quiet sleep. Trumbull's final sickness was the result of cold contracted while attending the funeral of ex-Gov. Koerner.

Judge Trumbull was born at Golchester, New London county, Ct., in 1813. A career like that of Lyman Trumbull comes to but few men. For more than sixty years his has been a life of ceaseless activity, and it is not hyperbole to say that in all these years his work has belonged to the nation. He has been a school-teacher, lawyer and judge. He has played his part in politics—on the stump, in the halls of Congress, in the deliberations of parties, and as a non-combatant councillor. In public life he has been one of those rare men who lead and teach political parties, yet are never bound by tradition or association to follow their party into its divergence from the lines laid down by their consciences.

In the beginning he was an anti-slavery Democrat. As a Republican, he fought side by side with the immortal Lincoln and the men who founded the Republican party of today. Then his party, as he thought, departed from its true mission and followed a line his conscience would not indorse. Resolutely he turned his back on his former associates and became a Democrat. In later years he parted company with that party. He took such a ground against the extension of the power of the United States courts that he became the hope of the Populists, and, in a sense, their counsellor. And all the time men of both parties respected him. His last appearance in a court-room was made as counsel for the American Railway Union officers before the Supreme Court of Washington.

Only once since then has he appeared in public, and that appearance gave added point to the claims of the Populists upon him. It was at a mass-meeting in Central Music Hall, where he spoke at length upon the causes of discontent among the industrial classes. He spoke of the encroachments of the Federal courts upon the constitutional rights of the people, and emphasized the point that deliverance from the oppression of privileged monopolies could only be had through the ballot. Judge Trumbull was twice married.

HOUSES SWEPT AWAY.

A Cloudburst Causes Havoc at Marietta, O.

MARIETTA (O.,) June 25.—A cloudburst took place last night which covered a wide area, and was the most destructive ever known here. Houses were swept away, stock drowned, and a number of persons narrowly escaped. In some streams the water rose twenty feet in ten minutes. The flood came almost as suddenly as the Johnstown flood. The crops are ruined on the Little Muskingum for twenty miles, and on many small tributaries of the Ohio above here. The loss will reach hundreds of thousands of dollars.

THE JAPANESE HORROR.

Twenty-Seven Thousand Drowned and Eight Thousand Injured.

YOKOHAMA, June 25.—(By Asiatic Cable.) It is now stated that 27,000 persons were drowned and 8000 injured by the recent tidal wave and earthquakes in the northern provinces of Japan.

Back to the White House.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle returned at 9:40 o'clock this morning from a trip down the Potomac.

A SWINDLER DEAD.

Edward A. Trask Overcome by Consumption and Holmes's Fate.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, June 25. — Edward A. Trask, who was sentenced from Chicago to the Joliet penitentiary in 1892 for eighteen years for his gigantic real estate swindles, is dead. He succumbed to consumption Tuesday night. Trask was notorious for the daring of his ventures. After he had been sentenced and was serving his term, his methods were called to mind again by the sensational arrest of the murderer Holmes. Trask and Holmes had been partners in several games for the fleecing of wealthy strangers in Chicago under the pretense of conducting a real estate sale. After Holmes's execution in Philadelphia, a few weeks ago, Trask fell into deep melancholy, and it is said he never smiled after hearing of his old companion's death.

Trask was 40 years old. He was born in a village near Joliet and passed most of his life in Manhattan, another village in the vicinity. Trask came of a good family, and his parents spent thousands of dollars trying to save him from disgrace.

Living on Grasses and Roots.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The National Armenian Relief Committee has received a cablegram from its agents in Eastern Turkey as follows: "Extreme need in Diarbekir, Harpool and adjacent regions. Funds almost exhausted; insignificant compared with the needs. Many people obliged to subsist on grasses and roots. We have brought them through the winter, and must leave them to perish. Appeal with great urgency."

Dixiana Yearlings Sold.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The Dixiana yearlings were sold at auction today at Sheepshead Bay. The more notable sales were: Ch. c. by Himyar-Jewel Ban, A. J. Joiner, $1325; b. c. by Himyar-Gossamer, H. Buckran, $1100; ch. c. by Himyar-Maria, L. D. Gideon, $850; Hampden, b. c. by Hanover-Attractive, W. M. Wallace, $800.

DAILY ASSURANCES.

Republicans of Western States Standing Up for McKinley.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CANTON (O.,) June 25.—Ex-Gov. McKinley is daily receiving assurances from Colorado and other Western States of the hearty support at the polls and assurances that there is no disaffection in that territory on account of the financial plank.

HELENA IN THE LEAD.

HELENA (Mont.,) June 25.—Thomas B. Miller of this city, a leading Republican, has just perfected an organization of the first McKinley and Hobart Club in the Northwest. The club starts off with a membership of 100, and Miller says within a week the club will have 500 members, and that in a month there will be associate clubs in every town in the State.

TO MEET AT TOPEKA.

TOPEKA (Kan.,) June 25.—The Republican State Central Committee today called the State Convention to meet at Topeka, August 12. There will be 352 delegates, and the convention will nominate a full State ticket.

CUSTER'S DEATH.

Six Thousand Sioux Celebrating a Great Event in Their History.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

OMAHA (Neb.,) June 25.—Six thousand Sioux, the remnant of the most powerful fighters of the American Indians, are today celebrating the great event in their war history—the twentieth anniversary of the destruction of Custer's command on the Little Big Horn, June 25, 1876. They are gathered at the scene of the terrible massacre, and though peaceable, are indulging in all the fantastic dances and ceremonies incident to their traditions. There will be another big celebration July 4.

Indicted for Manslaughter.

BUFFALO, June 25.—Edward P. Thayer of the firm of Hastings & Thayer agents for Brown & Company of New York, and William N. Luther, contractor, were today indicted by the grand jury for manslaughter in the second degree in connection with the collapse of the Bron building in this city a month ago when four people were killed and many injured.

Stanley's Condition Serious.

LONDON, June 25.—The Globe says the condition of Henry M. Stanley, M.P., the well-known explorer, is serious.

SHOTS FIRED.

A REVENUE CUTTER STOPS A SUSPICIOUS STEAMER.

The McLane Overhauls the Commodore—Suspected of Carrying Cuban Supplies—Released to Be Pursued Again—Spanish Senate Discusses American Relations.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

TAMPA (Fla.,) June 25.—The steamer Commodore cleared yesterday for Charleston. She was instructed not to sail without reporting to Capt. Thomas Hanks of the revenue cutter McLane. This afternoon the Commodore weighed anchor and went down the bay. The McLane signalled twice for her to stop. She did not do it, and the McLane fired a blank shot, but no answer. A second blank shot was then fired with a like result. A solid shot was then fired, and missed the Commodore by about seven feet. She stopped suddenly, and was boarded by the revenue men and found all right. She then went down the bay about five miles and was boarded by two sloops. When about twelve miles away the McLane gave chase, and the pursued and pursuer have not been heard from since.

The expedition was under Augustin Armas, one of the leaders of the ill-fated Bermuda expedition. The sloops loaded in this city with ammunition and supplies last night, but the men were prevented from boarding last night by the vigilance of the Spanish Consul.

REFUSED TO RENOUNCE.

MADRID, June 25.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The Senate, by a vote of 88 to 44, rejected the motion made by Senator Comas on Monday during the discussion of the Allianca incident providing for an amendment to the royal address demanding that the protocol of 1877 with the United States be renounced in view of the inequality of rights of Spanish and American citizens under present conditions.

THE WORLD'S MAN BANISHED.

HAVANA, June 25.—W. W. Gay, a correspondent of the New York World, was notified last night that he had been expelled from the island, and must leave Cuba by the first steamer. Gay will leave this city on Saturday.

BEEF EXPORTS.

Secretary Morton Issues an Order Postponing Requirements.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The Secretary of Agriculture has issued an order postponing the requirement of certificates on exported beef until March 15, 1897. This revokes all previous conflicting orders. Secretary Morton says:

"The greater part of the exported beef is now inspected, and will be certified and any government desiring to secure inspected beef exclusively may do so by making the proper regulations. It is not, however, deemed practicable to exclude from exportation to countries which gladly accept the beef which the retail butchers find unsalable because it is cut from inferior portions of the carcass. Much of this beef has been inspected, but there is no way of identifying it after the carcass has been cut. As a considerable number of companies collect these special cuts from the retailers, and pack them for exportation, to enforce the statute as it stands would destroy their business.

"An amendment to the law which will avoid this undesirable result has been favorably reported from the proper committee in each branch of Congress, and I deem it my duty to postpone the order requiring the certificates until the subject has been duly considered and acted upon by the law-making power of the government."

Death of a Southern General.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Gustave W. Smith, major-general of the Southern army during the civil war is dead. He was born in Kentucky in 1821, graduated at West Point in 1842. He served with Scott in Mexico. He was Street Commissioner of New York when Fernando Wood was Mayor. He was in command of the Southern forces at the battle of Fair Oaks.

TUPPER'S DEFEAT.

It Has an Important Bearing on This Country's Interests.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

MINNEAPOLIS (Minn.,) June 25.—A special to the Tribune from Winnipeg, Manitoba, says:

"The defeat of the Tupper government, whose platform was the re-establishment of Catholic parochial schools in Manitoba, has come. The wildest enthusiasm prevailed in Western Canada and no such wild scenes have ever been witnessed here.

"While the Liberals are sanguine of electing sufficient members of the Dominion Parliament to block the government-school measure, they never dared hope of completely ousting the Tupper government as they have done. The Liberals, for the first time in nearly twenty years, have won, and are overjoyed at Laureler's success, while Conservatives, to whom the disaster was altogether unexpected, are in a dazed condition. The Liberal organ now emphatically declares that Manitoba's national school system is absolutely safe from interference. However, Conservatives are quite as positive that now that Laurier, who is a Frenchman and a Roman Catholic, has come into power, he will demand that Catholic schools be restored.

"There will be a great deal of anxiety until it is discovered what Laurier's policy in this respect will be. All are agreed, however, that one of his first moves will be to treat with Washington for reciprocity of trade between Canada and the States, and the result of the Liberal victory in Canada will be fraught with the most important results to the business interests of Uncle Samuel."

RAILROAD BUILDING.

Where the New Mileage of the Year Went to.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, June 25.—The records of railroad building in 1896, to be published in the Railroad Gazette on June 26, show that 717 miles of road have been built in the first half of the year. The new tracks built in the first half of the year for seven years past is as follows: 1896, 717; 1895, 620; 1894, 490; 1893, 1025; 1892, 1284; 1891, 1704; 1890, 2055.

Much of the largest mileage credited to any one company of the total given for the six months, is that built by the Kansas City, Pittsburgh and Gulf, nearly 140 miles in Arkansas, Texas and Indian Territory. The second longest line was built by the San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley road, fifty-five miles in California.

The detailed statement of the new mileage by States shows that California built 102 miles of road. The second State as to the amount of new mileage built was Arkansas, with seventy-seven miles. Only four other States and one Territory built as much as forty miles of new road. These were Florida, with fifty miles; Georgia, with forty-five; Ohio, with forty-four; Michigan, forty, and Indian Territory with about forty miles.

Holt's Heirs-at-Law Win.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—After a trial lasting six weeks, the famous Holt will case came to an end tonight. The jury, after being out three hours, returned a verdict giving it as their opinion that the deceased had not written and executed the alleged will bearing the date of February 7, 1873. The result of the verdict is to give the estate to the heirs-at-law.

NO PIE-COUNTER FOR SILVERITES.

But it Seems Cause for Rejoicing.

The Colorado White-metal People Gather at Denver.

Teller's Name Provokes an Outburst of Enthusiasm.

Peffer Disposed to Keep the Populist Party from Indorsing the Bolter. Ex-Gov. Francis Pronounces for Bland—Gossip.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

DENVER, June 25.—The State silver convention was called to order at 11:15 o'clock by I. N. Stevens, member of the National Silver Committee. There were 710 delegates. Prayer was offered by Rev. Thomas Uzzell, who asked a blessing "on this convention, on the coming silver convention at St. Louis, and especially on the convention that is to meet at Chicago."

Stevens congratulated the counties on sending to Denver delegates to a meeting "at which there was no pie-counter in sight." He expressed the hope that the Chicago convention would nominate a man whose position on silver was unequivocal and suggested Teller as the ideal candidate. The mention of Teller set the convention wild and the enthusiasm continued over the names of Sibley, Bland, Blackburn, Morgan and southern free-silver Senators.

The convention selected H. A. W. Tabor as temporary chairman. After appointing committees, the convention took a recess until 2 o'clock. The convention will send Teller delegates to St. Louis.

At the afternoon session, Hon. Platt Wicks of Pueblo was chosen permanent chairman. The feature of the afternoon was an address by ex-Congressman Lafe Pence, who paid a tribute to Senator Teller and his western followers who bolted the National Republican Convention. Delegates to the national silver convention, to be held at St. Louis, July 22, were chosen.

The convention adjourned with three cheers for Teller, after adopting the following platform:

"First—That the paramount issue at this time in the United States is undoubtedly the money question. It is between the gold standard, gold bonds and bank currency on the one side, and the bimetallic standard, no bonds and government currency on the other.

"Second—That on this issue we declare ourselves to be in favor of a distinctively American financial system. We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard and demand the immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver by the restoration by the government independently of any foreign power of the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver into standard money, at the ratio of 16 to 1, and upon terms of exact equality as they existed prior to 1873; the silver coin to be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts and dues, private and public.

"Third—That to our senior Senator and fellow-citizen, the Hon. Henry M. Teller, we accord all honor and admiration for his personal worth and high character, and speak of him as thousands of us have known him to have been from his early vigorous manhood to his present ripened years. Throughout his long official life he has always been found at the post of duty, doing battle for the masses of the people. Especially do we honor him and his associate delegates for their heroic action in following their convictions in abandoning the late St. Louis convention, amid reproaches, gibes and jeers of many of the remaining delegates.

"Fourth—That recognizing in Senator Teller the most eminent qualities and fitness for any public station in the gift of the people, we present him to the State and nation as a candidate for the Presidency, to lead the great bimetallic host in the present emergency, because he is the most conspicuous advocate and defender of the faith in the entire republic.

"Fifth—That should some advocate and steadfast friend of free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold, at the ratio of 16 to 1, other than Senator Teller, be nominated for President, we pledge our hearty and unanimous support to that candidate.

"Sixth—That should Senator Teller not be nominated for President the people of this State, with unanimity with scarce a parallel in any constituency, will continue him as a Senator of the United States from Colorado.

"Seventh—That we therefore confidently appeal to the people of the United States to leave in abeyance for the moment all other questions, however important, and even momentous they may seem, to sunder if need be, all former party ties and affiliations, and unite in one supreme effort to free themselves and their children from the domination of the money power—a power more destructive than any which has ever been fastened upon the civilized men of any race or in any age. And upon the consummation of our desires and efforts, we invoke the gracious favor of divine providence.

"Eighth—That the foregoing is submitted to the end, in the language of the great Lincoln, that 'this government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the face of the earth.'"

TELLER'S FRIENDS ENCOURAGED.

DENVER (Colo.,) June 25.—The friends of Senator Teller who have been advocating his candidacy on a silver-ticket for President of the United States are feeling very much encouraged by the reception the boom started at St. Louis immediately after the bolt of the Western delegates has had in the West and South. It is announced that Teller's name will be positively presented to the Chicago convention, and it is hoped the strength he will show on the initial ballot will stampede the convention to him.

Teller's nomination will come from the South where, it is claimed, he is particularly strong, not only on account of his record as a silver leader, but also because of his vote against the Force Bill and his well-known opposition to more radical actions of the Republican party on the tariff question.

The friends of Teller say that the indorsement of the Populist party is assured for him if the Democrats make him their candidate, and that this would not be possible should a straight-out Democrat be chosen.

HARTMAN'S BACK TURNED.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 25.—A special to the Tribune from Butte says that the greatest ovation ever accorded a citizen of Montana was that given Congressman Hartman, who arrived from St. Louis today. He was met at the depot by thousands of people and a brass band, and after he entered a carriage, the horses were unhitched and a rope attached to the vehicle. Several hundred enthusiastic silver men from all parties pulled the carriage a mile up the hill to the city. The city went wild. Buildings were decorated and people with brass bands paraded the city all day. This evening Hartman addressed 5000 people and explained in detail the St. Louis bolt. He said he had turned his back on the national Republican organization until it again represented the people.

A ZEPHYR FROM PEFFER.

WASHINGTON, June 25. — Senator Peffer, before leaving here for home today expressed the opinion that Teller would not be nominated by the Democrats, and declared that the Populists should nominate an independent ticket.

Before starting for home Peffer said, concerning the Populist attitude on the Presidential question:

"The recent pronunciamento of a Populist gentlemen at St. Louis, urging the Democratic convention to nominate Mr. Teller, was, in my judgment, an impertinence, and it was treacherous, so far as it attempted to speak for the Populist party as a whole. These gentlemen spoke without authority from the Populist party as a whole, and I don't believe the party will sustain them. They had not conferred with the party, and had been given no permission to speak for it. Personally I have a high regard for Mr. Teller but I have no idea that the old party spirit of the Democratic organization will be so far advanced by his nomination. In any event I do not think existing conditions warrant Populist indorsement of the Democratic Presidential ticket, even though the nominee is for free silver and the platform contains a positive free-silver declaration. I regard the integrity and perpetuity of the Populist party as essential to carrying out the plan of reforms we have espoused. The money question is but one of these.

"While the Democratic convention doubtless will be for free silver, yet it will not be expressive of those other great questions of land tenure and of labor which the Populist party regards as vital. I had hoped that there might be some amalgamation of Democrats, Populists, silver men and all others in a new declaration of principles, and, if need be, a new name. But the time for that has gone by, and all that remains is for the Populist party to maintain its integrity by nominating its own candidate on its own platform.

"Concerning the Populist candidates, I personally favor the nomination of Gov. Holcomb of Nebraska for first place on the ticket, and I have considered Nugent of Texas as the strongest man for second place, up to the time of his death. Under the circumstances, Tom Watson of Georgia is the best available man. This combines the West and the South, the two sections to which we look for results."

THINKS IT WILL BE BLAND.

KANSAS CITY, June 25.—Ex.-Gov. David R. Francis came to Kansas City today on a business trip. When asked what he thought of the chances of Democratic success this fall, he said:

"The chances are very good. I think the Democrats will carry the country and particularly the West. Why? Partly because the Republican ticket and platform is weak. They have declared for gold monometallism and for a high tariff, and the people don't want them."

"Whom will the Democrats nominate for President?"

"Bland stands the best chance now. I think his chances for the nomination are very good."

SHIVELEY'S BIG MAJORITY.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 25.—At the Indiana Democratic State Convention yesterday Hon. Benjamin Shively of St. Joseph county, who was nominated for Governor, received 1643 out of a total of 1744. Ex-Congressman Cooper, the candidate of the gold-standard men, received the remaining 101 votes.

AN OPEN LETTER.

Senator Morgan Replies to a Communication from Whitney.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Senator John T. Morgan of Alabama has addressed an open letter on the silver question to the Hon. William C. Whitney, in response to the latter's communication of June 21.

After saying that Mr. Whitney's letter is "entitled to the sincere respect which it receives from the whole people," Senator Morgan discusses somewhat the question of an international agreement, and says: "It seems to be a very vague and distant hope that Great Britain will ever yield to European or American State a real participation in her financial policy by treaty agreements."

Senator Morgan assumed that no American statesman can frame such a plan as her government will ever consent to adopt or can agree to, under the Constitution, and makes the friendly challenge to Mr. Whitney to state the plan "which you would advise the Democrats to accept as a basis, at least for an international agreement." The Senator concludes as follows: "As you seem to agree with the Democracy of the South and West that silver should be remonetized, I respectfully submit to your candid judgment whether this restoration of the rights of our people is not more justly to be expected from the action and power of our own government that has never failed in such an effort than rfom Great Britain or any commercial nation or European power, who will do nothing of the kind except upon the inducement of some selfish motive."

TILLMAN TALKS.

First Organized Movement at New York for Free Silver.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, June 25.—The first organized movement in favor of free silver in this city was inaugurated tonight at Cooper Union, and the hall held a vast assemblage. The meeting was under the auspices of the American Silver Organization, which has for its sponsors the "Young Democracy," better known as ex-Sheriff James O'Brien's followers.

Senator Ben Tillman of South Carolina, the chief speaker, received an ovation as he walked upon the platform and took a halt under an ancient painting of Horace Greeley. The meeting was called to order by George P. Keeney, the official general organizer, who called attention to the presence of Senator Tillman. The mention of the Senator's name set the audience to aplauding again, and it cheered vigorously. Senator Bixbie of the "State Democracy" and Alexander Delmar made brief speeches, after which Tillman was introduced. He was again loudly cheered and began his speech with a bitter attack on the press of New York.

In continuing, he said, in part: "Some of you have perhaps formed your opinions about me. I have also formed mine about you. You are the most ignorant and benighted community in the United States, and your newspapers, on which you alone depend for your news and knowledge of public men and public affairs, have studiously kept you hidebound and narrow by giving you only one side of this question. Right here let me say that you are the biggest newspaper gluttons I ever saw in my life. I have seen the time when I would vote for any man at his bidding, idiot or thief, but I have got above that. Though I appear here as a Democrat, I appear here also in the higher role of an American."

He sarcastically reviewed the present history and legislation since Cleveland was first elected President, making bitter attacks on him. He then declared that the currency fight was a sectional one, adding that bimetallism is national, while "gold-buggery" is sectional.

"You are driving us to the alternative of repudiation or confiscation," he declared. "This is why I am glad to come here and carry the war into Africa, for this is the head center of the devilment. That is why I come to New York, within a mile of Wall street, where you are surrounded by millionaires, where you belong to them as slaves, and ask you to rise in your majesty and throw off this yoke. But I tell you right now we are not calculating on your doing it. But we do not expect your help and our planning is to beat you at the polls in spite of your money."

He compared the wealth of the East with that of the West and South, and added: "The South and West cultivates corn and wheat. The eastern man chiefly cultivates bonds."

He said the millions in New York coffers had been stolen from the rank and file; that the money was congested in the coffers of Wall street, and that that was why the men of the South and West complained.

At the conclusion of the speech free-silver resolutions were introduced, and William P. St. John was delegated to go to the Democratic and Populist conventions to press them upon the delegates. A call for a silver convention in St. Louis, July 22, to nominate or indorse a Presidential candidate, was read, closing the meeting.

NORTH CAROLINA DEMOCRATS.

Cyrus B. Watson of Forsythe for Governor—Free Silver.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

RALEIGH (N. C.,) June 25.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order by State Chairman Pau. Theodore Klutz was chosen temporary chairman and made a speech. The convention took a recess until 2:30 o'clock.

When the convention reassembled in the afternoon there was a long wait on the Committee on Platform, during which there were numerous speeches. Finally, the committee made its report. The plank relating to financial affairs is as follows:

"The Constitution of the United States recognizes both gold and silver as the primary redemption money of these States and, in the words of the national Democratic platform of 1894, 'We believe in honest money, the gold and silver coinage of the Constitution, and a circulating medium convertible into such money without loss.'

"We favor, independently of other nations, the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold without discrimination against either, at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, and we condemn the system which, in a time of peace, with millions of silver bullion lying idle in the treasury, has forced the government within the short period of two years, to issue $262,000,000 of bonds, entailing this enormous debt upon the people in order to maintain its credit upon a single standard and a gold basis."

The platform instructs the delegates to Chicago, both as to platform and candidates, to advocate and vote as a unit, unflinchingly and at all hazards for the restoration of silver and to use all their efforts to abrogate the two-thirds rule if necessary to secure the nomination of a candidate in complete, in hearty and in known accord with the principles herein enunciated by us.

After the committee offered its report Col. Paul B. Means of Cabaraus precipitated the financial situation by offering a straight gold-standard amendment for the silver section. He was howled down, but at last the convention quieted enough to hear him. But when he mentioned President Cleveland as "my ideal man of all the world" there was a storm of hisses and yells of derision. He was called down time and again, but at last succeeded in getting a vote. The gold plank was lost by a vote of 875 to 31.

Tonight Cyrus B. Watson of Forsythe was nominated for Governor and Thomas W. Mason of Northampton for Lieutenant-Governor.

ANOTHER SILVER CREW.

One Lone Gold Delegate Causes a Flurry at Macon.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

MACON (Ga.,) June 25.—The Democratic convention of Georgia has met and adjourned. It was probably the most expeditious work ever done in this State by a convention of such importance. The convention met at noon and adjourned at 4 o'clock, having gone through all the routine within four hours.

The convention was called to order by Steve Clay, the chairman of the State Committee. The convention hall was crowded from floor to ceiling. The day was the hottest so far this year, and the temperature of the house was up to the top notch. Fortunately there was no excitement, and everything passed off like the ticking of a clock. After addresses of welcome from local representatives, Clarence Wilson of Fort Gaines was elected temporary chairman.

After the appointment of a Credentials Committee, whose work was confined to the seating of three contesting delegation, Steve Clay was made permanent chairman. The Committee on Resolutions and Platform having been appointed, the convention went into the nomination of a Governor and State officers.

W. Y. Atkinson was renominated for Governor by acclammation, and all the other State officers were renominated, with the exception of the State Treasurer, in whose place W. J. Sheer was named. The delegates-at-large from the State are Evan Howell, Patrick Walsh, Pope Brown and H. T. Lewis.

The financial plank of the platform is as follows:

"Resolved, that Congress has no power to discriminate at the mints against either gold or silver as metals for the coinage of primary money or against gold or silver coin of the United States as to their debt-paying functions—such discrimination depriving the citizens of the United States of one kind of standard money provided by the Constitution for the payment of debts, and we demand the repeal of all laws or parts of laws making such discriminations, and the restoration of the standard silver dollar to the rank of primary money which it held prior to 1873—by opening the mints to the coinage of silver on a perfect equality with gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"Resolved, that we condemn a financial policy which necessitates the increase of the bonded debt of the country to maintain an unnecessary gold reserve to pay the current expenses of the government. We also condemn a policy which seeks to retire the United States and treasury notes, as they constitute an absolutely safe circulating medium based on gold and silver coin, and backed by the entire wealth of the country. Such a policy would not only intensify the present evil of contraction, but place the exclusive right to issue a circulating medium in the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and will of the people—and foster the federal doctrine of centralization and class government through financial control, a doctrine which is a standing menace to our republican institutions and the liberties of the people, and we demand the repeal of laws which clothe a Secretary of the Treasury with the more than imperial power to issue bonds and increase public debt at his will and pleasure without specific authority from Congress.

"Resolved, that we favor the payment of the public debt as rapidly as practicable. All moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of government economically administered should be honestly applied to such payment; when the obligations of the government expressly state on their face, or the law under which they were issued provides, that they are payable in coin, such obligations should be paid in gold or silver coin at the convenience of the government, and not at the option of the holder of the obligations."

The only flurry in the convention arose over the selection of a gold-standard Democrat as a delegate to Chicago. The delegate received an overwhelming majority in his district caucus, but a minority report was brought in, based on the resolution adopted at the free-silver caucus last night to the effect that none but true and tried silver men would be allowed to go from this convention or from any district.

Speeches that threatened a break were made on both sides, but the counsels of the conservative element prevailed, and the gold-standard man was sent rather than break into the right of each district to name its own delegates.

The fact that the unit rule will prevail in all matters coming up at Chicago prevents any fear of a break of the free-silver delegates at the national convention.

TOOK NUMEROUS BALLOTS.

SANFORD (Fla.,) June 25.—The Second Congress District Convention nominated Judge W. R. Davis (silverite) as Democratic candidate for Congress on the one hundred and fifty-second ballot. The convention adopted a resolution favoring free silver at 16 to 1, independent of any other nation.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

A St. Johns, N. B., dispatch says Sir Leonard Tilley died yesterday morning.

The Superior Court at Montreal rendered a decision yesterday upholding the secrecy of the confessional.

A Leavenworth, Kan., dispatch says Capt. William Mathias died there yesterday, aged 73. Capt. Mathias was one of the most prominent lawyers and politicians in Kansas.

A Washington dispatch says Col. A. G. Brackett, U.S.A., retired, died at his residence in that city yesterday, after a three-years' illness, of paralysis. He was 69 years of age.

A Cuyahoga Falls, O., dispatch says that upon application of Erskine L. Babcock and the Akron Belting Company, J. A. Long has been appointed receiver of the Falls Rivet Machine Company. The company has an indebtedness of $540,000, with assets estimated at $615,000.

A Helena, Mont., dispatch says the ownership of the Helena Independent has changed hands. A. W. Lyman has sold a controling interest to George W. Graham, the business manager. W. G. Eggleston, formerly of the Chicago Herald, assumes editorial charge on Monday. The paper will advocate the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

The funeral services of Benjamin Bristow, Secretary of the Treasury in President Grant's second term, were held yesterday in the Brick Church (Presbyterian) at New York, Rev. Dr. Vandyke officiating. The pall-bearers were Clarence Seward, Joseph Laroque, Joseph H. Choate, Charles Lanier, Justice Patterson, O. D. Munn, John C. Latham and H. H. Anderson.

A London newspaper announces that Cornelius Herz will sail from Southampton for New York with his family in a few days. It was only in May that the authorities of Great Britain finally determined to refuse the requests of the French government for the extradition of Dr. Herz for complicity in the Panama scandal, after he had been under the surveillance of the authorities on a sick bed for over three years.

A dispatch to the London Times from Paris says the Duc de Nemoure died at Versailles Thursday. Louis Charles Philippe Raphael d'Orleans, Duc de Nemoure, one of the Orleans princes, was the second son of King Louis Philippe, and was born in Paris in 1814. He was elected King of the Belgians in 1831, but his royal father declined this offer of the National Congress on his behalf, as he did also at a later period a similar offer of the crown of Greece.

A St. Louis dispatch says that in the presence of some two hundred phominent citizens of St. Louis, the long-distance telephone which connects that city with the East, North and South, was inaugurated Wednesday. From the directors' room in the Merchants' Exchange building messages go over wires to New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, Memphis, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Louisville and other cities. Conversations were carried on satisfactorily and more generally than expected.

Can Be Deported.

WASHINGTON, June 25. — Judge Reeves, solicitor of the treasury, decided today that the five Japanese women recently brought to the United States from Yokohama for purposes of prostitution, could be deported at the expense of the United States. The women were detained at Port Townsend, Wash., on their arrival there. The general immigration laws prohibit the entry of such women, but make no provision for their deportation. The case was referred to Washington by the collector at Port Townsend.

Jurors to Be Examined.

NEWPORT (Ky.,) June 25.—In the Circuit Court today Col. Washington argued before Judge Helm a motion for a new trial for Alonzo M. Walling, convicted of the murder of Pearl Bryan. The chief grounds were that Jurors Miles and Ware had expressed opinions during the Scott Jackson trial that both Jackson and Walling were guilty and should be hanged. These jurors and the witnesses against them will appear before Judge Helm next Monday.

Captured the Sheriff's Slayers.

ARLINGTON (Minn.,) June 25.—The two tramps who murdered Sheriff Rogers last night were caught this afternoon in a swamp. Two hundred and fifty men surrounded them. The two tramps were taken to Glenco, Minn., where they were lodged in jail. There has been talk of lynching them tonight.

Three New Battleships.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The Navy Department has issued advertisements calling for proposals for constructing three battleships of about 11,000 tons displacement. The bids are required to be submitted by Monday, September 14. The features of the new ships have been made public already.

The Uruguayan Loan.

NEW YORK, June 25.—A special cablegram from London to the Evening Post announces that the Uruguayan loan is announced. The amount is £1,667,000, and the issue 5 per cent. The price of the issue is 71½.

A Los Angeles Man Honored.

BOSTON, June 25.—(Special Dispatch.) D. C. Cook of Los Angeles was elected one of the vice-presidents of the Internation..l Sunday-schol convention tonight.

Gold Withdrawals.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The gold withdrawals today amounted to $149,400, leaving the true amount of the gold reserve $101,940,339.

The Czar Jaundiced.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 25.—The Czar is suffering from jaundice.

The St. Louis Platform.

(Toledo Blade:) The platform adopted by the St. Louis convention today is clear-cut and courageous. It is frank and plain, as Republican national platforms have always been. It explains itself to every voter. It needs no diagram. It is as explicit as could be framed out of the English language. Moreover, it appeals to the patriotism, the Americanism and the common business sense of the people. Its statements so far as the past are concerned are matters of history and cannot be refuted. Its promises for the future will be fulfilled, for the Republican party redeems its pledges.

His Last Offense.

(Washington Times:) The fool-killer. How's business? Cobbler. Oh, it's mending. (Then he pegged out.)

[COAST RECORD.]

HE WAS DEAD TO THE WORLD.

A Forestville Boy's Jaw Wouldn't Work.

Strange Experience of One Who Was Knocked Out.

He Thought He Would Surely Be Buried Alive.

High Rates of Re-insurance Asked on Overdue Vessels—Attempt of a German to Commit Suicide. Supreme Court Moves.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

SANTA ROSA, June 25.—(Special Dispatch.) There is one Sonoma county youth who will not essay the manly art again very soon. He is Bud Work of Forestville, and he is 16 years old. With a companion named Jewett he was having a very lively boxing bout. A number of rounds were fought, when by a clever swing, Jewett struck Work on the jaw, knocking him out. He lay unconscious for a long time. The doctor, who pronounced his case hopeless, worked over him a long time, but the young man was speechless and could not move a muscle. After a few hours he sat up in bed, but could not utter a sound. Then it was discovered that he had been stricken with lockjaw or something like it.

Next day his jaws opened suddenly, and then he told his relatives that he had not been rendered insensible by the heavy blow, for, he said, he knew all that was going on around him. He heard the doctor pronounce his case hopeless, and when the thought occurred to him that he would probably be buried alive he suffered great mental agony.

Tuesday, however, his jaws closed again, and he was unable to speak for a long time. His mouth opened again Wednesday, and he is now reported as being in a fair way to recover. Jewett the young man who was boxing with Work, has also announced his intention of retiring permanently from the ring.

YELLOWSTONE PARK.

Commissioner Lamoreaux Opposed to Changing Its Boundaries.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—S. W. Lamoreaux, Commissioner of the General Land Office at Washington, D. C., accompanied by his family and a party of friends, arrived in this city last night. He is making an official tour of the Western States on business connected with his department.

"While in Helena, I met the Mineral Land Commissioners of Montana, who classify the railroad lands," he said. "I also spent a week in the Yellowstone National Park, which, being under our department, I was anxious to visit. As a result of my visit there I will have something to say on the question of cutting off the northeast corner of the park, when I get back to Washington. That question has been before Congress and before our department for a long time. There was a bill before Congress at the recent session with that object in view. The idea is to enable a railroad to build through what is now a part of the reservation.

"The members of the Montana delegation were anxious for me to visit the locality, and assured me that I would be able to find no objection to the proposed change of boundary. Well, I rode into the northeast corner of the park on horseback—it was too rough for a vehicle—and I discovered that the Montana delegation did not know what it was talking about. None of its members had ever visited that section of the country. The proposition is to move the boundary line from the top of the mountain to the base of the mountain. I discovered that the side of the mountain is covered with forest, and shelters all the game that is to be found in the park. All the elk and antelope seek these mountain slopes in rough weather, and in summer work down into the beautiful valley below. If we fixed the stream at the base of the mountain as the dividing line we would drive all the game out of the park, and I have accordingly determined to report adversely on the proposition.

"No railroad company has been organized to build the proposed line along the mountain-side, but I understand that a hundred men of wealth stand ready to jump in and bid for the concession, should the boundary of the park be modified in the manner proposed. Such a railroad would be a big money-making enterprise, but I do not think all the game in the Yellowstone Park should be sacrificed for the benefit of a railroad corporation."

Commissioner Lamoreaux and party will leave for Los Angeles tomorrow afternoon.

NOT PARTICULARLY ENJOYABLE.

"Lucky" Puts in a Hard Day on the Stand.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—E. J. Baldwin was on the witness stand today, and for several hours did not have a particularly enjoyable time as the plaintiff's counsel, upon cross-examination, probed into the millionaire horseman's private life, and used his best endeavor to release the defendant's family skeletons from their closets.

Baldwin denied most emphatically that he ever offered or promised to adopt the plaintiff legally or in any other way, either orally or in writing. He denied that the scene alleged to have occurred at the Boston depot was enacted there, but admitted that upon bidding the fair Lillian adieu he drew her up to him with the intention of kissing her, but, as she demurred, he did not insist.

His version of the scene at the Baldwin Hotel upon the night of Miss Ashley's arrival from the East was totally at variance with that related so dramatically by the plaintiff. Baldwin said he had been married four times and divorced once.

Attorney Crittenden compelled the defendant to reiterate every detail of the scene in Miss Ashley's room at the Baldwin Hotel. Then the visit in Coronado was gone into and Attorney Crittenden compelled the defendant to admit that he had deliberately gone to a respectable hotel and falsely registered with the express purpose of acting dishonestly.

He was also compelled to admit that, although 66 years of age, and the proprietor of one of the largest hotels in this city, he had deliberately violated the rules of another establishment. He admitted that, to the best of his recollection, he had introduced Miss Ashley to E. S. Babcock, the proprietor of the Coronado Hotel, as his daughter.

The defendant stated that he did not intend to take Miss Ashley to Coronado, but upon going to the train found her awaiting him on the cars. He was then asked if that was the case to explain what he meant by writing to the plaintiff that he would take her to San Diego, prior to March, 1893. He denied that he had done so, but was confronted with one of his letters to her, and admitted that he had written to that effect.

FAIR'S LAWFUL WIDOW.

Mrs. Nettie Craven Causes Another Sensation in the Case.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Mrs. Nettie Craven created another sensation in the Fair will contest when she swore in court tonight that she was the lawful widow of the late Senator Fair. Mrs. Craven appeared in court at the instance of the attorneys for the Fair children, who wished her to be compelled to produce all papers in her possession relating to the Fair estate, in addition to the deeds to $500,000 worth of property which she filed for record a few days ago.

Mrs. Craven told her story tonight reluctantly, and it had to be dragged out by questions from the attorneys. She said that on the night of May 23, 1892, at her house, No. 823 Sutter street she was married to Senator Fair by contract. The contract was drawn up by herself in the presence of Senator Fair and a witness, who will appear to testify at the proper time. She had kept the marriage secret to avoid notoriety and to please Senator Fair, who feared the complaints of his children.

Shortly after the marriage Senator Fair went to Yuma for his health. She did not go with him, and their honeymoon was spent at her house. Mrs. Craven was ordered to produce the marriage contract in court tomorrow night, and promised to do so.

CALIFORNIA'S CONGRESSMEN.

They Are Given a Reception at San Francisco.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—A reception was given to the California Congress delegation by the Chamber of Commerce today. The delegation was represented by Senator Perkins, Congressmen Barham, Maguire, Loud and Hilborn. A letter was received from Senator White expressing his regrets at his inability to be present. President Hugh Craig extended a welcome to the guests, thanking them on behalf of the chamber for the work they had done for California. He said that in twenty years San Francisco had contributed to the United States treasury $158,000,000, and since 1874 had only received $75,000 in appropriations.

Speeches were demanded from the delegation. Mr. Barham said the completion of the Nicaragua Canal meant that New York would be the center of commerce, and that San Francisco would be a second New York. Senator Perkins thought such good work had been done by the representatives that they should all be sent back again, even Judge Maguire, a Democrat. Resolutions of thanks were tendered to the delegates and Senator Morgan of Alabama, for their efforts in behalf of California.

Extra-hazardous Risks.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—High rates of reinsurance are quoted on a number of English and American ships bound for this port. The list of overdue vessels is as follows: City of Philadelphia, New York for San Francisco, oue 145 days; Santa Clara, same, 132 days; bark Undaunted, Baltimore for San Francisco, 158 days (spoken June 6;) British ship Cedarbank, Antwerp for San Francisco, out 161 days; British ship Jordanhill, Liverpool for San Francisco, 154 days. In addition to these, reinsurance is offered today on several other vessels.

The Postal Must Pay.

OAKLAND, June 25.—County Assessor Dalton will make the Pacific Postal Telegraph Company pay its taxes like an ordinary individual, or he is going to seize and sell its telegraph lines in this county. The County Assessor served personal notice upon the company this afternoon to this effect, and will give it until Saturday at 4 o'clock to pay the taxes or be sold out. The amount of the tax is $322.

A German Attempts Suicide.

SACRAMENTO, June 25.—Henry Newhaus, a well-known German citizen who has held a responsible position in a wholesale grocery for many years, attempted suicide today by swallowing three ounces of chloroform. The doctors, after several hours of hard work, saved his life. He had quarreled with his wife, who left him last night.

The Graceful Pampas Plume.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Mrs. H. W. R. Strong of Whittier, Los Angeles county, has a letter from M. A. Hanna, chairman of the Republican National Committee recommending the use of California pampas plumes in red, white and blue for parades and decorations during the campaign.

The Supreme Court Moves.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—The Supreme Court today moved into its new quarters on the top floor of the big Emporium building on Market street. The court has twenty-eight rooms at its disposal at a rental of $600 a month for twenty years.

Outlaw Leverone Captured.

MADERA, June 25.—A telegram has been received here by Sheriff Westfall that the outlaw Leverone has been captured at Red Bluff, Tehama county, by Sheriff Bogard of that place. Westfall leaves in the morning to bring him here.

He Need not Walk.

(Sketch:) The German Emperor has 350 carriages in his stables in Berlin. Of these 100 are for the use of his suite. The broughams, victorias and landaus used by the Emperor and by the members of the royal family are all painted alike, and are never used by any one else.

DRIVING OUT THE BLOODY TURK

Persians Operating in Armenia.

Van Witnesses Another Chapter of Horrors.

Four Hundred People Killed in an Outbreak.

Druses Have Received Bedouin Support—Diplomatic Pressure Brought Upon the Porte—Shameful Sights Seen by an Officer.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 25.—(Special Dispatch.) Another sanguinary outbreak occurred at Van yesterday, and 400 were killed. Persians are promoting disturbances and fomenting revolt throughout Armenia. The Druses have now received Bedouin support, and are driving out the Turks. Diplomatic pressure is being brought to bear on the Porte, increasing the chances of peace.

The following statement has been received from Capt. Vialar: "I have witnessed hideous enormities. Armenian girls and women publicly sold at auction. A mother threw her two daughters into a well before my eyes to save them from the Turks. Evidences of Turkish official complicity have been obtained by me. The foreign press should be ashamed to remain indifferent." Capt. Vialar deplores the humiliating role accepted by France.

The Porte continues to hang Armenians publicly. Russia will prevent the publication of Vialar's report.

HOW DOGS ARE TRAINED.

Much of Their Skill Depends Upon Their Earliest Lessons.

(From the Home Queen:) Dog trainers tell us that, with the exception of the elephant and the monkey, dogs are the most intelligent and teachable of animals. The first step in training your dog is to attach him to your person, to make him very fond of you, so that the slightest cross word you may speak will be punishment enough, without resorting to a stick. In training a dog it is never necessary to strike him; he is more affected by a scolding than is a child and consequently does not need a slipper. You should never scold a dog "for fun" to see how "sorry" he will look; preserve your scolding as a punishment or you will lose all authority over him. Never be afraid of encouraging him; let him know when he has done right and he will be anxious to do it again. To teach him to jump place a stick in a doorway where he cannot crawl around it; at first place it very low, so that he can walk over it and when he understands you can raise it gradually. If he doesn't understand at first, jump the stick yourself and show him and he will follow your lead.

"Begging" is easy, as it is natural for a dog to want food, but if he snaps at it too soon cuff his nose and he will soon learn the proper way. By practice he will get his balance on his hind legs, and be even taught to walk on them by following the morsel about. When he has mastered this he can be taught to "sit up." While standing on his hind legs you must take one paw in each of your hands and gently press him into a sitting posture, saying: "Steady! Sit up!" The words "Stand up!" "Walk!" "Sit up!" should be constantly repeated, so that the commands will become familiar with the actions. To "shake hands" when he is "sitting" give him a slight cuff under the right side of the nose; this will make him lose his balance, so that he will raise his right paw, which you must shake, saying: "Shake hands!" When he becomes familiar with the words in connection with his actions he will readily obey alone. Practice is the principal thing. He may be taught to ring a bell by tying a piece of meat on the handle and telling him to "ring the bell!" as he shakes it in endeavoring to get the meat off; this being connected with something to eat will always be a pleasant task when he is learning, but he will soon do it for the fun of it and the love of you.

To make him walk on his forelegs, ask him to jump a stick and as he jumps catch his hind legs with the stick so as to hold them from the ground, saying "hip-hip!" By struggling to keep his balance he will learn to walk. To make him "go lame" keep tapping one leg until he holds it up, saying at the same time, "lame, lame." In order to make him creep you must hold him to the floor with your hand pressed gently on his head, and walk slowly backward, making him follow you, saying "creep, creep!" By holding him in this way and saying "down, down!" you prepare him for learning to "die." From the "down" position push him over on his side and if he does not straighten out his limbs do it for him, telling him he is "dead, dead." By the time he has learned all of these tricks he will be quite an accomplished dog and ready for harder tasks which will exercise his intelligence to a greater extent.

Wedding-trip Accommodations.

(New York World:) Prospective traveler. I suppose your road has first-class accommodations? I don't mind telling you this is to be my wedding trip, and that is why I am so particular.

Ticket Agent. Bless you, young man, our road was built expressly for wedding trips. We have a tunnel every couple of miles.

HOTELS—

Resorts and Cafes.

GRANDEST SUMMER RESORT
On the Pacific Slope.
BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA.
Never Closes. The Arlington Hotel. Never Closes.
Cuisine unequaled in the state. Is open every day in the year, thus insuring guests first-class accommodations in every detail. SUMMER SEASON OPENS MAY 1. Fishing, Yachting, Surf Bathing, Beautiful Romantic Drives, Famous Veronica Springs one mile from hotel. SPECIAL SUMMER RATES. Write or telegraph
GATY & DUNN.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—
Owing to the popularity of the GRAND OPENING EXCURSIONS to Avalon Saturday and Sunday, June 20 and 21, on the MATCHLESS "HERMOSA," the Wilmington Trans. Co. has decided to continue this steamer on above run throughout the present week.
No other outing as enjoyable; sailing, rowing, bathing, fishing, skating, fine band, Saturday night illumination and fireworks display.
Six month ticket, $2.75. Good Saturday until Monday, at special reduced rate.
See railroad time tables or BANNING CO., 222 South Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.
Zahn Brothers' Telegraph Pigeon Service daily, connecting the island with the wires of the world.

Grand View Hotel, Catalina.
Persons visiting Catalina will find it to their interest to stop at the Hotel Argyle Los Angeles, and get a special rate. The Argyle is a first-class family hotel. The Grand View has the finest location on the island, overlooking the bay, opposite the boating grounds. For comfort and pleasant surroundings at a reasonable rate, both houses are unsurpassed. Regular boarders at the Argyle are entitled to a vacation at the Grand View free of charge. Address
GEO. E. WEAVER, Argyle Hotel, Los Angeles.

CALIFORNIA HOTEL Cor. Second and Hill: CHOICE ROOMS, CUISINE UNSURPASSED, NEW Management. F. J. Gillmore, Prop.

HOTEL LINCOLN SECOND AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL: APPOINTMENTS perfect; electric cars to all points. THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

[SPORTING RECORD.]

ICONOCLAST TOM SHARKEY.

Smashed the Corbett Idol Hard.

Spectators Think the Champion Was Badly Beaten.

A Finish Fight Necessary to Set Things Right.

Creedon Matched with Joe Choynski—Boston Scores its Third Victory Over Brooklyn—News from Henley—The Niagara a Winner.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Champion Jim Corbett climbed down last night from his pedestal of pugilistic greatness and, at the same time, husky Tom Sharkey, who was eight months ago a mere bluejacket, mounted to the top notch in the sporting calendar.

Ten thousand people saw the sailor give and take blows with Corbett for twelve minutes, and at the end of the fight they saw an undefeated world's champion hanging around his opponent's neck, weak, listless, panting and leaning against the ropes to prevent himself from falling. As it was, the fight was declared a draw. Had it lasted a few rounds more there might have been a different story to tell—a story that would make pugilistic history. There are those in San Francisco today—and their number is legion—who say that twelve more minutes of fighting last night would have made a new world's champion.

Corbett went into the ring smiling and confident. He came out of it trembling and crestfallen. He had not only failed to stop the sailor in four rounds, as he and his thousands of admirers confidently expected he would, but he narrowly escaped being a whipped man. For round after round the champion's admirers cheered and goaded him on to the victory he could not win. And when he went to his corner for the last time, the crestfallen world-beater suffered the ignominy of having the sailor challenge him to a finish fight for the world's championship. Corbett, in the hope of receiving his laurels, accepted.

In all fairness to Corbett it is to be said that he did not put up the fight last night his admirers expected. Possibly this shortcoming was due to over confidence; probably Tom Sharkey himself was really the cause of it, for Sharkey is a wonderful fighter. Corbett is magnanimous enough to declare that the sailor is the best wrestler he ever met and Corbett ought to know, for he felt the strength of the sailor's arms many times in those twelve minutes. The blows rained thick and fast on the champion's head. Twice the sailor tripped him to the floor. Twice he fought him to the ropes, while Corbett, in return, failed to deliver the looked-for knock-out blow.

The surprising feature of last night's doings was not so much that Corbett failed to win, as the narrowness with which he escaped defeat. For, viewed from whatever side one may look at it, Corbett had the advantage. In stature he was taller than his opponent. His superior reach enabled him to land with effect.

Corbett was an easy winner, the talent said, while the sailor was the longest kind of a long shot. It was against such odds as these that Sharkey contended, and in consequence his performance was the more noteworthy. Corbett made a disappointing fight. A prominent sporting writer says it was difficult to recognize the man who faced Sharkey as the man who knocked out Sullivan and Mitchell.

In discussing the fight, Corbett said: "Please call it a wrestling match. There was not one round of fighting done in the four. Every time I led or landed on Sharkey he clinched with me and I couldn't get in a blow, the referee being unable to pull him away. You noticed that the referee did all the work on Sharkey, endeavoring to separate us, while I held both hands free and was ready to break. He simply hugged me from the start to finish, and there was no legitimate fight in it. I call it a hugging match."

Here is Sharkey's version. "Well, I fought him as best I knew. He uppercut me every time we were separated, which, I believe, is a foul. At all events, I did not attempt to retaliate until I realized that I was getting the worst of it. Corbett hung on my shoulders every time we clinched, and it was he, not I, who was unwilling to break away. I fought from start to finish, and fought fair to protect my own reputation and the money of my friends, and I leave it to the public to decide who had the best of it."

Sharkey has challenged Corbett to meet him in a finish fight for $10,000 a side. Corbett says he wants to go east soon, but will fight the sailor if he will secure backing at once.

WILL CHALLENGE ALL COMERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—James J. Corbett has answered Sharkey's verbal challenge for a fight to a finish, made at the ringside after last night's contest, by himself announcing his intention to issue a challenge to all comers, Fitzsimmons preferred. If the latter does not accept within two weeks, Corbett says he will make arrangements for a fight with Sharkey to take place on agreed territory, preferably in Mexico.

Sharkey is the idol of the sporting world today, and the most extravagant predictions as to his future are made. He bears his honors modestly, but reiterates his desire to meet Corbett in a longer battle. He received a challenge from Maher today for a contest for $5000 a side. Sharkey says, however, that he will make no other plans until his meeting with Corbett has been arranged. The only marks of punishment which Sharkey bears is a black eye acquired during a breakaway in defiance of an agreement with Corbett. Sharkey says:

"Of course Corbett would fight differently in a fight to a finish. He would not do any infighting, but neither would I. I would not take so many chances as I did last night, and I would be sure when I went to hit. I believe I can put Corbett out in ten rounds. Anyway I want him to fight me for 10,000 bones."

Corbett, in an interview today, claimed he was not badly punished, saying that his only marks were acquired when he fell on the floor after a clinch. Corbett said, speaking of last night's fight: "I made a mistake in grappling with Sharkey. If I were to fight another four rounds with him I would not clinch. I would stay away and do only open fighting. It was his wrestling that tired me, and in the fourth round I frankly confess that I was quite exhausted. In throwing my science away and fighting Sharkey at his own game, I weakened myself. I should have stayed away and outlined my own work. I would not have put him out, but on the other hand, I would not have given him a chance to weaken me, thereby giving the impression that he is a great fighter, when he is ignorant of the rudiments of boxing."

Corbett says he does not believe Fitzsimmons will notice his challenge, as he believes Fitzsimmons is afraid to meet him, so Sharkey will be the first man to be served with a fight for the championship honors.

"PARSON'S" HEAVY PLUNGE.

CHICAGO, June 25.—"Parson" Davies tonight posted $1000 as an earnest expression of his willingness to match Choynski against Sharkey for $5000 a side in a finish fight. If Sharkey does not desire a finish fight, Davies will back Choynski to stop Sharkey in eight rounds. He also offers to back Choynski against Corbett, the latter to stop Choynski in eight rounds, the entire gate receipts to go to the winner.

SHARKEY ON THE STAGE.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Tom Sharkey will now follow in the wake of other celebrated pugilists, by going on the stage. Tomorrow night he will appear at the Alcazar Theater in the "Cross Roads of Life." Sharkey will not be an actor, but will spar four rounds every night during the week with Danny Needham.

Joe Choynski, Corbett's dearest enemy, is very enthusiastic in his denunciation of the champion. He calls Corbett a cur and a quitter, and say that Sharkey should have been given the decision. Choynski says he will fight Corbett at any time or place for money or glory. He will also meet Sharkey in a finish fight or a limited round contest.

Last night's affair has greatly excited the Civic Federation, some of whose members attended the fight. They denounce the contest as an outrage on the community, and say that the Civic Federation will prevent such contests in the future, if there be a law to stop them.

THE 'VARSITY RACE.

Unfavorable Weather is Predicted. Cornell Favorite in the Betting.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

POUGHKEEPSIE (N. Y.,) June 25.—In the gloomy, leaden skies of tonight there is little encouragement for tomorrow's boat race, and the weather wise say it will probably be an unfavorable day. A cold, nasty, southeast wind blew today, with drizzling rain that made overcoats and mackintoshes very comfortable. It is the general understanding, however, that the race will not be postponed, unless the weather is so bad that the crews cannot row at all. The start is set for 5:30 o'clock. The expectations tonight are that it will be a hard and stubbornly-fought contest.

The Regatta Committee has appointed Herbert F. Howland the official judge for Cornell at the finish to succeed Harry F. Van Clef, absent. All four 'varsity crews were out on the river this afternoon for practice. The crimson men seemed very well pleased with their general work. Capt. Ballard and the men were doing beautiful rowing. Their body work was perfect, and the blades dipped as if by machinery. Ballard feels elated over the prospects of the Cambridge men in tomorrow's contest.

Columbia's senior eight practiced starts in the bay above their boathouse, Richards held the pistol and offered suggestions as to catching the water. Richards would express no opinion regarding Columbia's chances. He talks of the condition of the crew, and appears satisfied. It is known, however, that he plants his hope high on the senior white and blue. He remarked a few days before the freshman race that he would not play a cent on the youngsters, but would lay all he intended to bet on the 'varsity men. Pennsylvania was out for a short time, rowing a little way up the river and returning at once to quarters. Carnett, a No. 3, has been taken out, and Substitute Dunn will pull that oar tomorrow. During the race at Annapolis on May 6th, Carnett was taken with a severe pain in his side. It did not trouble him again until last Saturday, when the crew took a time row. During the exertion attendant upon the spurt he was seized with the pain and suffered considerably from it. It is said that while it did not affect Carnett's stroke, he does not like to have any risks upon his hands.

An old shell which was used a good deal for practice will be used in tomorrow's race. It is heavier than the paper fabric they have been sitting in lately, but better adapted to the crew, according to Ward.

The Cornell crew immediately struck up a gait after getting into the water, the average stroke of which was 32. They pulled down the river about three miles. The men were unusually snappy in their blade work, while their body movements were exceptionally good. During their entire spin, Courtney kept up an almost continuous volley of minor criticisms. After the Cornells had turned and the men were pulling homeward, it was noticed the general movement of the men lacked the quick work which characterized their first half-hour.

A Cornell freshman, a member of the winning crew of yesterday, is responsible tonight for the statement that "there are two men on the 'varsity boat of whom we have a slight doubt of their ability to hang out until the finish of the race." When asked who these men were, he refused to divulge their names or positions, but the story, when repeated to several Cornell men, was not denied.

It is asserted tonight that if the water is bad and the conditions unfavorable, Pennsylvania will stand a fair chance, but it is also the general opinion that Harvard will be good in water of any condition. As to Cornell's chances, there was a curious argument in force tonight.

"Cornell's freshmen have always been able to beat their 'varsity crew, and on the contrary, Pennsylvania's freshmen have always been beaten by the 'varsity crew," is the statement, and the argument is adduced that Cornell is not to be as much feared as was their freshmen crew.

Columbia's adherents are not shouting very loudly tonight, but are very loyal, and while they claim their crew has a most disadvantageous position, they also say they will put up a hard race for first place. The crews are in good condition, and the only change in the crews is that given in Pennsylvania's team.

The weights of the men are a little changed from those of several days ago. Columbia, Pennsylvania and Harvard have trained down, while the men who will row in the Cornell boat have increased in weight. Here are the averages of the weights of the various boats: Harvard, 167¾ pounds; Pennsylvania, 166½; Cornell, 157⅞; Columbia, 174⅞.

Harvard will row in a cedar boat, but all the others will pull in paper shells. One of the most prominent bookmakers placed these odds tonight: 1 to 3 on Columbia against the field, 1 to 2 on Harvard against the field. As for the Cornell and Pennsylvania chances, there is no odds being given, the betting remains even. Cornell is playing as favorite, but individual betting prevailed as crew against crew predominated. There were very few patronizers of the bookmakers. A Pennsylvania man laid $300 on Pennsylvania against Columbia for even money.

AT HENLEY-ON-THAMES.

Gossip from the Training Quarters of the Regatta Crews.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

HENLEY-ON-THAMES, June 25.—The weather was cloudy this morning, and the wind was up the course. The Trinity Hall crew was first out, rowing down behind the island and then came back over the three-quarters. The time for the first half was 3m. 35s., and the stroke for the first minute was 38, after which it was dropped to 35. The Yale men came out at 11 o'clock and went to Temple Island, and back in short stretches. Later they were coached on quick starts. The pair-oar work was done in the early part of the day. The stroke has been raised to 30. The men are feeling in perfect condition. The latest amusement of the Americans is roach fishing, close the ground. The new oars are expected to arrive from Putney on Saturday. Capt. Treadway has forbidden the Yale men to play tennis until after the race, for fear of strains.

"Bob" Cook seemed satisfied with this morning's work. New College was out during the morning, but did not go over the course, the men contenting themselves with short stretches at a 27 stroke. The Leander crew rowed to Hambleton Lock in one stretch at a 29 stroke, and back to their boathouse in stretches. Capt. Treadway and the other members of the Yale crew think that the Leanders are the strongest crew on the river. The men get a terrific catch on the water, and let their boat run well between strokes. The Trinity first rowed over half the course this morning, but the crew is not considered formidable enough to watch closely.

There were some heavy showers during the afternoon, but the weather cleared by 5:30 o'clock, at which hour the Yale crew pulled around the island and in short stretches and then went over the first half of the course in 3m. 32 2-5s. During the first half-minute the stroke was 38, then it was dropped to 37 for the balance of the distance. The time was poor for the latter half of the course. The men did not seem to get a hard catch on the water, although all were well and in good condition. Bob Cook seemed much displeased. New College was out directly after the Americans and did the half course in 3m. 24s, with a 38 stroke, then pulled 35 and spurted to 37, rowing in good form, and the boat running well between strokes. The Leander crew went around the island and back, taking over two minutes to the barrier with a 37 stroke. Trinity Hall rowed short stretches and first Trinity did the course in 7m. 42 2-5s.

The Yale men, who sailed from New York on June 17, called at the American headquarters today The boys were delighted at the fact that the Yale boat has been taken from the regatta boathouse to the Tent boathouse, where the other crews are quartered.

Entries for the regatta closed tonight, and will be posted tomorrow. The crews will draw for places on July 4. The Yale crew this afternoon received a cable message from class '71 of Harvard upon the occasion of the latter's twenty-fifth anniversary, conveying their wishes for the success of the New Haven men.

EASTERN BASEBALL.

Boston Scores Its Third Victory from the Brooklyn Team.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

BOSTON, June 25.—The home team made it three straight by defeating Griffin's men in the ninth, after a closely contested but loosely played game. The attendance was 1500.

Boston, 6; hits, 9; errors, 6.
Brooklyn, 5; hits, 10; errors, 3.
Batteries—Stivetts and Tenny; Kennedy and Burrell.

CLEVELAND-LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, June 25.—The Spiders had no trouble in defeating the Colonels today. Young was very effective with men on bases. Score:

Louisville, 3; hits, 10; errors, 3.
Cleveland, 8; hits, 11; errors, 1.
Batteries — Fraser and Kinslow; Young and O'Connor.

CINCINNATI-ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—The Browns celebrated their return home by a defeat, the reds beating them by a score of 5 to 3. Both Donohue and Dwyer pitched good ball, but the visitors were successful on the bases. Score:

Cincinnati, 5; hits, 6; errors, 1.
St. Louis, 3; hits, 5; errors, 2.
Batteries—Dwyer and Vaughn; Donohue and Murphy.

POSTPONED GAME.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Washington-New York game postponed; rain.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—No game on account of rain.

CHICAGO-PITTSBURGH.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Both pitchers were batted all over the lot today, it being the hardest slugging match seen here this season. Considering the terrific batting, the fielding was unusually good. The attendance was 2900. Score:

Chicago, 17; hits, 17; errors, 2.
Pittsburgh, 10; hits 19; errors, 2.
Batteries—Griffith and Kittredge; Foreman and Mack and Merritt.

THE LATONIA DERBY.

Ben Brush Wins with Ben Eder Second and Loki Third.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CINCINNATI (O.,) June 25.—The summer meeting of the Latonia Jockey Club opened today with clear skies, warm weather, a slow track and an immense attendance. Turfmen who have seen all the big Derbies this season pronounced it the greatest crowd of the year. The Latonia Derby was the feature of the day. Five came to the post, Dwyer's pair Ben Brush and Ben Eder, Semper Ego, Loki and Howard Mann. The betting was 1 to 4 on the Dwyer entry, 6 to 1 on Semper Ego, 10 to 1 on Loki and 50 to 1 on Howard Mann.

They were sent away with Loki in front, Semper Ego second, Ben Eder third and Ben Brush fourth. Ben Eder was sent out to make the pace, and as they swung around the upper turn, the positions were: Ben Eder, Loki, Howard Mann, Semper Ego and Ben Brush. Howard Mann dropped back to last, and from then on the positions were unchanged, except that Ben Brush moved up on the far turn and went out in front in the stretch. There was a brief brush between the two Bens and Loki, but that colt did not like the going and Brush went on, winning handily, Ben Eder second, Loki third, pulled up four lengths in front of Semper Ego. The time was 2:40½ and the race, while pretty to look at, was not sensational. Loki was only started to help make a good field, as McLean, his owner, knew he had no chances against Ben Brush on a soft, slow track, but he ran a good race.

The Derby was worth $12,290 to the first horse, $1000 to the second and $500 to the third.

The Latonia Derby for three-year-olds, at a mile and a half: Ben Brush, 122 (Sims,) 1 to 4, won; Ben Eder, 122 (Thorpe,) 1 to 4, second; Loki, 122 (Ray,) 10 to 1, third. Time, 2:40½.

CREEDON AND CHOYNSKI.

A Match Virtually Arranged After Lots of Haggling.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, June 25.—Dan Creedon, who won the middle and heavyweight championship of England by defeating the "Coffee-cooler" and Jem Smith, has been virtually matched with Choynski. The arrangements, as made, although no articles of agreement have been signed, call for the men to battle at 162 pounds for the largest purse that can be secured.

Col. J. D. Hopkins and C. E. Davies, their respective managers, have been hobnobbing for some time with regard to bringing the men together. The former held out for 155 pounds for Dan, while Davies was not anxious to have Joe enter the ring below 165. Hopkins was the first to give way, by proposing to match his man at 16 stone, and, after nearly a month's haggling, Davies gave way. When or where the contest will take place depends entirely on the purse question, but from the present outlook the East will get the fight.

Choynski and Creedon met in a six-round bout at Tattersall's over a year ago, in which the former had considerably the best of the argument. Creedon, however, was not in the best condition at the time, and does not hesitate to say he can defeat Joe, and Col. Hopkins thinks likewise.

CYCLING AT LAKEVIEW PARK.

J. Boller Has a Collar-bone Broken and Sanger is Hurt.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

PEORIA (Ill.,) June 25.—Ten thousand people assembled at Lakeview Park this afternoon to witness the first day's races of the bicycle tournament. The track was in excellent condition, but a high wind prevented fast time being made.

In the two-mile handicap race there was a collision and several riders went down. J. Boller had his collar-bone broken in another race. Sanger was slightly injured. H. C. Wood of Chicago went against the half-mile record of 58 sec., but the attempt was a failure because of the wind.

The track record was broken by Harry Clark, making the mile in 2:13 1-5. Following are the results:

Professional, two-mile handicap: J. F. Griebler won, A. G. Mertins second, F. H. Allen third; time 4:31.

Professional, half-mile open: W. Sanger won, Otto Ziegler second, Arthur Gardiner third; time 1:03 1-5.

Professional, one mile, 2:20 class: Harry Clark won, F. C. Barnett second, Joe Griebler third; time 2:12 3-5.

Professional, one mile, open: Tom Cooper won, Arthur Gardiner second, Otto Ziegler third; time 2:15¼.

NOTICE TO WHEELMEN.

Suspension of California Riders—The Tournament.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—The following bulletin has been issued by Chairman Gideon of the racing board of the League of American Wheelmen:

"For competing in unsanctioned races at Fresno, Cal., the following have been suspended from all track racing until July 1: E. W. Decker, R. G. Barton, R. D. Heriot, John Hertwick, Howard Hertwick, J. D. Baker, Arnold Johnson, A. J. Farmer, —— Logan, A. J. Hasberger, Fresno; W. J. Bell. F. Meyer, —— Baker, Visalia; A. Hoag, Fowler; —— Richtie, Hanford.

"Sanctions granted: June 23, 24, 25, M. Winans & Co., Sacramento, indoor tournament. Sacramento, Cal."

Britannia and Niagara Winners.

LONDON, June 25.—The Britannia, Ailsa and Satanita contested in the forty-five mile race under the auspices of the Ramsey Yacht Club today. The Britannia finished 3m. 13s. ahead of the Santania, which led the Ailsa 3s. In the race for the twenty-raters Howard Gould's Niagara won. Saint second, Penitent third.

Will Make a New Start.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Letter-carrier Smith started Tuesday morning to break the Chicago-New York road record, but when seventy-five miles out was caught in a storm and had to return. He left again at 8:30 o'clock last night.

Belmont Scores Another Winning.

LONDON, June 25.—August Belmont's Terpischore II. won the Rookery two-year-old race from six starters at Sandowne Park today. The distance was five furlongs.

Troubles in Butter Making.

(W. C. Rockwood in Florida Agriculturist:) Perhaps every one who has ever made butter has been troubled with this at some time. The cause of the mottled condition which is frequently seen in butter is a disputed one, yet it is simple enough after all.

As we all know, salt affects the color of butter. All butter takes on a deeper hue when it has been salted a few hours. Take a lot of butter from the churn in a mass, salt it in streaks by cutting down through it with the ladle and scattering salt freely where the ladle went, let it stand half a day before working, and you will see a good illustration of mottled butter. In a few words, the explanation is this: Mottled butter is caused by uneven distribution of salt, nothing more nor less.

To avoid this the following plan is an excellent one, and one which is followed by many of our best butter-makers today.

Leave the butter in granules, wash with water cold enough to prevent adhesion, drain and salt while still in the churn, then revolve the churn, or tip from side to side until the butter globules mass somewhat and the salt is evenly distributed.

By tipping the churn one way, then the other, the salt may be very evenly sprinkled on, or a wooden fork of suitable size may be used to stir it up, adding only a portion of the salt at a time.

The salt melts or dissolves the moment it touches the grains of butter, and each grain is instantly coated with brine. Then when the butter has drained a few minutes remove it to the worker, press until moderately dry, and pack away. No further working is necessary, and there will be no trace of streaks or a mottled condition to be found.

Salting in the churn is sure to be a favorite method with those who try it. The amount of butter can be very closely estimated as the amount from a given quantity of cream does not vary very materially from time to time. Nor is it essential to weigh out the salt each time. Measure out a pound of salt, usually a full pint of salt will weigh a pound, and it is more quickly measured than weighed each time.

Some adhere very tenaciously to the old way of twice working their butter, but once is a great plenty. If the salt is evenly distributed and the excess of moisture pressed out, that is sufficient, and can as well be done at one operation as at two.

Mathematics.

(Washington Star:) "If this Misther Hanna gets to be the great man he promises now," said Mr. Dolan, "there'll be twice the number av babies named afther him that there is named afther, as is named afther, most celebrities."

"Oi see no rayson fur it," replied Mrs. Dolan.

"It's plain as day, though. He's naturally qualified fur the distinction. They kin name all the b'y-babies 'Mark,' an' all the girl-babies 'Hanna,' an' there y'are."

Republicans, All.

(New York Mail and Express:) To the victors, congratulations and a cheer; to the vanquished, salutations and a friendly hand! There are today no factions, no cliques, no discords. We are Republicans all, shoulder to shoulder in the ranks of the grand army of Protection and Prosperity. Forward, march!

A Little Advice.

(Pittsburgh Chronicle - Telegraph:) "You don't mean to intimate that I'm an idiot, do you?" demanded Van Braam, angrily.

"Not at all," replied Dinwiddie, "but if you happen to see the fool-killer coming your way I advise you to hide."

UNCLE SAM'S GOOD OFFICES.

Britain Would Use 'Em on Venezuela.

Olney Has a Call from Andrade and Pauncefote.

Wanted to Talk with Him About Those Arrests.

Crespo's People Well Satisfied that the Britishers Appeal to the American Secretary—They Lay the Blame to Chamberlain.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Secretary Olney received calls today from Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, and Minister Andrade of Venezuela, with both of whom he conferred separately concerning the arrest by Venezuelan troops of British Crown Surveyor Harrison on the British-Venezuelan boundary.

It is understood that Sir Julian, acting under instructions from the British Foreign Office, requested the friendly intervention of the United States toward securing the release of Harrison, as was done by the British authorities in behalf of the American, John Hays Hammond, during the Transvaal uprising.

Andrade was first at the department, calling before the usual hour when diplomatic calls begin. He was with Secretary Olney some time, going over quite fully the circumstances of the Harrison incident. The Minister said the affair had been magnified, and was lacking in circumstances of serious indignity or wrong to the British.

The exact nature of the British request was not made public, but its essential feature was the request for friendly intervention by the United States. Owing to the British-Venezuelan trouble, the British have no minister or consul in Venezuela. It is believed that Olney has already taken steps to communicate with the Venezuelan government through the medium of the United States Minister at Caracas. Ordinarily the first step of our Secretary of State would be to seek to ascertain for himself, through our Minister, the exact facts. In view of the peculiar relations of the parties, he might depart so far from ordinary methods as to precede this in the present instance with a request that Harrison be released, and the status quo be thus restored to what it was before the arrest, it being understood in the mean time, that there should be no advance on either side until the case can be settled soberly on its merits.

THE WAY TO DO IT.

LONDON, June 25.—The St. James Gazette says this morning that, in dispatching a military force to protect the British surveying and road-making party near the Acarabisi, the government of British Guiana has done what the sitaution plainly demanded, adding: "The policy of non-resistance pursued has not been successful in settling our disputes with Venezuela. No other great power would for a moment have stood the series of attacks of Venezuelan soldiers on British officials."

THEY HAD PROTESTED.

NEW YORK, June 25.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says that Secretary Olney, when he returns to the State Department, will receive from Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, a request from the British government to use his good offices with Venezuela to secure the release from imprisonment of the crown surveyor, Harrison, who is reported to have been arrested by Venezuelan police while engaged in constructing a road connecting the Barima and Cuyuni rivers in the disputed territory.

No official knowledge of the arrest has yet been received at the Venezuelan legation.

Venezuelans, however, find satisfaction in the information that Great Britain will appeal to Secretary Olney in the matter as indicating that it is not considered of so serious a nature as at first apprehended. They place the whole blame on Chamberlain's aggressive colonial policy. They point to the fact that, under date of December 19, 1894, they complained to Secretary Gresham of the proposed road upon which Surveyor Harrison was employed and called attention to the fact that, as the route lay in Venezuelan territory, a conflict would be unavoidable. This appeal was in effect for the time being. The road was abandoned until last year.

REASSURING ADVICES.

LONDON, June 25.—(By Atlantic Cable. Associated Press Copyright, 1896.) The latest advices from Georgetown, British Guiana, are of a more reassuring nature. Although no serious trouble is anticipated, it is safe to say the British government will not allow the arrest of Harrison to pass without notice, and it is possible a remonstrance of a most emphatic nature will be made to the government of Venezuela. A high authority upon the Venezuelan question, in an interview on the situation, expressed the opinion that in spite of the serious aspect the dispute had once more assumed, it was not likely offensive measures partaking of the nature of a war would be necessary, as it was the opinion of those best qualified to judge, that the arrest of the crown surveyor was not the direct act of the government of Venezuela, but was due to the hasty and probable irresponsible act of some local agents acting under a misapprehension, and that when proper representations are made to the government at Caracas, the latter will apologize.

A FINANCIAL CRASH.

GEORGETOWN (British Guiana,) June 25.—(Associated Press Correspondence.) The financial crash which has been expected since the boundary question dropped down upon the colony on top of the sugar depression, has come with full force. The British Guiana Bank has been aided by the local government with £100,000 as a guarantee of the bank's liabilities, but still the $5 currency notes are being sold in many parts for less than $4.

A number of merchants are in trouble in consequence of the financial unrest. The incidental reason for the crash was the disappearance of Hugh Sprouston, Jr., probably the most important man, financially, in the colony. It is said he committed suicide by drowning, but it is claimed he has simply left the colony. A run on the bank was started, and as the notes of the British Guiana and colonial banks constitute nearly the entire currency of the colony, the government was obliged to guarantee the notes to prevent ruin to many, as tradesmen had begun to refuse the notes.

It is feared the lull which now exists will be the forerunner of a greater storm. However, as the men have been allowed to overdraw their accounts with the bank, which will be forced to either pay up or sell out when the accounts are straightened out, the opinion is that there will be a great deal of selling out. No business is being done.

CLOSEST SECRECY MAINTAINED.

LONDON, June 25.—At the Foreign and Colonial Office of the colony of British Guiana and at the official headquarters of the Venezuelan representatives, the closest secrecy is maintained regarding the latest developments between the colony and the Republic of Venezuela. The matter, however, is not looked upon as being very serious, although it is probable that both sides have sent small police forces to the frontier.

The representatives of the Associated Press, who have been inquiring into the matter, gather that there is no doubt that the belief prevails in official circles here that President Crespo did not order the arrest of the crown surveyor of British Guiana, and that there is considerable doubt as to which side of the Schomburgh line Harrison was surveying on when arrested.

There is some doubt as to when the arbitration blue book will appear.

COLONEL HAY ON M'KINLEY.

An English Reporter's Interview with the Distinguished American.

(London Chronicle:) The possibility that Mr. McKinley may be the next President of the United States gives the highest interest to him as a personality. We all know his name in connection with an historic tariff measure, but that is a general rather than a particular acquaintance. Here is a talk I had yesterday with Col. John Hay, and the subject of it is his friend William McKinley of Ohio, as the man.

Of course the Colonel is a leading member of the Republican party himself. Needless to say, also, he is no stranger to us on the English side of the Atlantic, if only because he was private secretary to Lincoln and has been one of his biographers. Then he was Under-Secretary of State at Washington for a term, and some people prophesy that he may by-and-by return to a higher office. Col. Hay shook his head when I spoke of that, and again when I mentioned one of his best-known poems—calling it an early literary indiscretion.

"There can be little doubt," he remarked, "that Mr. McKinley will be chosen Republican candidate for the Presidency by the Republican convention which meets the week after next at St. Louis. Similarly all the indications point to a Republican victory—a victory, it may be, on a marked scale. We cannot foretell events, but we can always indicate the events to which circumstances point most conclusively, and the view I have expressed is, I judge, the view most widely entertained by public opinion in America."

"Well, now, if Mr. McKinley is to be President, what sort of a man is he—will you, as one of his intimate friends and supporters, give me something of an appreciation of him?"

"It is difficult to describe Mr. McKinley in a picturesque manner. Happy is the nation, a French writer has expressed it, whose annals are dull. A man like Mr. McKinley is all on one side—there is nothing to be said against him. His character is absolutely blameless and spotless, and he is one who has been particularly happy and fortunate in the circumstances of his life. He is distinguished by great moral earnestness—that is the predominating note of the man.

"With his work in relation to the McKinley bill, you will be familiar, and that is only one item of his labors as a statesman. He went out of Congress when the Democrats carried Ohio, which they had gerrymandered in order to be able to beat him. According to the arangements made in opposition to him, he was to be ousted by thousands of votes, but his personal hold on the constituency was so immense that the majority of the Democratic candidate was only something like two hundred. It is a provision of the United States Constitution that one can only sit in Congress for the State in which he has his home. The object of that provision is to secure that the different parts of the country shall be directly and properly represented."

"But is a porvision which must sometimes keep good men out of Congress, at all events for the time being?"

"Mr. McKinley was in private life for a year, and then was put forward as the Republican candidate for the Governorship of Ohio. The loss of his seat in Congress led to his candidature, and twice he has been elected to the Governorship by enormous majorities. In America there is everywhere a constant demand for the public men who can talk. Mr. McKinley has been more in demand than anybody else, and that is the reason why he is so well known in the personal sense all over the Union. His face is familiar from New England to California. He is a very fine speaker, unquestionable one of our foremost speakers. His style differs from the recognized type of American speaking in the fact that he rarely uses metaphors, images, similes—he is the reverse of a florid speaker."

"Would you, then, describe him as a great debater—like our Mr. Chamberlain—rather than an orator?"

"Mr. McKinley's force lies in the arrangement and presentation of his facts, in the manner in which he drives his material home to his hearers. From beginning to end there is a regular progress of argument; not by syllogisms, not by illustration, but by every fact being marshalled in place until the whole picture is complete."

"The Republicans have had several able candidates to choose from on the present occasion, and it has been noted as interesting that the man identified in the main with a single idea, a single plank, is evidently the man who is coming to the front?"

"You mean Mr. McKinley and what is called McKinleyism. The term of McKinleyism was used as one of reproach against the issue on which Mr. McKinley was beaten for Congress. He has turned the reproach the other way, as a really strong man might be expected to do. Some of Mr. McKinley's critics have been hammering away at him for a declaration on the currency question. When the time comes I make no doubt that he will speak, and speak out strongly. That time clearly is when he accepts the nomination on which the Republican party means to to give him. The Republican platform will be against free coinage of silver; the Democratic platform will be for free coinage of silver. Such will be the campaign."

"A last question, Col. Hay. Will it materially influence the relations of America toward England whether the Democrats or Republicans come into power?"

"No, the policy of the United States toward foreign powers would not vary materially whatever party happened to be in power. The desire to be on friendly terms with England is as much a characteristic of one political party as of the other. In a matter like that you get to national as distinct from party politics. As an illustration, I might refer you to the remarkable conference on arbitration which we recently had at Washington."

Col. Hay will be back in America again long before the Presidential election actually begins—back to help in the realization of his prophecy that the next American President will be Mr. McKinley.

Wear Eagleson's Fine Shirts.

Wait

For the Forthcoming Issue of the

SUNDAY TIMES

for... June 28, 1896.

It will be, As Usual, A-sparkle with brilliancy and Reeking with Information About The Doings In our own blessed country and in the far lands Beyond the Bounding Seas.

Some of its Special Features Will Be........

Lincoln's Telegraph Operators; By Frank G. Carpenter.
Military Despotism in Mexico; By Hamlin Garland.
Gala Days in Monterey; By J. R. Jones.
Loaded Fireworks; By Geo. L. Kilmer.
An Industry's Revival; By Dexter Marshall.
The Gloomy Fourth of '56; By Ida M. Tarbell.
The Handling of Thoroughbreds; By Harry P. Mawson.
The High School Pennant; By Agnes A. Rogers.
On Salutations: By Bab.
A Princely Pair; By Katherine King.
Cheerfulness—Our Sunday Sermon; By Rev. Theo C. Williams, D. D.

THE WOMAN'S PAGE will be replete with timely and seasonable articles of interest to the Ladies, and The BOYS' and GIRLS' PAGE will contain some Fourth of July stories that the little fellows will enjoy. Besides this array of good things there will be a great wealth of Business Announcements, several pages of "Liners" and all the other things that go to the making of a Metropolitan Newspaper.

FOR SALE By Newsmen and Newsboys all over town, Early Sunday Morning.

Price 5 Cents.

The Motto of THE TIMES: "Excellence not Cheapness."

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation of the Times-Mirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the bona fide editions of The Times for each day of the week ended June 20, 1896, were as follows:

Sunday,	June	14	23,700
Monday,	"	15	16,600
Tuesday,	"	16	16,750
Wednesday,	"	17	17,850
Thursday,	"	18	17,800
Friday,	"	19	18,675
Saturday,	"	20	17,100

Total for the week.........128,475
Daily average for the week........18,353

(Signed) HARRY CHANDLER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of June, 1896.

(Seal) J. C. OLIVER.
Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 128,475 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 21,612 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several months. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

One cent a word for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the California Elixir Mineral Spring Water Company, for the election of directors, will be held in the office of the company, 121 Temple st., in the city of Los Angeles, on the 2d day of July, 1896, at 2 p.m. The said meeting is called by order of Emilie Rosalie Reymert, administratrix of the estate of James de Noon Reymert, deceased. J. C. BROWN, Secretary.

I INTEND TO ERECT A BUILDING ON Main st., adjoining Odd Fellows' Hall, on the south, lot 65x180; 2 large stores with basement on first floor; upper stories either for 4 large lodge rooms or lodging-house; or will arrange the building for hotel purposes; prospective tenants for the premises will please apply at L. SCHWARZ, 301 S. Main st., or John P. Krempel, architect, 63-64 Phillips Block. 27

SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION AND DRAMATIC ART; Mrs. Adeline Duval Mack; formerly New York and Washington, D. C. Private lessons and classes day and evening; special training; theatrical profession. An amateur club, ladies and gentlemen, studying plays, connected with school. Particulars and terms apply residence, THE CLARENDON, 408 S. Hill st.; Mrs. Mack's services may be engaged for recitals and readings.

THE WESLEY AVE. MEAT MARKET IS now open again with a full line of fresh and salted meats. FRED MOHLE, University. 5

PAPER HANGING, 8c PER ROLL, PAINTing and calsomining, cheap. Address BUCKEYE PAINTERS, 424 Ducommon st. 28

W. P. MILLER, 323 S. MAIN ST., BUYS and sells new and second-hand furniture.

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WANTED— Help, Male.

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California Bank Building, 300-302 W. Second st., in basement. Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Bricklayer, Arizona, $4 day, long job, call early; man and wife, ranch, $25 month, house, etc.; man to stack hay, $1 etc.; afterward baling; general blacksmith, $60 etc.; teamster 14 animals, freighting, $65 etc.; 3 harvest hands, $1 etc.; general merchandise salesman, who is also book-keeper, $25 to $35 etc. to begin; blacksmith to rent shop in country; man to clean and press clothes.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Two restaurant waiters, $50 etc. per month each, for Arizona; baker's helper, $15 etc.; first-class camp cook, $40 etc. per month; baker's helper, city, $4 etc. per week; dishwasher, $5 etc. per week; third cook, $7 etc. week.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Girl to assist, $12 etc.; housegirl family 2, $20 etc., also 1 family 3, $15 etc.; middle-aged woman, light housework, $23 etc. one month; housegirl, Santa Monica, $25 etc., good cook; housegirl family 5, near Westlake, $20 etc.; Spanish nurse, child 2½ years, good references, $25 etc.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Cook for boarding-house, Mojave, $25 etc.
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WANTED — 3 ELECTRIC LINEMEN, EXperienced in setting poles and stringing wires. UNITED STATES INDUSTRIAL AGENCY, room 201, Currier building, Third st. 26

WANTED—GOOD, RELIABLE HELP FURnished at once, free of cost, to employers. CALIFORNIA EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 216 W. First st., telephone Main 946.

WANTED—TEAMS TO GRADE LOT S. E. cor. Rock and Hill sts. Address G, box 62, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED— Help, Female.

WANTED — LADY STENOGRAPHER AND typewritist; must have machine, be capable of writing from quick dictation, and write a good, plain long hand; salary $5 week. Apply bet. 1 and 2 p.m. today, ROOMS 321-322 STIMSON BLOCK. 26

WANTED — TEACHERS TO PREPARE FOR county examinations; any one desirous of pursuing one or more studies may be accommodated at the BOYNTON NORMAL SUMMER SCHOOL, 525 Stimson Block.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY, 17 TO 20 YEARS of age, to travel with a theatrical troupe; must be good looking, bright and furnish references. CALIFORNIA EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 216 W. First st. 26

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WANTED — HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLD help at MRS. SCOTT & MISS McCARTHY'S, 107½ S. Broadway. Tel. 819.

WANTED— Help, Male and Female.

WANTED — SITUATION BY MAN AND wife, coachman or ranch work. Address G, box 79, TIMES OFFICE. 28

WANTED— Situations, Male.

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WANTED—A SINGLE GERMAN WANTS A situation as coachman, stableman, gardener or orchard work; experience; good references. Address D. V., 315 Jackson st. 26

WANTED — POSITION AROUND PRIVATE place good all-round hand, 2 years' experience in city, can give good references. Address G, box 80, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED — SITUATION BY JAPANESE as cook, waiter or in any capacity; highly educated; trustworthy, city or country. Address G, box 10, TIMES OFFICE. 27

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER, correspondent, salesman, etc., by an experienced man, country or city. Address DANIEL, 205 Fourth st. 26

WANTED—BY JAPANESE; SITUATION AS plain cook or housework. Address G, box 84, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED— Situations, Male.

WANTED — SITUATION IN LAUNDRY, hotel or private family, city or country, by Japanese of experience. Address K. SOLO, 434 Commercial st. 27

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG ENGlishman (23 years) to work around house, private family. Address G, box 75, TIMES OFFICE. 28

WANTED—SITUATION BY SOBER INDUStrious German, fruit ranch or private place. J. G., ROOM 31, 242½ S. Main. 29

WANTED— Situations, Female.

WANTED — BY LADY SITUATION AS housekeeper for widower, no objections to children or country. Address G, box 84, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED — POSITIONS BY TWO YOUNG ladies, one as stenographer and one as milliner or saleslady. Address BOX 26, Pomona, Cal. 30

WANTED—A GOOD STOUT GERMAN GIRL wants a good place at general housework, wages $25. Call at Station D, G. F. PAULK. 26

WANTED — BY WIDOW LADY; WOULD like a place as housekeeper or do light housework, city or country. 310 E. FIRST. 28

WANTED—SITUATION BY EXPERIENCED children's nurse, best of references. MRS. L. PLAUTRE, 1531 N. Main st. 1

WANTED — POSITION TO DO GENERAL housework or cooking on a ranch. 300½ S. LOS ANGELES ST., room 21. 26

WANTED—SITUATION BY MIDDLE-AGED woman as cook or general housework. Address 532 MAPLE AVE. 26

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WANTED— Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—AGENTS MAKE $6 TO $18 A DAY introducing the "Comet," the only $1 snap-shot camera made. The greatest seller of the century; general and local agents wanted all over the world. Exclusive territory. Write today for terms and samples. AIKEN-GLEASON CO., La Crosse, Wis. 28

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WANTED — $250 INVESTED EARNS $85 weekly; prospectus proofs free. F. DALY, 1293 Broadway, New York.

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WANTED—FOR A CASH CUSTOMER, A modern 5 or 6-room house in good location; must be a bargain; also a house of 6 rooms, near the 10th-st. school, for $100 down and $20 a month. See F. A. HUTCHINSON, 330 S. Broadway. 26

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WANTED—TO BUY VACANT LOT, SOUTHwest, close in, for cash. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway. 26

WANTED—FOR CASH; ALL KINDS GOODS. COLGAN'S, 316 S. Main.

WANTED— Partners.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $500 OR with a team, provisions and necessaries in share, for one-third part of a rich mine 300 miles from Los Angeles county, Cal; a good chance for the right party. Inquire by letter to A. E. BORQUIN, P.O. Box 35, Pacific Branch Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles county, Cal. 27

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WANTED—A PARTNER, $250, $125 CASH, balance as you make it, in a good paying business. Call today at CENTRAL REAL ESTATE CO., 10th and Grand ave. 26

WANTED — PARTNER; $1500; ESTABlished business; money-maker; answer quick. Address G, box 47, TIMES OFFICE. 28

WANTED—PARTNER IN STEAM LAUNdry with small capital. Address G, box 66, TIMES OFFICE. 27

WANTED— To Rent.

WANTED—TO RENT COTTAGE OF 4 OR 5 rooms with yard, close in, not to exceed $10 or $12, for family of 4, 2 children. C. A. ANTHONY, general delivery. 26

WANTED—COMPETENT LADY WANTS 10-room house, furnished or unfurnished and board family for rent. Address G, box 76, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED—FURNISHED COTTAGE TO OCcupy and care for, by family of 2; best care; references. Address G, box 74, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED—TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSE at the beach. B. F. FIELD, 204 New High. 26

WANTED— Miscellaneous.

WANTED — PAPER HANGING, 8c PER roll, painting and calsomining, cheap. Address BUCKEYE PAINTERS, 424 Ducommon st. 28

WANTED—A GOOD STAMP COLLECTION or stamps on old correspondence. Address Z, box 31, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—2000 BOXES OF GREEN LEMONS in large or small quantities. J. A. SHERMAN, 104 W. First st. 27

FOR SALE— City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—3 LOTS ON FICKET ST., 50x170 to alley, Boyle Heights; terms, $10 down, balance $5 per month, interest at 6 per cent. per annum; graded and sewered. Address OWNER, Box 562, city.

FOR SALE—A FEW MORE CHOICE CHEAP lots in Harwood tract, near end of Central ave. car line. AGENT always on tract. 26

FOR SALE—ALVARADO ST., KNOB HILL, West Side; cheapest and prettiest lots on street. R. ALTSCHUL, 408 S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—WE SELL THE EARTH! BASSETT & SMITH, Pomona, Cal.

FOR SALE— Houses.

FOR SALE—
$1100—Two-story house, southwest, close in, near Traction line; all rooms large, plastered and papered; $200 cash, balance monthly; a comfortable house in good locality at a very low price.
WELLS & EAKINS, 338 S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—$1350, $50 CASH, BALANCE easy, a very pretty 5-room cottage, lot 40x120 to alley, lawn, flowers, shrubbery, etc., close in, ¼ block of Central ave., near Ninth; $50 cash and you are in it. F. B. WILLIAMS, 206½ Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—HANDSOME FLAT, NEAR SECond and Grand ave., now rented for $480 net per annum; will be sold for $4500, as the owner must have money. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—NOTICE THAT THE NICE 6-room cottage, all modern, 725 Kohler st., with lot, must be sold by auction Tuesday, July 7, at 10 a.m. EDWIN A. RICE, auctioneer. 27

FOR SALE—$2500; A HANDSOME 5-ROOM cottage home, bath, gas, mantel, sewer, all conveniences; W. 17th st.; bargain. J. M. TAYLOR & CO., 102 Broadway. 28

FOR SALE—INSTALLMENTS; 3 PLAIN cottages near Arcade Depot, $500, $600, $800 each. POINDEXTER, 305 W. Second. 28

FOR SALE— Country Property.

FOR SALE—
1 acre, ½ mile from Downey, $150
2 acres, ½ miles from Downey, $300.
3 acres, ½ mile from Downey, $450.
4 acres, ½ mile from Downey, $600.
5 acres, ½ mile from Downey, $750.

There is more clear money made, with no risk, in raising alfalfa, cows, hogs, corn and chickens than anything in California. Besides this we raise every kind of fruit and vegetable you can think of in this valley. The hot, dry weather is on us now and every farmer in the State will want a ranch in this valley, where water is 10c an hour for irrigating. Downey is 12 miles Southeast of Los Angeles, a city of 100,000 inhabitants, growing rapidly, destined to be the largest city west of the Rocky Mountains, which furnishes us with a market for anything we raise. I have some of the finest bargains, both large and small, ever offered for sale in Los Angeles county. If you can't make money farming in this valley you can't make it farming anywhere in the United States. Everybody must have a home. Get you one, be happy and contented. Work will never kill, worry will. Business will pick up after all the Presidential nominations are over. Now is the "golden opportunity." Bargains in lands that can be had now will not be obtainable if you wait too long. Every newcomer who visits this valley is delighted; they say it beats anything they ever saw in all their life. This is the finest valley in the State for all kinds of farming, and everybody knows that. See Charley Smith, at my office in Downey, or me at 228 W. First st., after this month I will be back in Downey.
B. M. BLYTHE.

FOR SALE—A HOME OF 20 OR 40 ACRES of land in Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties; bought now before the rise, will pay large returns on investment; fruit land, bean land, or land for diversified farming; now sells at from $5 to $40 per acre; climate delightful; soil fertile; water abundant. For full particulars call on or address (the owners of 50,000 acres) PACIFIC LAND CO., San Luis Obispo county, Cal., or 127 W. First st., Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—1200 ACRES OF LAND LOcated in Orange county, adjoining railroad; 1000 acres rich sandy loam, balance good pasture land and well watered. This land has been farmed for te past three years and produced large yield of barley per acre. This ranch is offered for sale as a business proposition, and not a speculation. Price and terms reasonable; low interest. Address OWNER, 74 Bryson Block.

FOR SALE — JURUPA RANCHO, ADJOINing Riverside; choice orange and lemon land, with one inch of water to each five acres; oldest water-right in Southern California; $65 per acre; corn, alfalfa and sugar-beet land, $25 per acre; land to rent. I. D. & C. W. ROGERS, 406 Stimson Block.

FOR SALE—CHOICE ACREAGE, 5 TO 40 acres near station; excellent water; 6-room cottage, barn, etc.; special terms to the right parties; also 50 acres vacant land ½ mile from (Irwindale) Azusa Valley. Address OWNER, Lockbox 125, Azusa, Cal. 8

FOR SALE—ALAMITOS! ALAMITOS! ALAmitos! large seaside lots, $150 and upward, ¼ cash; lemon, deciduous and small fruit lands, $150 per acre; water piped to land. Call and get particulars, E. B. CUSHMAN, agent Alamitos Land Co., 306 W. First st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE ½-ACRE LOTS AT Garvanza, $150. Smaller lots less money; also acreage good for chicken ranch; very cheap; easy terms. I. H. PRESTON, Trustee, 217 New High st., room 1.

FOR SALE—$1500; 20-ACRE ORCHARD, small house, worth $125 per acre; must be sold. OWNER, room 214, Currier Block. 26

FOR SALE— $25 AN ACRE WITH WATER, fine alfalfa and deciduous fruit land. WILDE & STRONG, 228 W. Fourth st.

FOR SALE—$1.25 PER ACRE; HEADQUARters for school lands. See DAY, 119½ S. Spring. 28

FOR SALE— CHEAP LANDS, RIVERSIDE county. HEMET LAND CO., 244 S. Br'dway.

FOR SALE— Hotels and Lodging-houses.

FOR SALE—15 ROOMS ON BROADWAY, rent only $40 and every room full, 7 boarders pay $140 a month; where can you do as well? OLMSTEAD & CO., 113½ S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—FOR $1050 I WILL SELL YOU a house that clears $100 a month the year around, on Broadway. OLMSTEAD & CO., 113½ S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—I HAVE 13 ROOMS ON SPRING st., bet. Third and Fourth, rent only $26 a month, for $750. OLMSTEAD & CO., 113½ S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—12 ROOMS ON BROADWAY, $300; owner will take $100 of price in room rent. OLMSTEAD & CO., 113½ S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—22-ROOM LODGING HOUSE, furnished complete, cheap. 144 S. MAIN ST. 26

FOR SALE— Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—
Nice new bedroom set, $13.50.
Second-hand one, $10.
Good cookstove, $6.50.
Gasoline stoves, $2.50 to $10.
3 good showcases.
Several second-hand refrigerators, cheap.
Solid oak hall rack, $9.50.
Baby buggy, $4.50.
Bed lounges and couches from $4 up; large mirrors, matting, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents per yard; oil cloth and linoleum,, all kinds; matresses and bedding; a large new Jewel gas range, suitable for hotel or restaurant, cost $65, will be sold at a bargain; small steel safe, $27.
Call and get goods at your prices. We are overstocked. COLGAN'S, 316 S. Main st.

FOR SALE—OTHERS BUY HOMES AT $15 monthly, why not you; new modern 4 and 5-room cottages near Ninth and Central ave.; bay window, bathroom, closets and cement walks. R. D. LIST, removed to 212 W. Second st., bet. Spring and Broadway.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BICYCLES from $15 to $50; new wheels at $35, $45, $55, $65, $85 and $100; graphite, 5c; oil, 5c bottle; pants guards, 5c pair; other sundries at proportionately low prices. AVERY CYCLERY, 410 S. Broadway. 28

FOR SALE—NAVEL ORANGE TREES, 1, 2 and 3 years old, in frostless Redlands and Highland; also lemon and grape-fruit trees. Scaleless. EARL W. GARRISON, Redlands, Cal. I. C. RISING, agent, 103 N. Hill st., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—QUICK MEAL GASOLINE stove, 3 burners, $10; also No. 8 cook stove with water back, $15, both in splendid condition; call at once, must sell. 2423 DEL MONTE ST., off Jefferson st. 24-26-28

FOR SALE — ONE COMPLETE OIL-WELL drilling rig, drill tools and cable, 800 feet 6⅝ casing, 700 feet 4-inch standard pipe. Call at OIL WELL, 449 Beaudry ave., north of Temple st. 26

FOR SALE — AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, cabinet grand upright piano, handsome case, owner going East; must be sold within the next five days. Call or address 450 S. HILL.

FOR SALE—GAS ENGINE, ALMOST NEW; 3 and 5-horse-power Golden Gate gasoline engine; also deep well centrifugal pump. Address 154-156 N. LOS ANGELES ST.

FOR SALE—FINE A. B. CHASE UPRIGHT piano, largest size; cost $600; will sell for $225 cash; party leaving town. BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO. 28

FOR SALE — LADIES' HIGH-GRADE wheel, cost new, $100; has been used but few times; will sell at a bargain. ROOM 6, "The Spaulding," Pasadena. 27

FOR SALE — I HAVE A BROSINS NO treadle sewing machine for sale on the installment plan; now is the time to get one cheap. 229 BYRNE BLDG. 27

FOR SALE — A MAGNIFICENT DECKER Bros.' grand piano, nearly new; cost $1200; will sell for $400. Call at 247½ S. BROADWAY, room 4.

FOR SALE — A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS buggy, horse and harness, used only a short time. Apply to 435 S. BROADWAY, downstairs. 27

FOR SALE—A PHOTOGRAPH, COMPLETE outfit, valued at $200; will sell for $100. BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO. 28

LOS ANGELES AUCTION HOUSE, 502 S. Main st., buys, sells, and exchanges household goods; auction sales in residences. 27

FOR SALE — FINE UPRIGHT PIANO IN good condition, $150. GARDNER & ZELLNER PIANO CO., 249 S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE — CABINET GRAND UPRIGHT pano, standard make, $165 cash. GARDNER & ZELLNER, 249 S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—A SIX-HORSE POWER BOILer, very cheap. Apply at once at THE TIMES BUSINESS OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A GOOD 6 HORSE-POWER engine and a 10 horse power boiler. Inquire at 509 COMMERCIAL ST.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND WHEEL, BARgain, $2.50 per week; installment. 456 S. SPRING. 27

FOR SALE — CHEAP; NEAT BUSINESS buggy, nearly new. 116 S. MAIN ST.

FOR SALE—WHEEL, VERY CHEAP, $22.50; good condition. 634 MONTREAL ST. 26

FOR SALE—OLD LUMBER, 2x10 O.P. & T. & R.G.W., cheap. 1522 GIRARD. 28

FOR EXCHANGE— Real Estate.

FOR EXCHANGE — AN INCOME-BEARING ranch, estimated income for coming year $4000; there are 600 to 700 Lisbon lemon trees in bearing, 2½ acres Monarch of the West strawberries; dwelling, modern, large barn and stable, 1 share of water with each acre; situated on line of railroad 6 miles south of Los Angeles. C. H. GIRDLESTONE, 237 W. First st. 26

FOR EXCHANGE—A RARE COMBINATION; an elegant home, a paying investment, with a speculative future, thoroughly modern 8-room, 2-story house; 10 acres in bearing fruit, adjoining city southwest; 2 street frontages; want city home and other property; good reasons for exchanging this fine income property. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—3 FINE, CENTRALLY located lots, with 4-room house, in the thriving town of Williams, Ariz., and 50 head of fine large horses, all clear, for good vacant or improved property in Santa Monica or Los Angeles; will assume small amount. FIGUEROA PHARMACY, cor. Pico and Pearl sts., Los Angeles. 28

FOR EXCHANGE—$1000 WORTH OF MEN'S hats, shirts, underwear, neckwear, collars, hosiery and suspenders, for vacant lot in southwest part of this city; will assume. Call or address HATTER AND FURNISHER, 202 and 204 S. Spring st., New Wilcox building. 28

FOR EXCHANGE—3 LOTS IN PASADENA, $1200, for equity in house and lot or for clear land; also corner lot Pasadena, $1500, for lots in Highland Park. ROOM 14, California Bank building. 28

FOR EXCHANGE — A 9-ROOM HOUSE, barn, large lot, in beautiful location, $4500, mortgage $2100; want clear land or lots near Los Angeles. ROOM 14, California Bank building. 30

FOR EXCHANGE — 20 ACRES, RIALTO, with water, price $2000, mortgage $450; want clear eastern property or what have you? ROOM 14, California Bank building. 28

FOR EXCHANGE — $2000; ½ INTEREST IN established paying office business; will take city or Los Angeles county property. C. H. GIRDLESTONE, 237 W. First st. 26

FOR SALE—A NEW DEPARTURE; CUT-rate prices on carriage painting by the oldest carriage-painter in the city. G. W. MARSH, 804 S. Main.

FOR EXCHANGE—5 LOTS, CLEAR, NEAR car line, west; price $2100; want cottage; will assume small amount. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway. 26

FOR EXCHANGE—A BEAUTIFUL CONcert grand Decker piano, almost new, for a desirable lot. Address G, box 49, TIMES OFFICE. 30

FOR EXCHANGE—FINE CLEAR LAND for lumber; also piano or vocal lessons for anything useful. Address G, box 27, TIMES OFFICE. 28

FOR EXCHANGE—5-ROOM COTTAGE IN south part of city for good vacant lot or acreage close in. Inquire 456 S. SPRING. 28

FOR EXCHANGE — CITY PROPERTY FOR lands. W. J. BRYANT, room 217, at 204½ S. Broadway. 27

FOR EXCHANGE — FIRST-CLASS FRUIT lands. G, box 61, TIMES OFFICE.

SWAPS— All Sorts, Big and Little.

FOR EXCHANGE — ONE OR TWO GOOD pianos and first-class furniture in exchange for lot in Kansas City, Mo., valued at $1250; or other property in Missouri, same valuation; or mortgage on land in Kansas; all high-class property. Address "S. A. X.," San Bernardino, Cal. 1

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR HAY OR GRAIN, 14 horse-power Aimes engine, mounted on wheels, with complete well-boring outfit; price $750. Apply 119 S. SPRING ST., Los Angeles. 28

FOR EXCHANGE—WANTED, A WHEEL; will trade a good solid cherry office desk and chair for a good wheel. Address G, box 44, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE A NEW BIcycle and some cash for a horse, surrey and harness. Call 427 S. SPRING ST. 27

FOR EXCHANGE—GOOD DRIVING HORSE, cow, light spring wagon and harness; want hay. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—A GOOD FAMILY COW, ⅝ Jersey, for a gentle family horse, weight about 1100. 517 CASCO ST. 28

FOR EXCHANGE—MY NEW AND SECOND-hand business, No. 325 E. FIRST ST. 27

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES— Miscellaneous.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR A BUSINESS at San Diego; a large property to lease low to the right party; 4 lots and 2 buildings; 15,000 square feet of floorings; central location, trackage connections with all roads and the steamship wharf; could accommodate large business, grain, commission, storage and lemon-curing; also coal and wood could be added. With a small business a portion of the property could be sublet. Address at once DECKER & CO., Redlands. 29

FOR SALE—A SAFE INVESTMENT; THE lease, furniture, utensils, horse, harness, surrey, cow, pigs, poultry and all improvements of the San Jacinto Relief Hot Springs Hotel; hotel is full, boarders paying from $8 to $10 per week; death cause of selling. Write or call for particulars, L. M. MILLARD, prop. 26-28

WANTED—PARTNER IN 40-ROOM LODGing-house, finely furnished; I have 2 and cannot attend to both; or would rent furnished to responsible party. Apply 233½ E. FIRST ST., afternoon or evening. 28

FOR SALE—CHOICE FRUIT, DRINK AND candy stand; best location in the city; good paying business; reason for selling other business; $85 takes it, if sold at once. 201 S. MAIN, cor. Second. 28

FOR SALE — GENERAL MERCHANDISE, about $2000; a good clean stock in a good town at a discount; terms to the right parties; a thorough investigation invited. Address O, TIMES OFFICE. 14

WHO IS LOOKING FOR A GOOD SALOON; good location on a prominent corner, one of the oldest established saloons in the city. Address G, box 71, TIMES OFFICE. 28

FOR SALE—NEWLY FURNISHED 9-ROOM lodging-house for sale cheap, within 1½ blocks of Courthouse. Inquire at 327 TEMPLE ST. for particulars; cheap rent. 29

WANTED—BY A NEWSPAPER MAN OF means, a paying newspaper on or near the coast of California. Address, with particulars, F. H. HALL, Kenosha, Wis. 27

WILL EXCHANGE THE FINEST BILLIARD hall in Los Angeles for good real estate; doing business of $500 a month. OLMSTEAD & CO., 113½ S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—$1800; DRUG STORE, DOING fine business, established 8 years, reason, leaving city, easy terms. ERNST & CO., 128 S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—A SMALL GROCERY AND fruit stand, doing nice business, centrally located, only $125. OLMSTEAD & CO., 113½ S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—STAPLE FAMILY GROCERY selling $100 a day cash, without soliciting; rent $25; no agents. Address F, box 69, TIMES OFFICE. 28

WANTED—PARTY WITH $3000 OR $5000 TO develop best gold mines in the country for an interest in the same. Address F, box 31, TIMES OFFICE. 4

FOR SALE — NEW COR. CIGAR STAND near railroad depot, good proposition for right party. Address G, box 85, TIMES OFFICE. 27

TO LET — RESTAURANT, COMPLETELY furnished, fine range, everything ready for business, all for $25 per month. 703 UPPER MAIN. 26

$500 TO $3000 TO INVEST IN SOME ESTABlished business; give nature or no attention. Address G, box 64, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A STEAM LAUNDRY PLANT; choice first-class paying investment; $3500. 26 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—ICE CREAM AND CONFECtionery parlor at the beach, a bargain, $250. 26 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — A PHYSICIAN'S PRACTICE in country town; big income; bargain; $400. 26 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—FRUIT, CIGARS AND LIGHT grocery store; living rooms; bargain; $200. 26 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—SMALL CONFECTIONERY, bakery and notion store, also lunch-room, good business. 625 W. FIFTH ST. 29

$500; ELEGANT 8-ROOM LODGING-house, very central, reason, leaving city. ERNST & CO., 128 S. Broadway. 26

FOR SALE—COMPLETE PLANT LAUNDRY machinery; this is a rare bargain. Address G, box 67, TIMES OFFICE. 27

FOR SALE—$2500; FOR INTEREST IN A gold mine. For particulars, address 93 PICO HEIGHTS P.O. 26

FOR SALE—DELICACY STORE, WILL BE sold cheap, central, doing a nice business. 326 S. BROADWAY. 26

FOR SALE—$300; SALOON, GOOD LOCAtion; cheap rent. Address G, box 77, TIMES OFFICE. 26

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES— Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BARBER SHOP AND complete camping outfit; elegant location; Catalina Island. Inquire 252 S. MAIN ST. 26

TO LET— Rooms.

TO LET — AT THE BANCROFT, 727 S. Broadway, furnished or unfurnished, large clean rooms, large closets; light housekeeping permitted; windows screened, gas, bath, use of parlor and piano; house new; low prices for summer. 28

TO LET — LOS ANGELES ROOM AND House Rental Agency, 125½ S. Broadway; Miss Dawes and Mrs. Dyer; tourist headquarters; boarding register; business information; rooming houses a specialty.

TO LET—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED front rooms, en suite or single; gas, electric light; fine bath; use of telephone; no children; summer rates. No. 1 COLONIAL, Eighth and Broadway.

TO LET—CHANGED HANDS; THE NARclase; newly furnished rooms at bottom prices; single or en suite; housekeeping rooms. 511 CERES AVE., opposite S. P. depot. 26-28

TO LET — FURNISHED SUNNY ROOMS, single or en suite; housekeeping; every convenience; summer rates. NEAPOLITAN 811 W. Sixth st. 27

TO LET—HOTEL PLEASANTON; FURNISHed and unfurnished rooms, single or en suite. 530 TEMPLE ST., Los Angeles, Cal. 28

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED FRONT rooms with housekeeping privileges and use of refrigerator. 453½ S. SPRING. 26

TO LET — TWO PLEASANT ROOMS AND kitchen, completely furnished for housekeeping; use of bath. 1127 S. OLIVE ST.

TO LET — NICE BEDROOM, $5; ALSO A large, cool room, $7; modern conveniences. 409 SEVENTH, near Hill. 28

TO LET — 2 OR 3 ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping; also 5-room flat. Inquire on premises, 227 N. HILL ST. 26

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms at the ST. LAWRENCE, corner of Seventh and Main sts.

TO LET—LARGE FRONT BAY WINDOW room, also small front room, private family. 427 S. HILL ST.

TO LET—3 OR 4 NICELY FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping; no children. 822½ S. BROADWAY. 30

TO LET—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, summer rates. M'KINLEY HOUSE, 827½ S. SPRING ST. 28

TO LET — FIVE UNFURNISHED ROOMS with bath; no children. 315 S. BUNKER HILL AVE. 28

TO LET—ROOMS AND OFFICES IN THE NOLAN & SMITH BLOCK, Second and Broadway. 28

TO LET — 4 COMPLETELY FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping. No. 641 S. FLOWER ST. 2

TO LET—THE DENVER, 133 N. MAIN ST., rooms 25c and upward; transient; center of city. 26

TO LET—PARLOR FLOOR, 4 ELEGANTLY furnished housekeeping rooms. 555 S. HOPE ST. 26

TO LET—CHEAP, 2 ROOMS, FURNISHED for housekeeping. 636 S. LOS ANGELES. 26

TO LET—3 LARGE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, closets, etc. 138 N BUNKER HILL AVE.

TO LET—3 PLEASANT UNFURNISHED rooms in new cottage. 501 E. FOURTH ST.

TO LET—TRANSIENT, ALSO FINELY FURnished rooms. The Waverly, 127 E Third.

TO LET—"THE SEYMOUR," SUITE OF UNfurnished rooms, $22. 316½ W. SECOND. 1

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, $1.50 A week. 308½ S. SPRING ST. 2

TO LET—LODGING-HOUSE, 24 ROOMS, 22 N. HILL ST., near Temple.

TO LET — FURNISHED ROOMS, PRIVATE family. 1016 S. HOPE. 28

TO LET—4-ROOM FLAT, ON HILL. 144 S. GRAND AVE. 26

TO LET— Houses.

TO LET—5-ROOM FLAT, 301 W. 7TH ST., cor. Broadway.
6-room flat, 301½ W. 7TH, cor. Broadway, upper flat.
8-room flat, 634½ S. Grand ave.
2 houses, 5 rooms each, near electric power-house.
27 FRED A. WALTON, 426 S. Main st.

TO LET—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, 30-room house, large dining-room, all in thorough order, newly decorated and painted, baths, gas, new plumbing; Grand ave., near Pico st.; excellent location and just the building for first-class family boarding-house. FRED A. WALTON, 426 S. Main 27

TO LET—$13; 5-ROOM COTTAGE, 2611 Pennsylvania ave.
$10—5-room, 1244 Staunton ave.
$15—Store and rooms, 800 Buena Vista st.
ALLISON BARLOW, 123 S. Broadway.

TO LET—ONE OF THE FINEST HOMES ON Grand ave., 12 rooms (6 bedrooms,) strictly modern, furnace, barn, carriage house, etc.; also 2 modern houses, one 7 and the other 6 rooms, close to Grand ave., on 28th st. Call at 419 S. BROADWAY.

TO LET—5-ROOM COTTAGE, BATH AND sanitary w.c., and 4 acres land, not arable, planted with forest trees; splendid elevation, overlooking the whole city, $14. Crabtree car terminus, DOWNEY AVE. 26

TO LET—2 NEW 9-ROOM HOUSES, ALL modern improvements, mantels, grates, cement walks, stable, stationary tub in basement, close in, near cars, $35 each. Inquire 745 S. PEARL ST. 26

TO LET—PRETTY 8-ROOM HOUSE, HARper tract, close to University cars; in perfect order; handsome residence section; all improvements; $35. GILBERT E. OVERTON & CO., 237 W. First st. 28

TO LET—WITH PRIVILEGE OF BUYING and having rent applied on purchase price, new 6-room house, Macy st., close in; also 4-room house, same location. WILLIAM MEAD, 116 S. Broadway.

TO LET—2 NEW HOUSES NEAR EIGHTH and Union ave., $25 each; also new cottages east Main st., $10, $12. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second. 28

TO LET—435 AND 437 TEMPLE ST., 2 NICE 4-room modern flats; one block from Courthouse; cheap rent. D. C. BURREY, room 88, Temple Block. 26

TO LET—4-ROOM COTTAGE, INCLUDING water and stable, 771 E. 17th, east of San Pedro, $12. Inquire 721 SAN PEDRO, near Seventh. 28

TO LET—7-ROOM COTTAGE, CLOSE IN, 244 W. 10th st., stable, etc., $25 per month; water paid. D. NEUHART, 151 S. Broadway. 28

TO LET—9-ROOM HOUSE, 4 BLOCKS W. of 9th and Pearl. R. D. LIST, removed to 212 W. Second, bet. Spring and Broadway.

TO LET—2 COTTAGES, 4 AND 5 ROOMS, near Arcade Depot, $8, $10; water paid. POINDEXTER, 305 W. Second. 28

TO LET—FURNISHED OWL'S NEST, CATAlina Island, 6 rooms and bath, etc. P. O. box 214, Santa Monica. 28

TO LET — 30-ROOM LODGING-HOUSE, Spring st., near First. J. F. BUMILLER & CO., 213 W. First st. 26

TO LET—5 AND 6-ROOM FLATS, NEW, Olive st., near Temple. Apply 210 N. OLIVE.

TO LET—3-ROOM COTTAGE, $5. CRABTREE, Glen Terrace, car terminus Downey ave. 26

TO LET—5 ELEGANT ROOMS, KITCHEN range, bath, gas, shades. 717 TEMPLE ST. 28

TO LET—MODERN HOUSE, 1919 S. GRAND AVE., 8 rooms, $25. Apply on premises. 28

TO LET—PRETTY KENSINGTON FLAT, 441 TEMPLE ST.; every convenience. 26

TO LET—8-ROOM NEW HOUSE. 806 S. HILL. 29

TO LET—4-ROOM COTTAGE. 739 S. MAIN.

TO LET— 6-ROOM HOUSE, 1009 S. MAIN.

TO LET— Lodging-houses, Storerooms.

TO LET—2 STORES, CENTRAL AVE. OPposite electric power-house; 1 store, South Main st.; these stores are well situated for general business and have ample space for living rooms; will be rented cheap. FRED A. WALTON, 426 S. Main st. 27

TO LET — HOTEL JOHNSON, ADJOINING Hotel Westminster; new house, 85 rooms; 12 suites with private bath. For particulars apply to F. O. JOHNSON, Hotel Westminster.

TO LET—GOOD OFFICE, SECOND AND Broadway, cheap. Apply 305 W. SECOND.

TO LET — GOOD CORNER STORE AND rooms cheap. 601 E. THIRD ST. 27

TO LET—PART OF STORE, 218 S. BROADway. THE SINGER MFG. CO.

TO LET— Furnished Houses.

TO LET — IN HARPER TRACT, 2817 ORCHard ave., elegant private residence of 11 rooms, completely furnished; barn, coach house, beautiful grounds, fruit trees. BRADSHAW BROS., 346 S. Broadway.

TO LET—5-ROOM COTTAGE, FURNISHed, with window curtains and carpets. Call on H. CHANDLER, Times' Subscription Department, 239 W. First st.

TO LET—6-ROOM FLAT, FIRST FLOOR, newly decorated, close in, very desirable, no car fare; furnished or unfurnished. Apply 115 S. OLIVE ST. 1

TO LET — COMPLETELY FURNISHED house of 9 rooms in South Bonnie Brae tract. See HUGH GLASSELL, 315 New High st. 2

TO LET—5-ROOM FLAT, GROUND FLOOR, furnished, gas, range and lighting; close in. J. M. TAYLOR & CO., 102 Broadway. 28

TO LET—FOR SUMMER, FINELY FURnished 9-room cottage, piano, stable, flowers, very reasonable. 1201 W. NINTH. 27

TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGE OF 5 rooms, modern, near Westlake Park. EDWIN SMITH, 326 S. Broadway. 27

TO LET—6-ROOM FURNISHED COTTAGE. Inquire 14 CALIFORNIA BANK BUILDING, Second and Broadway. 28

TO LET—2-ROOM COTTAGE; NO DOGS; NO children; references. Apply mornings only, 1018 S. PEARL ST. 27

TO LET—WHOLE OR PART OF AN 8-ROOM house, completely furnished. 633 S. HILL. 26

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, CATALINA, S. HAWVER, University.

TO LET— Rooms and Board.

TO LET — ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms, table unsurpassed, modern conveniences, electric cars pass house, neighborhood delightful; summer rates; no children. 1507 S. GRAND AVE. 28

TO LET— Pasturage.

TO LET—STOCK PASTURED NEAR CITY, $1.50 per month. Inquire at FARMERS' MILLS, University. 25-26-28

TO LET— Miscellaneous.

TO LET — SEVERAL HUNDRED ACRES choice land, under irrigation, suitable for corn, vegetables, alfalfa, etc.; for cash or on shares; acreage to suit. W. W. HOWARD, 304 W. First st. 27

TO LET—PASTURE ON TWEEDY RANCH, 7½ miles south of city, near Florence; 700 acres barley and alfalfa. Apply to GEORGE or HARRY BALL, on ranch, or address them Vernondale P. O.

MONEY TO LOAN—

NATIONAL LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY.
Loans money on all kinds of collateral security, jewelry, diamonds, pianos, professional libraries, lodging-house, hotel and private household furniture, merchandise, etc.; also on bonds and mortgages; low interest; money quickly; business strictly confidential. Rooms 95 and 96 Bryson Block, fifth floor.
JOHN MITCHELL JONES, Manager.

UNION LOAN COMPANY, STIMSON BLOCK, cor. Third and Spring, loans money on all kinds of collateral security, watches, diamonds, furniture and pianos, without removal; low interest; money at once; business confidential; private office for ladies. CLARK A. SHAW, Manager, rooms 111 and 112, first floor. Telephone 1651.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOciety of San Francisco will make loans on improved city and country property.
On loans of $5000 and under certificates of title from the Title Insurance and Trust Co. will be accepted, making the expense on such loans very small. Building loans a specialty. Apply to R. G. LUNT, Agent, 227 W. Second.

PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY LOANS IN ANY amounts on all kinds of collateral security, diamonds, jewelry and sealskins; also on pianos, furniture and household goods in private, lodging, boarding houses or hotels, without removal; partial payments received; money quick; business confidential; private office for ladies. W. E. DE GROOT, Manager, rooms 2, 3 and 4, 114 S. Spring st.

MONEY TO LOAN—NOT BY THE BARREL, or bushel, but any amount desired on real estate, furniture, watches, diamonds, pianos, live stock, etc., large or small amounts; interest reasonable; private office for ladies or gentlemen; business confidential. CHARLES C. LAMB, 226 S. Spring. Entrance room 67.

NOT UNTIL YOU HAVE LEARNED
Who we are?
What we are?
And where we are?
Have you discovered the cheapest place to get money on all good personal and collateral securities. 229 BYRNE BLDG.

TO LOAN—MONEY; THE STATE LOAN and Trust Co. is prepared to make mortgage loans on improved inside real estate; it transacts a general banking business and pays interest on time deposits; open also Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 p.m.

MONEY—ALL KINDS OF MONEY—TO loan; we buy; or loan money on watches, diamonds, jewelry, old gold and silver, sealskins, pianos and warehouse receipts; small loans on real estate; business strictly confidential. BRIGGS & CARSON, 544 S. Main

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHes, jewelry, pianos, sealskins, warehouse receipts, live stock, carriages, bicycles, all kinds of collateral security; oldest in city; established 1886. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

TO LOAN—THE OWL LOAN COMPANY, 119½ S. Spring st., up stairs, G. Smith, manager; money loaned on jewelry, diamonds, watches, etc.; cash paid for old jewelry, gold and silver; established 1888.

TO LOAN—MONEY AT EASTERN RATES! I have eastern capital to loan at lowest rates in sums of from $5000 to $20,000; want good improved city property. Call or address L. H. GREEN, Hollenbeck Hotel. 26

TO LOAN—J. MORRIS, PAWNBROKER, Loans money in any amount on diamonds, watches, jewelry, musical instruments, firearms; business confidential. 207 S. Main st., 5 doors south of Second.

TO LOAN—WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN on improved city or country property in sums to suit. DARLING & PRATT, Brokers, Bradbury bldg., rooms 316 and 317.

TO LOAN—MONEY, FROM $500 TO $30,000 to loan in sums to suit. No delays. Continental Building and Loan Association, 126 W. Second st. Victor Wankowski, agent.

MONEY TO LOAN—WILL LOAN SMALL amounts on city or personal property, household goods; bicycles, etc. Hours 1 to 5 p.m. CHAS. H. SEBREE, 708 S. Grand ave.

TO LOAN—$100,000 TO LOAN AT THE MOST favorable terms at low rate of interest; small amounts and building loans preferred. GEO. F. GRANGER, 231 W. Second.

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, BROKERS, 305 W. Second st., lend money in sums to suit at reasonable rates. If you want to lend or borrow, call on us.

TO LOAN—AN UNLIMITED AMOUNT FOR loans of $5000 or less; no commissions; light expense. SECURITY LOAN & TRUST CO., 223 S. Spring st.

TO LOAN—$100, $200, $500, $1000 TO $99,999; city or country realty. LEE A. McCONNELL, notary public, real estate, insurance, 113 S. Broadway.

THE SYNDICATE LOAN CO., MONEY loaned on collateral and realty security, 133½ S. SPRING, George L. Mills, manager.

TO LOAN—MONEY; REAL ESTATE, 5½ TO 8 per cent. net; personal notes or security. JOHN L. PAVKOVICH, 220 W. First st.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT AT reasonable rates. Inquire WM. F. BOSBYSHELL, 107 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN UPON EASY TERMS OF repayment. NAT'L BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N, 151 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN— MONEY ON MORTGAGE IN sums of $1000 to $100,000. J. B. LANKERSHIM, 426 S. Main.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD FIRST-CLASS real estate. E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First.

TO LOAN—MONEY ON HAY, GRAIN OR real estate. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second.

TO LOAN—$1 UP ON ANYTHING. D. L. ALLEN, 237 W. First, next to Times Bldg.

TO LOAN—MONEY ON REAL ESTATE. CONANT & JOHNSON, 213 W. First st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. MORTIMER & HARRIS, 78 Temple Block.

CHIROPODISTS—

VACY STEER CURES DANDRUFF—HAIR invigorated; corns and bunions removed without pain. 107½ S. BROADWAY.

CHIROPODY, MASSAGE, ELECTRICITY AND baths. MISS C. STAFFER, 211 W. First st.

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE— And Pastures to Let.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE OUT, 90 SETS OF harness, all grades; $15 harness for $12; building for rent and tools for sale. Call 107 N. Broadway. W. F. MANN.

FOR SALE — TEAM OF HEAVY DRAFT horses, aged 7 years, 16 hands, weighing 1400; also family horse, perfectly gentle. Address KIRKPATRICK, cor. Seventh and Los Angeles sts. 28

WANTED — FROM 20 TO 30 HEAD OF horses to pasture on good, fresh alfalfa, ¼ mile west of Florence depot; plenty of water and feed. C. B. COOK, on ranch. 28

FOR SALE—2 CARLOADS OF FINE WORK horses and mules will arrive from the North shortly. For further particulars address G, box 59, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—SPAN OF HORSES, 5 AND 6, black, well matched, sound, $120 cash if sold by Saturday. Call at 837 BOSTON ST., bet. Pearl and Montreal. 27

FOR SALE—FINE JERSEY AND GUERNsey cow, first calf 2 weeks old; very gentle and an excellent milker. C. B. EBEY, 814 Kohler st. 26

FOR SALE—FRESH YOUNG JERSEY COW, registered, gentle as a kitten, pretty as a picture. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second.

FOR SALE—FRESH JERSEY COW, FINEST in the city, large milker. 1424 MITCHELL PLACE, Brooklyn Heights. 27

FOR SALE — ALLEN & DEZELL HAVE for sale any kind of horses and mules you want at 404 RAMIREZ ST.

FOR SALE—OR TRADE, FINE RIDING horse, saddle, phaeton, farm wagon, cheap. 410 S. BROADWAY. 28

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH GOAT, EXTRA good milker. Call or address 937 S. HILL ST., city. 28

FOR SALE — THE CUT-RATE CARRIAGE painting shop, G. W. MARSH, manager, 804 S. Main.

FOR SALE—2 DONKEYS; REGULAR PETS for children. 1560 SAN FERNANDO ST. 27

FOR SALE—GOOD JERSEY FAMILY COWS. NILES, Washington and Maple ave.

FOR SALE — HORSE, HARNESS AND buggy, $12. 307 E. THIRD ST. 26

LIVE STOCK WANTED—

WANTED—A GENTLE HORSE, HARNESS, buggy; must be cheap. Call at 1415 BRIDGE ST. 26

PERSONAL— Business.

PERSONAL—RALPHS BROS.—GOLD BAR Flour, $1; City Flour, 90c; Brown Sugar, 19 lbs., $1, Granulated Sugar, 19 lbs., $1; 6 lbs. Rice, Sago or Tapioca, 25c; 4 cans Tomatoes, 25c; 7 bars German Family Soap, 25c; 3 pkts. Breakfast Gem, 25c; 9lbs. Rolled Wheat or Oats, 25c; 3 cans Salmon, 25c; 3 cans corn, 25c; 6 boxes Sardines, 25c; 5 gal. Gasoline, 75c; Coal Oil, 75c; 3 cans Oysters, 25c; Lard, 10 lbs. 60c; 12 lbs. Beans, 25c; 601 S. SPRING ST., cor. Sixth. Tel. 516.

PERSONAL—PROF. B. W. ARLING, THE great life reader, is in the city. Truthful in his predictions, reliable in his advice on business, speculations, minerals and all family affairs. If you are in trouble or unsuccessful, seek his advice, and start arightly. Seeing is believing, so come and be convinced. Letters with stamp answered. Office at 413 W. SEVENTH ST., bet. Hill and Olive; hours 9 to 9, Sundays 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, PALMIST; life reading, business removals, lawsuits, mineral locations, all affairs of life. Take Third-st. electric car to Vermont ave. and Vine st., second house on Vine west of Vermont ave.

PERSONAL—SCREEN DOORS, $1; WINdow screens, 50c; mouldings, mill work and house repairing at low rates, ironing boards, 30c; gasoline engine, $75. ADAMS MFG. CO., 742 S. Main st, Tel. 966.

PERSONAL—PALMISTRY; 1 HAND READ free; every hidden mystery revealed; life read from cradle to grave without a mistake; 10 a.m. to 8 p.m. 111½ W. THIRD, 29

PERSONAL—A NEW MAP OF SAN DIEGO city, 25c, and county, 50c, prepaid. Order of EDWARD M. BURBECK, Fifth and D sts., San Diego.

PERSONAL — PAPER HANGING, 8c PER roll; painting and calsomining cheap. Address BUCKEYE PAINTERS, 424 Ducommon st. 28

PERSONAL — FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGE painting at cut rates. See MARSH, 804 S. Main st.; work guaranteed.

PERSONAL — PALMISTRY, READINGS 25 and 50 cents; satisfaction guaranteed. MRS. MANDINA, 344 S. Hill st. 28

PERSONAL—STEAM CARPET CLEANING. JOHN RICHARDS, 120 N. Spring. Tel. Main 1343. 27

EDUCATIONAL— Schools, Colleges, Private Tuition.

BEGINNING JULY 6, THE LOS ANGELES Business College, 212 W Third st., will conduct a Special Summer School, which will afford advantages as follows: 1. All seventh grade, eighth grade and High School branches will be taught by experienced specialists, thus affording an excellent opportunity to all who wish to make up or advance a grade. 2. The regular work in the commercial and shorthand departments will give all a chance to begin the study of these subjects, or to finish them if they have already begun here or elsewhere. 3. A special course in penmanship, either vertical or sloping style. This is worth considering. 4. Practical courses in telegraphy and assaying. Special rates for summer. Call at college, or write for particulars. E. R. SHRADER, president; E. K. ISAACS, vice-president; I. N. INSKEEP, secretary.

WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE (INCORporated), 226 S. Spring st., is the oldest and largest commercial school in Southern California; the most beautiful college rooms and equipments to be found in the State; elevator for pupils' use; a large faculty of experienced and able instructors; open the entire year; both day and evening sessions; a practical English course; a thorough business course and a course in shorthand and typewriting, under an experienced stenographer. Write or call for illustrated catalogue and full information. G. A. HOUGH, prest.; N. G. FELKER, vice-prest.

FROEBEL INSTITUTE, CASA DE ROSAS, Adams st., cor. Hoover. Fall term begins September 22. All grades taught from kindergarten to college. Training-school for kindergartners a specialty. PROF. AND MME. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

TEACHER OF PIANO AND ORGAN WILL receive into her home 2 young ladies or girls who desire thorough instruction in music; chaperonage to concerts, lectures, etc. Address G, box 55, TIMES OFFICE. 28

GUITAR AND BANJO LESSONS BY NOTE; execution a specialty; guarantee scholars able to play in society in 3 months; 50c per lesson. MRS. G. B. WAITE, 254 S. Broadway. 27

ST HILDA'S HALL—SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. GLENDALE. Three miles from Los Angeles limits. MISS K. V. DARLING, Principal.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL; LOS ANGELES Academy, receives boys during the summer at special rates; an ideal home in the country. W. R. WHEAT, P.O. box 193.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING DURing summer vacation, at reduced rates. LONGLEY INSTITUTE, room 306, Byrne building.

MISS MARSH'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES (incorporated), 1340 and 1342 S. Hope st. Kindergarten connected.

PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS; CAN ENter any time; low rates. Potomac Block, 217 S. Broadway. A. B. BROWN (Yale.)

WANTED—PUPILS TO LEARN DRAWING in crayon and color, 131½ S. BROADWAY, room 60. 28

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING, ELOcution, dancing, 226 S. Spring st.; open.

DENTISTS— And Dental Rooms.

ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS, 239½ S. Spring st.; all work guaranteed; established 10 years; plates, $5 to $10; fillings, $1 and up; Sundays, 10 to 12. Tel. 1273 black.

DR. TOLHURST, DENTIST, FRED BYRNE Bldg., cor. Third and Broadway, room 230.

DR. F. E. STEVENS—OPEN SUNDAYS AND evenings (electric light.) 324½ S. SPRING.

DR. URMY, DENTIST, 124½ S. SPRING ST. Painless extracting, 50c.

DR. C. V. BALDWIN, DENTIST, ROOMS 1 and 2, 125½ S. SPRING ST.

MONEY WANTED—

WANTED—PRIVATE PARTY WANTS TO borrow $1000 on good city security. Address G, box 83, TIMES OFFICE. 26

WANTED — $3300, STRAIGHT LOAN, 7 houses, lot 208x251, corner lot. Address G, box 82, TIMES OFFICE. 28

WANTED—$1200 AT 8 NET ON GOOD house and lot, close in. POINDEXTER, 305 W. Second. 28

LINERS.

LOST, STRAYED And Found.

FOUND—TAKEN UP BY POLICE OFFICER on June 23, one bay mare, about 15 hands high, white on hind feet, branded 16 on right hip; also one gray jenny. Owners of above animals call at EAGLE STABLES and pay charges. H. LEITHEAD, prop.; T. Holmes, mgr. 28

STRAYED—OR STOLEN, A BLACK UNDER-sized mare, quite old, had both front feet in gunny sacks. Please return to the HOSPITAL OF THE GOOD SAMARITAN, Seventh st., near Pearl, and get reward. 26

STRAYED OR STOLEN—FROM COR. OF Bellevue and Ida sts., 2 brown mares, 4 years old; the finder will please inform J. F. NORTON, Station E, and will receive suitable reward. 26

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY LAST, PART OF enameled cuff button, marked A.O.U.W. across shield; liberal reward will be paid for its return to 515 W. FIFTH ST. 28

LOST—SUNDAY EVENING, JUNE 21, GOLD frame spectacles; Dr. B. G. Collins's name on case, who will pay reward on leaving them at 125 S. SPRING ST. 26

LOST — PAIR OF GOLD SPECTACLES. Finder please leave them at ANDERSON & CHANSLOR'S, 136 S. Spring st., reward. 26

PHYSICIANS—

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 133-134-135 Stimson Blk. Special attention given to obstetrical cases, and all diseases of women and children. Consultation hours, 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. 1227.

DR. CHAMLEY— CANCER AND TUMORS; no knife or pain; no pay till cured; 63-page treatise and testimonials free. 211 W. First.

DR. LYDIA MUMA TREATS ALL CHRONIC and women's diseases with medicine or electricity; removes tumors. 133½ S. SPRING.

DR. DORA KING—ALL FEMALE COMplaints restored without operation; cure guaranteed. 446 S. BROADWAY.

DR. MINNIE WELLS, SPECIALIST, 253 S. Ocean ave., Santa Monica; car fare deducted.

EXCURSIONS— With Dates and Departures.

PHILLIPS'S PERSONALLY - CONDUCTED excursions, via the Rio Grande and Rock Island route, leave Los Angeles every Tuesday, crossing the Sierra Nevadas and passing the entire Rio Grande scenery by daylight. We have a tourist sleeper running through to Minneapolis and St. Paul in connection with every party. Our Boston car stops one day at Niagara Falls. Office, 138 S. SPRING ST.

JUDSON'S POPULAR PERSONALLY CONducted excursions, via the Rio Grande Route leave Los Angeles every Monday; newly upholstered cars through to Chicago and Boston; scenery by daylight, finest equipment, best service; quick time. Office, 212 S. SPRING ST.

STOCKS AND MORTGAGES—

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA at Los Angeles offers for sale $12,000 City of Monrovia, Cal., water bonds; these are long-time bonds, bear 6 per cent. interest, payable here or in New York buyer's option; the city is annually diminishing its debt. JOHN M. C. MARBLE, President. 26

FOR SALE—$900; GOOD STREET BONDS AT 85. POINDEXTER & WADSWOTH, 305 W. Second. 28

ATTORNEYS—

WM. J. HINSAKER, ATTORNEY AND counsellor-at-law, rooms 408, 409, 410, Currier building. Tel. 1120.

C. W. CHASE, LAWYER, CONVEYANcer and notary public, room 410, BULLARD BLOCK.

PATENTS— And Patent Agents.

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS OBTAINED, bought and sold, by DAY & DAY. Established 189. Offices 84-85, Bryson Block.

KNIGHT BROS., PATENT SOLICITORS—Free book on patents. 424 BYRNE BLDG.

SEWING MACHINES—

FOR SALE—THE BROSINS SEWING MAchine for rent; brand new; $2 a month; no treadle to work; works automatically; finest on earth. 229 BYRNE BLDG. 27

BATHS— Vapor, Electrical and Massage.

MRS. L. SMITH EDDY, 121½ S. BROADway. Massage, electric and vapor baths.

SPECIALISTS— Diseases Treated.

DR. B. G. COLLINS, OPTHALMIC OPTIcian. Eyes examined free. 126 S. SPRING.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Edwin E. Edwards, a young man who is boss burner for a sewer pipe manufactory at Alton, Ill., used Ripans Tabules with marked success for a pain in the right side which had caused him considerable trouble. "This pain was so severe," said Mr. Edwards, "that I got but little rest or sleep," being unable to lie on that side and not accustomed to lying any other way. Dr. Pence told me it was my liver, but as I had always been healthy I doubted him, but knowing something must be done I took his advice and treatment, which relieved me for a time, but was not lasting. I read some of the many advertisements about Ripans Tabules and concluded to try them and did so, and had used less than one-half dozen Tabules when the pain disappeared. Of course, I felt a little doubt as to whether it would return or not, so took a few more to be sure. The result has satisfied me that one dollar spent for Ripans Tabules will accomplish more than five dollars spent for so-called advice and treatment as meted out by the ordinary practitioner. The Tabules were procured of Wolf & Wilson Drug Co., 7th and Olive streets, St. Louis, Mo.

(Signed) "EDWIN E. EDWARDS."

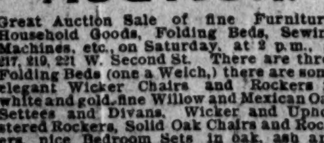
Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists or by mail if the price (50c a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

AUCTION.

Great Auction Sale of fine Furniture, Household Goods, Folding Beds, Sewing Machines, etc., on Saturday, at 2 p.m., at 217, 219, 221 W. Second St. There are three Folding Beds (one a Welch,) there are some elegant Wicker Chairs and Rockers in white and gold, fine Willow and Mexican Oak Settees and Divans, Wicker and Upholstered Rockers, Solid Oak Chairs and Rockers, nice Bedroom Sets in oak, ash and walnut also one White Enameled Set, lots of Center Tables, Ladies' Desks, Lounges, Couches, Stoves, Bedding, Office Chairs and hundreds of other articles sent to be sold by parties who must have money quick, it will pay you to come to this sale, there is positively no limit.

EDWIN A. RICE & CO., Auctioneers.

D. D. WHITNEY,



TRUNKS and TRAVELING BAGS

M'f'g. and Re'p'g 423 S. Spring st.

BANKS.

OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, Cal.

Capital (paid up) $500,000
Surplus and reserve 820,000

I. W. Hellman, President; H. W. Hellman Vice-president; H. J. Fleishman, Cashier G. Heimann, Assistant Cashier.

Directors—W. H. Perry, O. W. Childs, J. F. Francis, O. E. Thom, I. W. Hellman, Jr., H. W. Hellman, A. Glassell, T. L. Duque, I. W. Hellman.

Special collection department. Correspondence invited. Safe deposit boxes for ren

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK,

New Location, N. E. Corner Main and Second Streets.

OFFICERS.

J. F. SARTORI .... President
MAURICE S. HELLMAN .... Vice-Presikent
W. D. LONGYEAR .... Cashier

DIRETORS.

H. W. Hellman, J. F. cartori, W. L. Graves H. J. Fleishman, C. A. Shaw, F. O. Johnson J. H. Shankland J. A. Graves, M. L. Fleming Maurice S. Hellman, W. D. Longyear.

5 per cent. interest paid on Term, 3 per cent. on Ordinary Deposits. Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 o'clock, to receive deposits.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.

Capital and Profits $270,000.00.

OFFICERS:

J. M. C. MARBLE, - - President
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H. M. LUTZ, - - Vice-President
A. HADLEY, - - Cashier
JOS. D. RADFORD, - Assistant Cashier
R. I. ROGERS, - - Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS.

J. M. C. MARBLE, O. H. CHURCHILL, O. T. JOHNSON, JOHN WOLFSKIL, NELSON STORY, GEORGE IRVINE, N. W. STOWELL, E. F. C. KLOKKE, W. S. DEVAN, M. H. SHERMAN, FRED O. JOHNSON, T. E. NEWLIN, A. HADLEY.

MAIN-STREET SAVINGS BANK —AND TRUST COMPANY.— Junction of Main, Spring and Temple sts. (Temple Block,) Los Angeles.

CAPITAL, PAID UP $100,000

Officers and Directors: T. L. Duque, president; I. N. Van Nuys, vice-president; J. V. Wachtel, cashier; H. W. Hellman, Kaspare Cohn, H. W. O'Melveny, J. B. Lankershim, O. T. Johnson, Abe Haas, W. G. Kerckhoff.

Money Loaned on Real Estate.

Five per cent. interest paid on term deposits.

STATE LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY OF —LOS ANGELES.—

Capital paid in gold coin $500,000
Reserve undivided profits 50,000

A general banking business transacted. Interest paid on time deposits.

H. J. WOOLLACOTT .... President
JAS. F. TOWELL .... First Vice-President
WARREN GILLELEN ..Second Vice-President
J. W. A. OFF .... Cashier
M. B. LEWIS .... Assistant Cashier

Safe-deposit boxes for rent.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK— UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Capital $500,000.00
Surplus 42,500.00
Total $542,500.00

GEO. H. BONEBRAKE .... President
WARREN GILLELEN .... Vice-President
F. C. HOWES .... Cashier
E. W. COE .... Assistant Cashier

FIRST NATIONAL BANK —OF LOS ANGELES.—

Capital stock $400,000
Surplus and undivided profits over 230,000

J. M. ELLIOTT .... President
W. G. KERCKHOFF .... Vice-President
FRANK A. GIBSON .... Cashier
G. B. SHAFER .... Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS: J. M. Elliott, J. D. Bicknell, J. D. Hooker, F. Q. Story, Wm. G. Kerckhoff, H. Jevne, W. C. Patterson.

No public funds or other preferred deposits received by this bank.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING — THE ANnual meeting of stockholders of the Farmers and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles will be held at the bank on Monday, July 6, 1896, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the election of a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them. (Signed) H. J. FLEISHMAN, secretary.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA RAILWAY.

Trains leave and arrive at La Grande Station as follows:

Trains via Pasadena arrive at Downey-ave. station 7 min. earlier west-bound and leave 7 min. later east-bound.

CHICAGO EXPRESS—DAILY.
To Denver, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, Leaves daily 10:15 am Arrives daily 1:25 pm

SAN DIEGO TRAINS.
Lv *9:00 am, 2:00 pm. Ar 12:01 pm, *7:15 pm

SAN BERNARDINO TRAINS.
P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm, 5:45 pm.
O-Lv *9:55 am, 5:10 pm.
P-Arrive 8:55 am, 9:45 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm.
O-Arrive *11:00 am, 7:15 pm.

REDLANDS TRAINS.
P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm, 5:45 pm,
O-Lv *9:55 am, 5:10 pm.
P-Arrive 9:45 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm,
O-Arr *11:00 am.

RIVERSIDE TRAINS.
P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm.
O-Lv *9:55 am, 5:10 pm.
P-Arrive 9:45 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm.
O-Arr *11:00 am, 7:15 pm.

PASADENA, MONROVIA AND AZUSA.
Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 1:35 pm, 4:00 pm, 5:45 pm.
Ar 8:55 am, 9:45 am, 1:25 pm, 4:15 pm, 6:15 pm.

ANAHEIM AND SANTA ANA TRAINS.
Leave 9:00 am, 2:00 pm, 5:10 pm
Arrive 8:50 am, 12:01 pm, 7:15 pm.

REDONDO BEACH TRAINS.
Leave ****9:05 am, 10 am, 1:30 pm. **3 pm, 5:30 pm.
Arrive 8:29 am, **1:40 pm, 3:55 pm, 5:22 pm, **6:13 pm, **9:40 pm.

SANTA MONICA TRAINS.
Leave ***9:05 am, 10:00 am, 1:30 pm, 5:30 pm.
Arrive 8:55 am, 5:05 pm, ***6:13 pm.

PERRIS AND SAN JACINTO TRAINS.
Leave P-*7:30 am. O-*9:55 am.
Arrive P-*1:25 pm, *6:15 pm. O-*11:00 am.

ELSINORE AND TEMECULA TRAINS.
Leave P-*7:30 am. O-*9:55 am.
Arrive P-*1:25 pm, *6:15 pm. O-*11:00 am.

ESCONDIDO.
Lv *2:00 pm
Arrive *12:30 pm

FALLBROOK.
Leave *9:00 am
Arrive *7:15 pm

P-Via Pasadena; O-Via Orange; *daily except Sunday; **Saturday only; ***Sunday only; ****Saturday and Sunday only; all other

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY— —In effect— SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1896.

Leave Los Angeles for		Leave for Los Angeles
**7:10 am	Pasadena	**7:45 am
8:00 am	"	8:45 am
9:30 am	"	10:50 am
11:30 am	"	12:45 pm
3:30 pm	"	4:50 pm
5:30 pm	"	6:10 pm
9:30 am	Altadena	10:30 am
3:30 pm	"	4:30 pm
*7:20 am	Glendale	**8:35 am
**7:50 am	"	*8:02 am
12:30 pm	"	1:12 pm
5:20 pm	"	6:02 pm
**8:15 am	San Pedro & Catalina.	**6:40 pm
9:10 am	Long Beach & San Pedro	7:00 am
1:10 pm	Long Beach & San Pedro	10:30 am
5:15 pm	Long Beach & San Pedro	4:30 pm

Trains connecting at Altadena for all points on

MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY. —Leave Los Angeles at— 9:30 a.m. 3:30 p.m.

Fine Pavilion. New Hotel. Grand Scenery. Telescope and Search-light.

*Daily except Sunday. **Sunday only. All others daily.

Steamer for Avalon connects with 1:10 p.m. train daily, except Sundays; 8:15 a.m. Sundays.

City Ticket Office at A. B. Greenwald's cigar store, corner Second and Spring streets, and Wilmington T. Co., 222 S. Spring street.

Depots east end First-st. and Downey-ave. bridges. General offices, First-st. depot.

W. WINCUP, G.P.A.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY— —GOODALL, PERKINS & CO.,— General Agents, San Francisco.

Steamers leave Port Los Angeles and Redondo for San Diego June 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, July 2, 7. Cars to connect leave Santa Fé Depot at 10:00 a.m.

For San Francisco, Port Harford and Santa Barbara, June 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30, July 4, 9. Cars to connect with steamer at Redondo leave Santa Fé Depot at 10:00 a.m., or Redondo Railroad Depot at 9:05 a.m. Cars to connect with steamer at Port Los Angeles leave S. P. Co.'s Depot, Fifth st., at 1:10 p.m.

Steamers leave San Pedro and East San Pedro for San Pedro and way ports June 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27, July 1, 5. Cars to connect with these steamers leave S. P. Co.'s Depot, Fifth st., at 5:05 p.m., or L. A. Terminal Depot at 5:15 p.m.

The company reserves the right to change steamers or their days of sailing.

W. PARRIS, Agent, 124 W. Second st., Los Angeles, Cal.

LOS ANGELES AND REDONDO RAILWAY COMPANY. Los Angeles Depot, corner Grand avenue and Jefferson street.

Leave Los Angeles for Redondo.		Leave Redondo for Los Angeles.
9:05 am	Daily	7:30 am
1:30 pm	"	10:45 am
*5:30 pm	"	*3:45 pm
**5:45 pm		**4:30 pm

Take Grand-avenue electric cars or Main-street and Agricultural Park cars.

*Except Sunday.
**Sunday only.

L. J. PERRY, Sup't.

PASADENA AND LOS ANGELES ELECTRIC RAILWAY.

Cars leave Fourth and Spring sts. for MT. LOWE AND ECHO MOUNTAIN, 8, 9 a.m., 2, 5 p.m. Returning, leave Alpine Tavern, 7:30 a.m., 3.15 p.m.

FOR PASADENA AND ALTADENA—Every twenty minutes from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. half-hourly before and after those hours. Office, No. 222 West Fourth street.

W. D. LARRABEE, Superintendent.

E. P. CLARK, General Manager.

SUTTON & CO.'S

Dispatch Line for Port Los Angeles Direct—Taking freight for all Southern California points. The fast A-1 Clipper bark "GUY G. GOSS" now loading at Pier 18, East River, and will have the usual prompt dispatch of this line.

For rate of freight, etc., apply to SUTTON & CO., 82 South street, New York.

Or to SUTTON & BEEBE, 308 Market street, San Francisco, Cal.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO. TIME TABLE ARCADE DEPOT. JUNE 21, 1896.

San Francisco, Sacramento, East via Ogden—Lv 2:05, 9:00 p.m. Ar 7:30 a.m., 1:30 p.m.
Portland, Or.—Lv 9:00 p.m. Ar 1:30 p.m.
El Paso and East—Lv 2:30 p.m. Ar 1:00 p.m.
Riverside, Redlands, San Bernardino—Lv. 8:00, 9:15 a.m., 2:30, 4:25 p.m. Ar. 9:55 a.m., 1:00, 4:48, 6:35 p.m.
Pomona, Ontario—Lv 8:00, 9:15 a.m., 2:30 4:25, 5:25 p.m. Ar. 8:50, 9:55 a.m., 1:00, 4:48 6:35 p.m.
Chino—Lv 8:00 a.m., 4:25, 5:25 p.m. Ar 8:50, 9:55 a.m., 6:35 p.m.
Covina, San Dimas, Lordsburg—Lv 8:00 a.m., *2:30, 5:25 p.m. Ar 8:50 a.m., *1:00, 6:35 p.m.
Arcadia, Monrovia, Duarte—Lv 9:00 a.m., 2:45, 5:30 p.m. Ar 8:15 a.m., *1:10, 4:55 p.m.
Pasadena—Lv 7:50, *8:25, 9:15, *11:25 a.m., *12:25, 3:55, 5:20, **7:15 p.m. Ar. *7:50, **8:25, 8:55, 9:55, *10:40 a.m., 1:35, *3:05, 5:01, 6:35 p.m.
Santa Barbara—Lv 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Ar 12:10, 9:50 p.m.
Santa Ana—Lv 9:10 a.m., *2:30, 5:10 p.m. Ar. 9:00 a.m., *12:00 m., 5:20 p.m.
Tustin—Lv *9:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m. Ar 9:00 a.m., *5:20 p.m.
Whittier—Lv 9:55 a.m., *2:30, 5:10 p.m. Ar. 8:00 a.m., *12:00 m., 5:20 p.m.
Long Beach, San Pedro—Lv **8:30, 9:00 a.m., 1:40, 5:05 p.m. Ar 8:15, 11:20 a.m., 5:15, **7:15 p.m.
Santa Monica—Lv **8:00, 9:00, **9:30, 10:00, **10:30 a.m., 1:10, **1:30, **2:00, 5:15, **5:35, 6:00, **7:15 p.m. Ar 7:45, 8:55, **9:45 a.m., 12:17, **12:30, **12:40, 4:00, **4:30, 5:10, **5:35, **7:00, **9:30 p.m.
Soldiers' Home—Lv 10:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. Ar 12:17, 4:30 p.m.
Port Los Angeles—Lv **8:00, *9:00, **9:30, *10:00, **10:30 a.m., 1:10, **2:00 p.m. Ar **9:45, 12:17, **12:40, 4:30, **4:30, 5:10 p.m.
Catalina Island—Lv **8:30 a.m., *1:40 p.m. Ar *11:20 a.m., **7:15 p.m.
Chatsworth Park—Lv *9:40 a.m. Ar *4:12 p.m. (River Station only.)

*Sundays excepted. **Sundays only.

All S. P. trains stop at First street, except the four San Francisco trains, and Commercial street, except the 9:00 San Francisco evening train.

TICKET OFFICES.
No. 229 S. Spring st., general office.
Arcade Depot, through and local.
River Station, through and local.
First street, local.
Commercial street, local.
Naud's Junction.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY AND SOO Line—Its sleeping coaches marvels of comfort; Empress Line steamers for China, Japan and India; Canadian-Australian Steamship Line. For tickets and general information inquire from any agent Southern Pacific Co. or from agents. Pacific Coast Steamship Co., or communicate direct with M. M. STERN, dis. pass. and freight agent, Chronicle bldg., Market st., San Francisco, Cal.; A. B. Calder, traveling passenger agent.

OCEANIC S.S. CO. AUSTRALIA, HAWAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND. 6 DAYS ONLY, to HONOLULU, by S.S. AUSTRALIA

S. S. AUSTRALIA for HONOLULU only July 11. Special party rates.

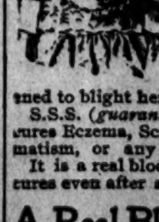
S. S. MARIPOSA via HONOLULU and AUCKLAND for SYDNEY, July 23.

Line to COOLGARDIE, Aus., and CAPE-TOWN, So. Africa. HUGH B. RICE, Agent, 122 W. Second St., Tel. 1297, Los Angeles.

To New York By rail and steamer. MALLORY LINE from GALVESTON, Cheap—Pleasant—Quick. HUGH B. RICE, Agent, 122 W. Second St.

Eczema All Her Life.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense, and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood remedies did not



seem to reach the disease at all until S. S.S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed. The medicine was continued with favorable results, and now she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) cures Eczema, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, or any other blood trouble. It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

A Real Blood Remedy.

Take a *blood remedy* for a blood disease; a tonic won't cure it.

Our books on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

Have You Seen the new POZZONI PUFF BOX? It is given free with each box of Powder. Ask for it.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the world! AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC for all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS AND FEVER, MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDICE AND NAUSEA.

BAD BREATH!

Nothing is so unpleasant, nothing so common, as bad breath; and in nearly every case it comes from the stomach, and can be so easily corrected if you will take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. Do not neglect so sure a remedy for this repulsive disorder. It will also improve your appetite, complexion and general health.

PILES!

How many suffer torture day after day, making life a burden and robbing existence of all pleasure, owing to the secret suffering from Piles. Yet relief is ready to the hand of almost any one who will use systematically the remedy that has permanently cured thousands. SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR is no drastic, violent purge, but a gentle assistant to nature.

CONSTIPATION

SHOULD not be regarded as a trifling ailment—in fact, nature demands the utmost regularity of the bowels, and any deviation from this demand paves the way often to serious danger. It is quite as necessary to remove impure accumulations from the bowels as it is to eat or sleep, and no health can be expected where a costive habit of body prevails.

SICK HEADACHE!

This distressing affliction occurs most frequently. The disturbance of the stomach, arising from the imperfectly digested contents, causes a severe pain in the head, accompanied with disagreeable nausea, and this constitutes what is popularly known as Sick Headache, for the relief of which TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR OR MEDICINE.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Call For the best and KICK if you don't get them.

OLD SARATOGA or Keystone MONOGRAM Rye Whiskies.

SCHLITZ Export Beer

The beer that made Milwaukee famous.

Sherwood & Sherwood SOLE AGENTS, 216 N. Main St., Los Angeles.

The Use of the Hoe.

(Pacific Rural Press:) We cannot help referring to a controversy we had with an eastern reader as to the proper way of handling a hoe. We claimed that, in this country at least, the blade should be struck its depth into the soil, so as to break any tendency of the surface to compactness. Our eastern critic held this was wrong; that a hoe should skim the surface very lightly, so as to amputate the weeds, disturbing the earth as little as possible. It gives us some gratification to see that the California use of the hoe is gaining support at the East, for the following from an Iowa correspondent of the Rural New Yorker is exactly the California philosophy and practice:

"One object of cultivation is to kill the weeds. They draw nourishment from the soil, absorb the moisture, and thus rob the growing crop of both food and drink. It isn't best to let them get a start; cultivate early; don't let them get strong and defiant. They may be uprooted and killed by the thousands when they first show above ground, with the same labor that will be required to kill them by the dozen later on.

"But destroying weeds is not the only object of cultivation, though some farmers seem to think so. The spring rains have filled the ground with water, but the hot sun and wind are rapidly drawing it up, and it is passing off into the atmosphere again. The growing plants need the moisture; don't let it escape. Shallow and frequent cultivation with a fine-tooth cultivator will keep the soil fine and loose on top, and will prevent the evaporation of moisture. The past two summers here have been exceedingly dry. Springs and wells which had never been known to fail have dried up. Where not cultivated, the earth has been as dry as it could possibly be, apparently, for many feet below the surface, but in my garden and strawberry patch, which I kept well cultivated with a fourteen-tooth cultivator, the ground was moist and in good tilth at any time during the season, and the crops did not suffer from the drought. The top soil stirred by the cultivator was about as dry and loose as ashes, but when one brushed off that two inches of dry dust or soil, he found the soil moist and friable.

"One of the hardest things I have had to do is to teach my hired help to hoe. Not one in fifty understands the first principles of proper hoeing. I set a man last week to hoeing a field of strawberries which had lately been set. They were set, unavoidably, when the ground was quite wet, and as a consequence, it was quite hard about the plants. I had cultivated as close to them as I could with the cultivator, and set the hired man to loosen the soil about the plants, and destroy the weeds that were just appearing above the ground. Being busy at something else, I did not notice how he was doing his work, but when I examined it, I found that he had hoed the earth away from the plants, leaving the hard surface bare, with the marks made with the spade in setting the plants in the wet ground exposed. It would have been better not to have hoed them at all, for the cultivator had thrown some loose earth about the plants, which he had removed. But that is the way, I find, that a great many hoe. The soil should be loosened and made fine about the plants, and what has been removed in hoeing out the weeds should be replaced. We may almost defy the drought, if proper attention is given to cultivation."

Women not Yearning for the Ballot.

(Detroit Free Press:) It is a fact which cannot be controverted that the average woman is anything but clamorous for the privilege of voting in church matters, school meetings or other affairs, and it is incomprehensible that there should be so much solemn fuss about it in conventions. The silence that falls upon an assemblage of women when a viva voce vote is called for is like unto the quietude of a house of mourning, and the presiding officer who found out how the female members of a meeting stood on any subject still remains undiscovered. The average woman does not appear to yearn for the ballot as the more assertive members of her sex and her male champions would have us believe.

FOR THE PLAINTIFF.

Conclusion of a Long-drawn-out Libel Suit.

The Jury's Sympathy Went Out to Her Aged Lawyer.

Plaintiff's Attorney Persisted in Claiming Malice Though it Was Shown No Malice Existed—Judge York's Charge to the Jury.

The libel suit of Mary Brady against The Times, on trial in Department Three of the Superior Court, came to an end yesterday. At the opening of court Zach Montgomery, Esq., resumed his argument for the plaintiff.

It was evident that his feelings were strongly enlisted in his client's behalf, and the jury seemed to be moved by sympathy for the venerable advocate quite as much as for the plaintiff. He made an eloquent plea, but it was directed rather to the hearts than to the judgment of the members of the jury, and he succeeded in blinding their eyes to the fact that it was really County Supervisor Woolman and not Mrs. Brady who was the aggrieved party to the suit.

The defense rested upon two grounds, justification and mitigation. The plaintiff's counsel considered that the article implied an illicit relation between Woolman and the grass widow, and that the aid extended by the former was the price of her shame.

A brief passage of arms occurred when counsel sought to read that portion of the pleadings which relates to the claim for special damages; this brought forth an objection from the defense, which was, however, overruled. Plaintiff's attorney indulged in some remarks about opposing counsel which again evoked exception as a remark which it was improper to address to the jury.

At the conclusion of Mr. Montgomery's speech the court then charged the jury as follows:

THE CHARGE AND INSTRUCTIONS.

Gentlemen of the jury, you are the exclusive judges of the facts of this case. I have no right whatever to invade your province and find any fact for you, but you are to take the law of the case as I give it to you.

It is the privilege of both parties to an action to request the court to give you instructions. It is the duty of the court to either give these instructions or refuse them, or give them in a modified form. But after having given the instructions, either as requested by plaintiff or defendant or as modified by the court, they are just as binding on you as though the court should give you the instructions of its own motion.

In this case, the instructions which are given at the request of the plaintiff and of defendant, and modified, in some instances, by the court, cover all of the matters upon which I deem it necessary to instruct you.

At the request of the plaintiff, I give you this instruction: This is an action by Mary Brady, plaintiff, against the Times-Mirror Company, the defendant, for an alleged libel.

And this instruction: A libel, as defined by the California Civil Code, is a false and unprivileged publication by writing, printing, picture, effigy or other fixed representation to the eye, which exposes any person to hatred, contempt, ridicule or obloquy, or which causes him to be shunned or avoided, or which has a tendency to injure him in his occupation.

I give you, at the request of the plaintiff, this instruction, modified: The jury is instructed as a matter of law that the publication in question, if proven to have been made by the defendant, has a tendency to expose the person therein designated as "a certain grass widow" to hatred, contempt, ridicule and obloquy; and if the plaintiff was the person referred to in said publication as "a certain grass widow" and was so understood to be said person by the readers of said publication, and if the controverted portion of said publication was untrue, as alleged by plaintiff, and unprivileged, then and in that event said publication is a libel as against plaintiff, for which she is entitled to a verdict for damages at your hands.

I give you this instruction at the request of the plaintiff, modified: In order to determine whether or not plaintiff was the person characterized, in the publication complained of, as "a certain grass widow," in connection with all the other evidence in the case bearing on the point, it is competent for the jury to take into consideration the testimony of the witnesses in this case to the effect that they were acquainted with the parties and with circumstances connected therewith, and that on reading the publication in question they believed that it was aimed at plaintiff.

I give you this instruction at the request of the plaintiff, modified by me: The publication of matter false and libelous is, as a matter of law, malicious; and, with respect to the publication in this case, if proven, and if the same was intended to apply, and was understood by its readers to apply, to plaintiff, there is no way to rebut the implication of legal malice except by proof of the truth of the charge as applied to plaintiff. The defendant may, however, show, if possible, that it was not actuated by ill-will or a feeling of spite, in mitigation of punitive damages, but no amount of testimony of this character can disprove that malice in law which constitutes a necessary ingredient in the cause of action.

This instruction I give you at the request of the plaintiff, which is modified by me: While an absence of ill-will and of personal spite is entitled to be considered in mitigation of vindictive damages it canot mitigate or reduce the amount of actual damages to which the plaintiff may be entitled; and the jury is instructed that, however free the defendant and its agents may have been from any ill-will toward the plaintiff in publishing the article complained of, yet if said article referred to plaintiff and was published by defendant concerning her, and was so understood by its readers as hereinbefore stated, and was false and unprivileged, then, and in that event, the plaintiff is entitled to a verdict in damages sufficient to indemnify her for the injury done to her reputation, and to fully compensate her for all the shame, disgrace, humiliation and mental anguish inflicted on her by means of said publication, without regard to the good or bad intentions of the defendant or its agents.

I give you this instruction at the request of plaintiff, also modified by me: The jury is further instructed that if you believe said publication was made by the defendant as the publisher of a newspaper, before giving publicity to an article like that complained of, reflecting injuriously upon private character, unless the same was known to be true, it was in duty bound to make all necessary inquiry, and in good faith seek earnestly to ascertain from the most reliable sources within reach whether such article was true or false; and the publication of such an article when false, if made without an earnest effort in good faith to learn the truth, would tend to prove such a reckless disregard of the sacredness of private character as to render the publisher liable for punitive damages, in addition to compensatory damages as hereinbefore explained. Hence, the jury is further instructed that if in the article complained of, in this case the plaintiff is the person referred to as "a certain grass widow," and it was so understood by the readers thereof, and if the said controverted statements with reference to her are false and unprivileged, and if the defendant recklessly and without careful and proper inquiry and investigation as to its truth published said article, said defendant is liable to plaintiff for exemplary damages in addition to the compensatory damages already referred to, in the discretion of the jury.

I give you this instruction at the request of the plaintiff, modified by me: The jury are the exclusive judges of the facts, and of the question of damages in the case within the limit of $20,000; and if the jury find from the evidence that the defendant published the article and that plaintiff was the real party designated as "a grass widow" in said publication complained of, and that the controverted language contained in said article reflecting injuriously upon plaintiff was untrue and unprivileged, and readers of the article, from their knowledge of the facts and circumstances in connection therewith, understood it to refer to her, then and in that event you will render a verdict awarding to plaintiff compensatory damages sufficient to fully indemnify her for all the injury which you believe from the evidence has been sustained by her on account of said publication by reason of an injured reputation and of humiliation, shame, disgrace and mental agony to which she was thereby subjected.

I give you this at the request of the plaintiff: The jury are instructed that if, under the evidence and under the law, as given you by the court, you find that a case of libel has been proved against the defendant, legal malice is conclusively presumed, such as to entitle plaintiff to full compensation for all actual damages to reputation, peace of mind, and so forth. And actual malice will, in such a case, be presumed prima facie from the simple proof of the libel, such as to justify punitive damages in the discretion of the jury, unless the defendant has, by a preponderance of evidence, proved mitigating circumstances sufficient to rebut such presumption.

This I give you at the request of the plaintiff, modified by me: The jury are instructed that plaintiff's character, not having been attacked by defendant, is entitled to be considered by them as good.

This being a civil action, nine jurors can render a verdict.

I give you this instruction at the request of the defendant: The plaintiff, being a married woman, cannot maintain this action unless she has shown that when she instituted the same she was living separate from her husband by reason of his desertion of her, and such desertion cannot be established unless it appears that plaintiff's husband voluntarily separated from her with intent to desert.

I give you this at the request of the defendant: Libel is a false and unprivileged publication by writing, printing, picture, effigy or other fixed representation to the eye, which exposes any person to hatred, contempt, ridicule or obloquy, or which causes him to be shunned or avoided, or which has a tendency to injure him in his occupation.

I give you this instruction at the request of the defendant, modified by me: If you find from the evidence that the plaintiff has not established by a preponderance of the testimony that the defendant corporation, to-wit, the Times-Mirror Company, was at the time of the publication of the alleged libel herein, proprietor or publisher of the Los Angeles Times, then you must find for the defendant, and the fact that said defendant has in certain separate defenses, set forth in said answer, admitted a proprietorship of said paper and the publication of the article referred to, did not and does not relieve the plaintiff from the necessity of proving such publication, the same having been denied in the first paragraph of said answer. Such proof may be established by evidence of witnesses or by circumstances brought out in the evidence, if sufficient to convince you of the fact.

I give this instruction at the request of the defendant, modified by me: As the supplemental and amended complaint herein is not verified, it was not necessary for the defendant to verify its answer thereto. Nor was it necessary to specifically deny each or any of the averments of said supplemental and amended complaint, and therefore the general denial contained in the first paragraph of said answer put in issue all the averments of the complaint and rendered it necessary for the plaintiff to prove each and every one of the material allegations thereof other than the incorporation of defendant.

I give you this instruction at the request of the defendant, modified by me: If you find that the article complained of, although not absolutely correct in every immaterial detail, contained a fair and true report, without malice, of a public official proceeding, namely, of the Board of Supervisors of San Diego county, relative to the supervisor, lady and children referred to, then as to that portion thereof purporting to report the proceedings of the Board of Supervisors such portion is privileged and not libelous.

I give you this instruction at the request of the defendant, modified by me: Among privileged publications are those made by a fair and true report, without malice, in a public journal, of a judicial, legislative or other public proceeding, or of anything said in the course thereof, or of a verified charge, or complaint made by any person to a public official upon which complaint a warrant shall have been issued.

This instruction I give you at the request of the defendant: It is for you to determine whether the charges contained in the article alleged to be libelous are true. And it is not necessary that the truth of the same should be established by direct evidence. It is sufficient that the circumstances are such as to convince you of the truth of the charges made.

The defendant is not bound to establish the truth of the alleged libel beyond reasonable doubt. It will be sufficient if it establishes it by a preponderance of testimony; and the court instructs you that you are not bound to decide in conformity with the declaration of any number of witnesses which do not produce conviction in your minds, against a less number or against a presumption or other evidence satisfying your mind.

This instruction I give you at the request of the defendant: If the defendant has proved to your satisfaction that the publication complained of is in all of its material parts true, then said defendant is entitled to a verdict at your hands regardless of any questions as to its motives in making the publication. No matter how malicious a publisher may be, if he publishes the truth he is not liable in a civil action.

This I give you at the request of the defendant, modified by me: If you believe from the evidence that the defendant has substantially proved the truth of all the matters set forth in the article complained of, then you should render a verdict in its favor. It is not necessary to prove the charge precisely as laid. It will be sufficient if it is substantially proven.

This charge I give you at the request of the defendant: The defendant is not bound to establish the truth of every word contained in the alleged libelous article. It will be sufficient to establish a justification if defendant proves that said article was substantially true in all its material parts.

I also give you this at the request of the defendant: In determining whether the defendant has made out its plea of justification or has established the matters in mitigation attempted to be established, you have a right to take into consideration all the evidence and all the circumstances proven whether such evidence and such circumstances have been established or proven by the plaintiff or defendant.

I give you this instruction at the request of the defendant, modified by me: The court instructs the jury that although you should find from the evidence that the defendant has not sustained its plea of justification, still, if you find such plea was made in good faith, the fact that it has filed such plea must not of itself be regarded by you as proof of malice on the part of the defendant.

This instruction I give you at the request of the defendant, modified by me: If it be shown to your satisfaction by a preponderance of the testimony that the article in question was published by the defendant of and concerning plaintiff, and that there was malice in fact in such publication, still the awarding of punitive damages is within your discretion.

This instruction I give you at the request of the defendant: No special damages can be recovered herein.

I give you this instruction at the request of the defendant: If you find that the evidence is not sufficient to establish justification but yet tends to support the charges contained in the publication complained of, then you may, if the circumstances in your opinion warrant such a course, take such evidence into consideration in mitigation of punitive damages. This is a modified instruction.

I give you this at the request of the defendant, modified by me: You are instructed that the filing of a plea of justification is not in itself a matter of aggravation of damages, and that the defendant has a right to file as many pleas as it may deem necessary for its defense; and if the evidence offered in support of the plea of justification is insufficient to support that plea, still you may consider such evidence in mitigation of punitive damages.

This I give you at the request of defendant, modified by me: The absence of malice, though not a bar to the action, may yet have a material effect in reducing the punitive damages, and if you believe from the evidence that the injury, if any, was unintentional, or was committed under a sense of duty, or through some honest mistake, no vindicative or punitive damages should be allowed by you.

You will resort to no method of chance, in case you should find for the plaintiff, in determining the amount of damages.

I wish to repeat that these instructions, I think, cover the case, and, as I present them to you, they have the same effect upon you as though I gave them to you on my own motion; because I would give you no instruction at the request of either party unless I had fully made up my mind that it correctly stated the law.

The jury retired at 11:50 a.m. Shortly before 4 o'clock counsel were summoned to the courtroom to hear the jury's verdict, which was as follows:

"We, the jury in the above entitled cause, find for the plaintiff and assess her damages at $1000."

The jury was polled, and at the request of defendant's counsel a stay of thirty days was granted by the court.

MUSICAL MENTION.

An enjoyable concert was given by the Pirie Orchestra last evening at the Congregational Church in East Los Angeles. The programme included selections by the orchestra and solos by Mrs. L. P. Collette, Harry Maybin and Miss Jessie Ritchie.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT FROM THE LOS ANGELES KINDERGARTEN CLUB.

Whereas, it is with deep sorrow we are called upon to record the death of a member of our club, Mrs. Nora Dorn Mayhew, who was dear to and esteemed by us all.

Resolved, that we desire to express our appreciation of her abilities as rendered to the club upon all occasions, and to express our grief that so bright a star has gone from us.

Resolved, that the sudden removal of such an earnest and devoted friend and worker leaves a vacancy and shadow that will be deeply realized by all members of this club and its friends, and will prove a grievous loss to this city and the public.

Resolved, that we bow in humblest submission to the will of our Heavenly Father.

Resolved, that we extend to the afflicted family, relatives and friends of the deceased our sincere condolence and deep sympathy in their sad affiction.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family, also be printed in The Times and placed upon the minutes of the Kindergarten Club.

JESSIE A. McGAW. MATTIE TEDFORD. ADDIE E. DORAN.

THE MOST FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

The opportunity is here offered city patrons of The Times to read all the leading magazines and periodicals each month at trifling cost. For $1 per month is offered the Daily and Sunday Times and all of the following list of publications:

American Wheelman, Argosy, Arena, Art de la Mode, Art Amateur, Art Interchange, Atlantic Monthly, Black Cat, Bon Ton, Century, Cosmopolitan, Current Literature, Demorest, Delineator, Eclectic, Electrical Engineer, Donohoes, Family Herald, Forum, Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly, French Dressmaker, Godey's, Good Housekeeping, Harper's Magazine, Harper's, Household News, Judge Quarterly, Ladies' Home Journal, La Mode, Lippincott's, Magazine of Art, McClure's, Metaphysical Magazine, Musical Courier, Munsey's, Midland Monthly, Monthly Illustrator, New England, Nickell, North American Review, Outing, Overland Monthly, Pall Mall, Peterson's, Popular Science Monthly, Recreation, Review of Reviews (American edition,) Review of Reviews (English edition,) Round Table (Harper's.) Scribner's, Scientific American, Sportsman's Review and Bicycle News, Sports Afield, St. Nicholas, Strand, Standard Delineator, Something to Read, Toilettes, Vogue, Young Ladies' Journal, Youths' Companion.

The Times is glad to be the medium through which its city patrons (it is impracticable to extend the offer to out-of-town subscribers) will be enabled to read all of the leading weekly and monthly periodicals at trifling cost.

HOW IT IS DONE.

By the payment of 25 cents extra per month every city subscriber to The Times is entitled to the privilege of reading at home the entire list of publications above referred to. A sufficient number of the periodicals will be kept in stock by the Broadway News Company, which is the Los Angeles Depot of the M. K. system, and located at No. 435 S. Broadway, to supply all demands of subscribers who have paid the 25 cents in addition to the regular monthly subscription.

Patrons of The Times who desire to accept this offer should call at the subscription department in the basement of the Times building and pay the necessary 25 cents, which will entitle them to the privilege of reading the whole list.

CATALINA ISLAND.

Take "Hermosa," June 27 or 28, and join a happy throng. Saturday night's illumination of wonderful beauty. Grand concerts Sunday.

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Everybody invited to see in operation the wonderful Blue Flame, non-explosive, coal oil cook stove at F. E. Browne, 314 S. Spring.

DR. LAWRENCE, specialty, obstetrics, No. 107 N. Spring. Tel. 851 black; day or night.

GOLD paper, 5c., 328 S. Spring street.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c; main-spring, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

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PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly

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Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 12 Mos. of 1895—15,111

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 4 Mos. of 1896—18,842

Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

The Republican Standard-Bearers.

FOR
President........WILLIAM McKINLEY.
Vice-President.GARRET A. HOBART.

REWARD.

Ten dollars reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of persons caught stealing the Times from the premises of subscribers.
The Times-Mirror Company.

THE TIMES M'KINLEY NUMBER.

In view of the nomination to the Presidency of the Standard-Bearer of Protection, The Times will in the near future issue a M'KINLEY NUMBER which will be a most notable and valuable production.

It will contain:

Proceedings of the National Republican Convention in full.

An elaborate sketch of the life of Gov. McKinley.

A condensed history of the McKinley tariff measure.

Special articles regarding the nominee.

Together with anecdotes, incidents, short stories, a wealth of illustrations and other instructive and interesting matter of interest to the campaign.

The paper will be sold to Republican clubs at 5 cents a copy for lots less than 1000; for 1000 or more, 4 cents a copy.

Orders by clubs and agents should be filed as early as possible in order to insure prompt deliveries.
THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

SEEKING TO EVADE THE ISSUE.

"Our friends the enemy" are making the most strenuous efforts possible to evade the real issue of the coming Presidential election. They are seeking to subordinate the tariff question to that of free-silver coinage, and they profess to believe that the tariff issue is "settled" for some years to come, and that, as Altgeld said in his speech before the Illinois Democratic Convention, "it is no longer worth while to discuss the theories of a tariff."

This is a false contention. Our opponents know it to be false. They know that the tariff is more directly and prominently an issue at the present time than it has ever been, before, in the history of this country. They know that the great popularity of William McKinley is due, primarily, to his identification with the principle of tariff protection. And they know, also, that if the Republican ticket is successful at the coming election, tariff revision will be the first important work to be undertaken after McKinley's inauguration.

It is a noticeable fact that hardly a Democratic newspaper in the country has a word to say at the present time in favor of free trade, or its euphemistic synonym, "tariff reform." The free-trade theory has been tried, and has been found sadly wanting. Democratic experimentation with it has brought disaster upon the nation, with untold suffering and loss to wage-earners, tradesmen, manufacturers, and, in fact, to all classes. The opponents of the Republican party are well aware that in a square fight upon the protection issue, the Republican ticket would sweep the country like a tornado. The people are heartily tired of the free-trade experiment, and demand a speedy return to the rational policy of protection that protects. The only hope, therefore, that our opponents have of success is in diverting attention from the paramount issue of protection to some side issue, which they hope can be made to assume an importance which does not belong to it. The silver issue is thrust forward at this time as the forlorn hope of the opponents of the Republican party. They recognize the fact that unless they can make this issue the leading one of the campaign, a sweeping Republican victory is inevitable. Hence the frantic efforts which are making to force the free-coinage question into undue and abnormal prominence.

The failure of the free-trade experiment stands fully confessed in the effort to substitute another and lesser issue for it in this campaign. The disastrous nature of that failure is known to all men. The party that is responsible for the free-trade *faux pas* now has the effrontery to ask the people to permit it to make another, and even more perilous experiment. Having tampered with our fiscal policy, to the loss and injury of the entire nation, this discredited party now asks permission to tamper with the currency, and to inaugurate a radical departure from the present system, which would debase our coinage, repudiate a part of our obligations, destroy our credit, and plunge the nation into insolvency and panic.

The people have learned some bitter, but valuable, lessons within the past three years. They are not prepared to risk another disastrous experiment. They recognize the fact that protection must be restored and that with its restoration will come a return of industrial and commercial prosperity. The restoration of prosperity will be a long step toward the settlement of the financial question; for our financial troubles are due, in chief part, to the free-trade victory of 1892. When the verdict of that election has been reversed, we shall be at the threshold of a new and better era.

The election of Maj. McKiney will mean a grand revival of industrial activity, with work plenty and wages good. And every man who works for wages will be paid in money worth its face value.

AN INTERESTING FACT.

The value of all goods and produce, home-made and foreign, consumed in the United States, is estimated by Charles R. Buckland, in the American Economist, at $12,000,000,000 a year. In contrast he estimates the total value of all goods and products, including manufactured goods and raw material, imported by all the other countries of the world, at $7,500,000,000.

These figures are very instructive. They show that the United States home market is worth 60 per cent. more to its own producers and manufacturers than are the combined foreign markets of the world. One of the strongest arguments for protection is to be found in these figures.

That, also, is the opinion expressed in the Chicago Inter Ocean. An editorial in that newspaper says:

"In the face of these figures no argument is necessary to disprove the folly of the free-trade theory that would send the United States farmers, miners and manufacturers in quest of the 'markets of the world,' to the neglect of the great home market. For even if—which is impossible—the United States could supply all the nations of the earth with everything that they now buy elsewhere, the total value of such markets would be less than that of the home market by the vast sum of $4,500,000,000 a year. But while going in search of foreign markets on the free-trade road we open our own market to foreigners, who produce more cheaply than we do, and so lose the gains of a great part of our own market without getting possession of much of the trade of foreign markets.

"Protection, prosperity and patriotism are the incentives to conservation of the American market for the American people."

CONFIDENCE STRENGTHENED.

Henry Clews, in his financial review for June 20, notes an improved tone of affairs in the stock market because of the decided stand taken for sound money in the Republican national platform. He declares that this improved feeling foreshadows "the revival of confidence that may be expected from the victory of the cause of sound money at the St. Louis convention." The agreement to incorporate in the Republican platform an explicit declaration against free-silver coinage and in favor of the maintenance of the present status was quickly responded to by London with large orders for our stocks. "This gave the keynote to the local market," says Mr. Clews, "and produced a rise in prices of 2½ to 5 per cent." As to the probable after-effects, Mr. Clews adds:

"It was very generally feared that both parties would adopt a 'straddling' policy on the silver question; and, consequently, the large operators, who give direction to the course of the market, were unprepared for the free and sustained buying operations, which the result now warrants. Instead, therefore, of a great sensational rise that would discount the whole effect of the new situation within a week, we seem more likely to have a steady upward movement, extending over the summer months. This is the safer course for matters to take; as operations will then be supported by the gradually extending effects of the restoration of business in all departments, and will be justified by constantly accumulating encouragements. . . . . We have now entered upon a new situation. A great and seriously possible danger has been escaped. The determination of the monetary policy of the country has been placed, certainly for four years, in the hands of a party unalterably committed to the maintenance of the money standard common to the great commercial nations. That four years will be devoted to discussion which can only tend to refute the heresies of the silverites and to discredit their leaders. It will be employed in a reconstruction of our currency system, which, if judiciously done, will supply the West and the South with a money which will better serve their currency requirements than the debased coin after which they have been insanely hankering. Discussion and legislation will go hand in hand towards giving us sound money in the full measure required; and it is to be hoped that our banking arrangements will be so extended as to afford to those sections credit accommodations which they vitally need, but have not, so far, received. Another tendency making for the extinction of the silver agitation will be the moral effect of the revival of confidence and of business in consequence of the subjugation of the silver agitation This will constitute an argument from fact and experience which will work a silent but great abatement of the violence of the silver excitement, and of its twin fanaticism, populism. And further, the revival of business and of national prosperity, growing out of the recovery of confidence, will prove an effective means of tempering the sectional discontents which have helped to intensify the geographical hostilities which have been associated with silverism."

THE PLAIN TRUTH.

On the subject of "Bogus Bimetallism" the Chicago Tribune comments in this vigorous manner:

"Free coinage, which the seceders in their address miscall 'bimetallism,' would destroy half the value of the silver and paper money of the country. It would violate millions of contracts. It would rob millions of depositors in savings and other banks of half the value of their money. It is not 'the highest hope and aspiration of the mass of the people' that this should happen, as those frauds proclaim.

"The Rocky Mountain bolters say: 'Our very institutions are at stake.' They allege that they cannot be preserved if the gold standard of values is adhered to, yet those institutions have prospered under the gold standard. They are more firmly established now than they were a century ago, or twenty-five years ago.

"But free coinage, which the silver secessionists falsely call 'bimetallism,' would give 'our institutions' a terrible shock. Popular government has worked well because the mass of the people have always been honest, and have outvoted dishonest greebackers, flatists and free silverites.

"If, however, a majority of the voters should vote that their 'highest hope and aspiration' was partial repudiation of public and private debts,' our institutions would fall as much below par as our money."

The opinion is expressed by the Kansas City Star that no tariff legislation will be possible under the McKinley administration, owing to the opposition of the free-coinage Senators. It says that Republican success "will mean the maintenance of the existing standard of values, with such legislation as shall relieve the national treasury of its embarrassments in maintaining the credit of the government." The verdancy of the Kansas City Star is surprising. Does it suppose that the "silver Senators" would permit any legislation to relieve the national treasury of its embarrassments if they could prevent it? They will, if possible, block any and all remedial legislation unless their regime of ruin is acceded to. Hence, so long as the silverites retain the balance of power in the Senate, practical legislation of any kind will be accomplished only with great difficulty.

"As Teller and his seceding band," says the Cincinnati Times-Star, 'filed down the aisles and out the doors of the convention, the delegates rose and sang: "The Red, White and Blue" in a deafening chorus that lasted for several minutes. Whether the secessionists sang: "The Bonnie Blue Flag" is not stated, but those were their colors, just the same." Yes, on a silver ground, and, although the bolters were not in a singing humor just at that period, the song they would have sung would have been: "Just tell them that you saw us," while the tears went a-coursin' down their bolted shirt bosoms.

"William C. Whitney," says the Chicago Inter Ocean, "resigned his chances for seasickness and accepted the certainty of being made very sick at Chicago in July. Dr. Cleveland made him believe that it was his solemn ipecac duty to throw up his voyage to Europe and try to keep down the promised dose at Chicago. Dr. Cleveland himself will fish." To which may be added: The convention will cut bait, and the party get ashore.

As Teller cast one long, last lingering look at the Republican convention, he may possibly have recalled to mind the words in "Paradise Lost:"

"So, farewell, hope, and, with hope, farewell fear,
Farewell, remorse: All good to me is lost."

"The Rocky Mountains in labor," observes the Chicago Tribune, "have brought forth only a few free-silver mice." Yes, and not very large specimens of their kind, at that,.

The motto adopted by the favorite sons is: "Man wants but little here below." They got that little at St. Louis, and they got it awful quick, too."

Excepting the members of the City Council, the pound-keeper is the most unpopular man in town just now.

The free-silverite crowd is a great deal more noisy than it is numerous.

"Uneasy lies the head that seeks a (silver) crown."

A PLEA.

Oh, give me not the "marble heart,"
Nor yet the "icy mitt,"
Nor treat me to the "frigid fist,"
Nor answer me with "nit."

Don't make me "stand upon my head,"
Nor "t'row me in the air,"
Nor "pass me up," nor "turn me down,"
Nor give the "glassy stare."

But if you must reject my suit
Why please to let me know
The sorrow of my lonely fate,
By simply saying "No."
—(Detroit News.

(Kansas City Journal:) That this is "Republican year" is shown by the vigor with which the various subdivisions of the party contest for points.

THE MAN AND THE CAUSE.

Both Are Nobly Indorsed by All the Country.

Protection to Products and Manufacturers is the Cry.

McKinley is the Man the People Want—They Recognize in Him One of the Grandest Americans of America.

(Detroit Journal:) For President, William McKinley of Ohio; soldier, statesman and foremost champion of the American policy of protection to American industries and American labor. Broad, brainy and well balanced. Honest as truth itself, and as loyal to his country as the needle to the pole. One of the people, in sympathy with the masses. A representative American citizen of the highest type, noblest impulses, purest intentions and broadest intelligence.

This is the man whom the Republican party has delighted to honor. It was written in the stars long ago that he was the chosen one. The convention simply ratified a nomination already made. He was the logical candidate; he is the invincible nominee.

(Toledo Blade:) The nomination of Hon. William McKinley at St. Louis was not a surprise. For several weeks it has been as certain as anything political can be that he would be nominated on first ballot. The man who has thus proved his wonderful popularity has by years of labor made himself worthy of the honor which his party has now bestowed upon him. His work in Congress in behalf of the principles of the Republican party is a matter of history. He was the recognized exponent of the great American system of protection, and the tariff law which bears his name gave to the country a remarkable degree of prosperity. When this law was repealed and depression and disaster came it was but natural that the people should turn to McKinley to lead them out of industrial ruin and back to the good times enjoyed under Republican supremacy.

(Phoenix, Ariz., Herald:) The Herald is for McKinley and the Republican principles of protection and reciprocity, regardless of whatever other doctrines the party may have espoused. It does not belong to that class of partisans who, when they cannot dictate the party policy, are willing to abandon its great and glorious principles that have led the nation through war and peace, and a magnificent prosperity for nearly half a century. What the party has done it can do again through the same sources, a protective tariff and a wise policy of reciprocity, and with these cardinal principles its guide, it matters very little what subordinate ideas it may espouse, or whether the mass of Republicans accept or agree on those subordinate ideas or not.

Strong Ticket, Invincible Policy.

(Indianapolis Journal:) The nomination of ex-Gov. McKinley has been clearly foreshadowed for some time past. His peculiar identification with a great principle made him as nearly a popular party idol as any American now living, and his public record and private life and character were such as to make him an inevitable candidate. He is a self-made man in the large sense that he owes all he is and all he has achieved to his own merits, his native ability and his loyalty to principle and to duty. The nomination for Vice-President of Garret A. Hobart of New Jersey is an excellent one. Besides being Mr. McKinley's own choice as a running mate, he is entirely worthy to be the choice of the party. The ticket is a strong one personally, and the platform makes it invincible.

Will Restore Prosperity.

(Springfield, Ill., Journal:) The election of William McKinley will mean infinitely more than the elevation to the Presidential chair of an American citizen who will adorn the highest office within the gift of his fellow-citizens. It means that the doctrine of protection to American industry and American labor will become the established policy of the government; it means that our financial system shall not be experimented with or overthrown; it means that the prosperity enjoyed in the days of the McKinley bill will be restored to all the people of the United States when the Republican party is returned to power under the leadership of William McKinley.

An Unprecedented Majority.

(Cincinnati Times-Star:) The Republican party has held, in all, eleven national conventions, lasting from three to seven days each, and taking from one to thirty-six ballots before reaching a nomination. The largest lead of any single candidate prior to the St. Louis convention was that of Harrison at Minneapolis, who received 535 votes to 182 for each of the highest competitors. McKinley rectived 661 votes to 84 for Reed and 61 for Quay, the next two highest competitors. Harrison had a majority over all of 166; McKinley a majority over all of 296. Whatever else may be said of him, the nominee is the popular choice of his party by an unprecedented majority.

"Full High Advanced."

(Pittsburgh Dispatch:) With the party squarely on the platform of a stable and unfluctuating currency, Maj. McKinley may be trusted to uphold that principle. Brought into prominence by the tariff issue, he will uphold the party principle on the money question. As the leader and center of the Republican forces, he will evoke the full enthusiasm of the party, and stimulate a vigorous and effective campaign. In the Vice-Presidential nomination it can hardly be ignored that the convention has conformed to the not uncommon, but nevertheless erroneous, custom of nominating an unknown quantity.

It is William McKinley.

(New York Mail and Express:) The eleventh Republican National Convention has magnificently consummated the delicate, if not difficult, task committed to it by a majority of American freemen. In the practically unanimous nomination on the first ballot of William McKinley, the sagacious statesman, the splendid soldier, the patriotic publicist and the model man, for the chief magistracy of this great American republic, the St. Louis convention followed the logic of events and fulfilled the hope and expectation of the American people.

No Combination Can Beat Them.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat:) With such a ticket there will certainly be no lack of Republican enthusiasm. There is not a thing to be said in disparagement of the capacity of the worthiness of either of the candidates. They are men for whom all good citizens can vote with full assurance that there will be no cause to regret it. The platform upon which they are to go before the people is plain, straightforward and easy to understand, and they are in earnest accord with every plank of it. There is no reason to suppose that they can be beaten by any possible combination of opposing elements. They have been nominated for the purpose of being elected by one of the largest majorities in the political history of the country and this purpose will be accomplished in spite of all that the free-traders and free silverites may do to prevent it.

The Watchword.

(Santa Barbara Press:) All California is in line for McKinley and Hobart, chosen to head the Republican ticket this fall. The ratification meetings throughout the State Saturday night went a long way in showing that the popular vote will be cast in November for the man who stands for the protection of home industries and the benefit of American laborers. McKinley and protection is the watchword.

Patrick Henry.

(Minneapolis Journal:) The Republican party goes forth to the battle this year with a ticket and platform which mean aggressive loyalty to a high and unstained public credit, and to the great policy of protection, whose meaning for our country's welfare can be studied in its effects from 1865 to 1893. Patrick Henry said, in his great speech in 1775: "I know no way of judging of the future but by the past." And this nation knows the transforming work of the Republican party in the past, and rightly prefers to commit itself to its guidance for the future.

His Name a Battle Cry.

(Cleveland Leader:) William McKinley is a leader whose name is a battle cry. He makes a platform in himself. A great policy is embodied in his record. The promise of protection to American industries lights the way before his party when he leads. Good wages for honest work; honest money to pay honest men; American markets for Americans; labor rewarded; industry defended; the land that is the home of liberty and the hope of progress, nourished and glorified—McKinley stands for these splendid and inspiring sources of strength and joy.

A Stalwart.

(New York Commercial Advertiser:) That he will faithfully observe every obligation of his party's platform may be taken for granted. McKinley is above all else a stalwart, uncompromising Republican, who believes implicity in the policies of the party that has honored him, and who can be trusted to execute them honestly and manfully, without fear or favor.

He Never Betrayed a Trust.

(Columbus, O., Journal:) Ohio gives William McKinley to the nation, convinced that whatever is best for the people will be typified in his beningant rule. He has never yet betrayed a trust, nor proven false to any man. He has been faithful over a few things. He will be made rule over man.

Full Work, Full Wages, Full Dollars

(Chicago Times-Herald:) Plenty of work and good wages, paid in honest dollars; no need to issue bonds. There is a platform good enough for any man's vote.

A Bad Case.

(Chicago Post:) The New York Sun solemnly makes the assertion that the Democratic party is forced to wreck itself on free silver in order to get away from Cleveland. It seems to be a case of "the devil and the deep sea," but, to avoid possible error, we would like to have the former properly labeled.

Pointer for Delegates.

(Cincinnati Times-Star:) A man carrying a coffin tumbled down an elevator shaft at Chicago this week. The casket was crushed to splinters, but it probably saved the man's life by breaking his fall. There is a pointer in this for the delegates who are to take their tumble over there next month.

CAMPAIGN SHOTS.

(Chicago Times-Herald:) We fear that Mr. Teller will become lonesome before the party does.

(Chicago Tribune:) There are 661½ men who can say, "I did it," and a few millions who can say, "I told you so."

(Chicago Tribune:) It is well to observe the rule against "scorching," but an exception must be made in the case of the tandem, McKinley and Hobart.

(New York Tribune:) So Mr. Whitney is not going to Europe, for the present, at least. Now just watch him in his great quadrennial role of Democratic foolkiller. It will be fun for everybody—but the fools.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat:) The most that can be said of the several declared candidates for President at Chicago is that, no matter which one of them may be chosen, their party will wish that it had taken somebody else.

(Chicago Inter Ocean:) Democrats have no Presidential buttons. No man can tell within a thousand miles where the lightning will strike. It may hit Coxey or Boies or Stevenson or Morrison or Whitney. It is greased lightning.

(New York Press:) President Cleveland is reported to have said that the nomination of Mr. McKinley would be unfortunate. The nomination of anybody by the Republicans this year will turn out to be unfortunate for the Democratic party.

(Poughkeepsie Eagle:) The most startling rumor of the season is to the effect that Grover Cleveland has intimated that he will vote the Republican ticket rather than for a silver Democrat. It may not be true—probably it is not—but there are plenty of better men who will.

PER ASPERA, AD ASTRA.
(Through Trials to Glory.")

The gods are dead, who, on the mountains' height,
Dwelt, wrapped in flame, and with the pulsing light
Of life, struck warmly all the waiting earth,
While white-robed priests chanted the day's new birth,
And altars blazed, and yearning glances turned
From earthy fires to where the clear sun burned
In the blue vault of the o'er-arching skies,
Longing to pierce their wond'rous mysteries.

The gods are dead, who, by the storied Nile,
Dwelt in grim majesty and watched the while,
Unpitying, the slaves, who with their sweat and tears
Bedewed their prayers, and through the toilsome years
Bent 'neath the scourge, and to the sound of moan
Wrought human sorrow into deathless stone,
Prone on the earth their crumbling temples lie,
The cast-off garments of dead deity.

And where are they, who, 'neath ambrosial skies,
Held lordly feast and am'rous revelries?
And where are they, who in the northern wood
Made their wild lair and quaffed their draught of blood?
All are laid low, while man, who bent the knee,
Takes firmer hold on immortality,
Above the wreck of altars towering high,
Master of time and eternity.

And standing thus he shall believe no more
The priest-forged legend and the man-made lore,
But seeing truth, fair-written on the scroll
Of earth and heaven, shall feel within his soul
The love that throbs through all-encircling space,
And unafraid look calmly in God's face,
Knowing that from the dead gods fell the seed
Which grew to flower and fruit at human need,
And faith's rich garner through the aeons vast,
Shall be man's noble heritage at last.
LOU V. CHAPIN.

THE SILVER BOLTERS

Taken to Task for Their Incorrect Statements.

The Act Pronounced Farcical in Its Dimensions.

No Disastrous Consequences Likely to Result Therefrom—Democratic Journals Discredit It—The Silver States Will Bolt the Bolters.

(Kansas City Star:) Senator Teller did not make a very conspicuous exhibition of sincerity and candor when he declared before the Committee on Platform at St. Louis that "every political economist of Europe, with five or six exceptions, is a pronounced and open advocate of bimetallism," and failed to state that every one of these European bimetallists looks with disapproval on the movement in this country to attempt the impossible task of restoring the value of silver without the aid of any other country. Every one of them looks upon the silver party of America as a monometallic party attempting to substitute the single silver standard of Mexico for the single gold standard now in use, and as an obstacle instead of an aid to the restoration of the only sort of genuine bimetalism which is possible, namely, bimetallism by international agreement. He referred to "the greatest teacher of New England" as a bimetallist, but he failed to state that this great teacher is as emphatic in asserting his opposition to the free-silver party in this country as he is in advocating bimetallism by international agreement. Senator Teller's pathetic cry would have sounded better if he had not injected these deceptions into his speech.

The Silver Bolters.

(New York Commercial Advertiser:) The silver bolt at St. Louis was farcical in its dimensions. Instead of being dramatic and impressive, as it had been advertised to be, it was so small and unimportant that it created merely a temporary diversion. Not one figure of national consequence took part in it. Senator Teller, the most prominent of the "secessionists," has for years been simply the spokesman of the silver mining camps, and the revolt against Republicanism has long been discounted.

Teller as a Candidate.

(Cleveland World:) The departure of the silver Senators and others from the Republican party is a loss, and is not to be considered as unimportant even though not serious. It is, of course, not the dramatic affair that Senator Teller tried to make it. It had been long in contemplation. At no time have Senator Teller and his colleagues had the least idea that the Republican party would adopt a free-coinage declaration. They might just as well have not gone to St. Louis at all as to have gone there and marched out. There was a kind of farce and sensation about their exit that impugns their sincerity and gives the least bit of an onion origin to Senator Teller's tears.

Their Pronunciamento.

(Chicago Times-Herald:) There is nothing whatever new in the pronunciamento sent out by the squad of seceders from the St. Louis convention announcing a new party, with Henry M. Teller as candidate for President. The incident is interesting chiefly on account of its relation to the course to be adopted by the Chicago convention. Teller will not come to it. It must go to him if it wants him as its nominee on a 50-cent dollar platform. If it adopts that sort of platform he is its logical candidate. It will be observed that the 50-cent dollar standard men consider themselves bigger than either the Republican national party or the Democratic national party. The former accepted the challenge. What the latter will do remains to be seen.

The Lion and the Lamb.

(Fresno, Cal., Republican:) So the National Committee of the People's Party has decided to indorse Henry M. Teller for the Presidency. Doubtless it is hoped also that the Democratic lion and the Populist lamb shall lie down together and a little Teller shall lead them. If the Populist party indorses the action of its Central Committee, it should forever bid farewell to its claim that it is a party of principle and admit that it is a party for offices only. No verbal admission could add anything to the admission implied in such a combination.

A Democratic Opinion.

(Chicago Chronicle:) The silver bolt in the Republican convention at St. Louis is compared in a general way to the slavery bolt in the Democratic convention at Charleston in 1860. But it has no such significance or dignity. The bolt of the Southern Democrats in 1860 led to the abandonment of their seats by the Southern members of Congress, to the secession of their States and to the civil war.

No such disastrous results will follow the secession of Teller and his followers from the St. Louis convention. The bolters are few in number. In some cases only a part of the delegates from a State seceded. The forty or fifty electoral votes of the States represented by the bolting delegates will not decide the Presidential election.

The Silver Bolt No Menace.

(New York Mail and Express:) The bolting of the silver delegates wounded Republican sentiment, but it did not weaken Republican strength. Indeed, the reverse is true. The Republican party is no stronger in its sound-money position and purpose, but it has a firmer hold on the confidence of the people because of its courageous stand on this question in the platform, and its refusal to either straddle or obscure the currency issue even to avert the threatened loss of the silver delegates.

An Abortive Bolt.

(Chicago Tribune:) The dispatches received thus far from those Rocky Mountain States, all or part of whose delegates bolted the St. Louis convention, do not indicate that the mass of Republicans of those States are going to rush blindly out of their party and join the free-trade and free-silver Democrats or the flatist Populists.

Hard Road to Travel.

(New York Mail and Express:) Brother Teller has gone, but as he did not show his ticket before starting it is as yet unknown whether his destination is the lonesome camp of Populism or the noisy tent of the warring Democracy. The only sure thing is that he has a hard road to travel.

Won't Catch Flies.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat:) If the Democrats nominate Teller with a view to catching the votes of free-silver Republicans, they will be badly disappointed. The Republicans are not in the habit of following a man out of the party in order to get a chance to vote for him.

Voice of Experience.

(Chicago Tribune:) Maud. Here's a magazine article about "The Joy of Love." Is love better than ice cream soda?

Mamie. N—no, but you can have a great deal more ice cream soda with the love than you can without it.

ALTERNATIVE OF THE DUEL.

There Was No Escape in Former Times Except Through Dishonor.

Among the archaic things in this country we have come at last, happily to class "the duello," as it was once proud to be called, says Lippincott's, "The field of honor," "the code of honor," "the satisfaction usual among gentlemen" and other such phases have become practically obsolete and whereas formerly it would have been a very astonishing thing if a gentlemen failed to send his "friend" with a challenge to any other gentlemen who had insulted him, the astonishing thing now would be for such a challenge to be sent under any circumstaces, although it must be said, in honest truth, that the duel itself (considered apart from it's code) was much less objectionable than are many of the modes of violence that have succeeded it. So much may be conceded without in any degree lessening the just condemnation of dueling as a relic of barbarous chivalry.

It was "the code" which really gave the duel its specially malefic character. As long as this inexorable law prevailed every gentleman was under bonds of honor to resent to the death any impeachment, however slight, of his truth, honesty or courage. A few exemptions were allowed, it is true, but on a whole not to recognize the code, when occasion arose under it, was to be banned as a coward. Reversing the maxim of the civil code the duello magnified trifles to wrongs that could be expiated only in blood. It was not allowed to treat such things with indifference or contempt and any attempt to pursue that course toward an equal in social, political or professional life, if it did not at once conclude the matter fatally against the person undertaking it, only shifted the mortal initiative to the other party. There was no alternative where it was so sternly commanded to fight or be dishonored. Even men like Clay had to obey the despotic rule and beneath it such men as Hamilton had to fall.

The Republican Candidate for Vice-President.

(Chicago Tribune:) Garrett A. Hobart of New Jersey, a staunch, true Republican who has done yeoman service in redeeming his State from Democratic misrule, has been fitly named as candidate for the Vice-Presidency by the Republican National Convention. Next to the ex-Vice-President and Governor of New York, Levi P. Morton, Mr. Hobart was the most prominent candidate, and when Mr. Morton declared through Mr. Depew that he would not take the nomination unless it was unanimous, which was an impossibility, Mr. Hobart was the leading candidate and secured the honor.

The selection was eminently judicious. Mr. Hobart is in the very prime of life. Mr. Morton is old and infirm, and he can retire full of honors. Again, he represented a faction, and it was not deemed best to go before the people with a faction leader on the ticket. Again, in this uncertain world, no one can say what may occur. We have lost four Presidents already, and should anything happen to Mr. McKinley the Presidency would lapse into the hands of an aged, feeble man. Undoubtedly Mr. Morton himself recognized the several reasons which were against his taking the nomination.

Mr. Hobart has a good position in the East. He has been Governor of a State with a large population, full of manufactories and having great industrial and commercial interests lying intermediate between the great States of New York and Pennsylvania. He is in the center of a tri-State population of 13,000,000, and he has made himself known and suits the Republicans of those States. He is not connected with any factions nor involved in any entangling alliances. He has not mixed up with monopolies. He is neither a goldbug or a silver grubworm. He is only a straightforward, zealous Republican, believing all the fundamental doctrines of the party, and personally an active, vigorous, public-spirited, liberal-minded man. He will subscribe from orginal sentiment to every plank in the platform. He is a good friend of McKinley and the McKinley people. Every Republican in the United States can vote for him with the conviction that he will fill his honorable office with credit, and that if anything should happen the Presidency will be in safe hands.

Varieties of the Dude.

(New York Sun:) It is interesting to learn what constitutes a "dude" in various parts of town and country. The original "dude," the thin and melancholy type, is practically extinct, but the name survives, and queer enough are some of the applications of it. There are regions in this town, for instance, where the appearance of a man notably clean or including in his apparel spatts, or a tall "dicer," would move humorists at the street corners to yell "Dude;" and there are other parts of the town where Solomon in all his glory would be regarded with only gentle curiosity and would receive no loud-spoken tribute to the splendor of his attire. A dispatch from Texarkana shows what is the sign pedal, so to speak, of the "dude" in Arkansas. The footprints of some burglars were made by sharp-pointed shoes, wherefrom it is conjectured that the burglars "were evidently hard-up dudes."

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

A Daily Resume of Events for Your Scrap Book.

On June 26 of the years named occurred the following important events in the world's history:

HOLIDAYS.

Saints John, Paul, Vigilius, Maxentius, Babolen, Raingarda, Anthelm.

BIRTHS.

1702—Dr. Philip Doddridge.
1763—George Morland, artist.

DEATHS.

1276—Pope Innocent V.
1684—Archbishop Robert Leighton.
1688—Ralph Cudworth, author.
1691—John Flavel, writer.
1752—Cardinal Julius Alberoni, Spanish Minister.
1827—Samuel Compton, inventor of the "mule" (spinning machine.)
1830—George IV. of England.
1870—Earl of Clarendon, British Secretary for Foreign Affairs.
1870—Armand Barbes, writer.
1878—Queen Mercedes, Madrid, Spain.
1885—Mrs. Metta V. Victor, authoress.
1886—David Davis, ex-United States Senator from Illinois.
1887—James Speed, ex-Attorney-General.
1888—Sidney H. Gay, journalist.
1889—Gen. Simon Cameron, ex-Secretary of War.
1890—Judge T. B. Nesbitt, Circuit Judge in Missouri.

OTHER EVENTS.

363—Julian slain in battle in Assyria.
1409—The Popes refused to appear at the Council of Pisa.
1483—Usurpation of Richard III. of England.
1541—Francisco Pizarro assassinated at Lima.
1718—Alexis, Czarowitz of Russia, died under sentence.
1788—New York ratified Federal Constitution.
1792—First coalition against France, Austria, Prussia and Sardinia.
1794—Battle of Charleroi, France.
1830—Duke of Wellington became Premier to William IV.
1830—Accession of William IV. of Great Britain.
1846—Repeal of the corn laws in Great Britain.
1849—Navigation acts repealed.
1862—Seven days' battle from the Chickahominy to the James began.
1862—Bombardment of Vicksburg began.
1862—Lee repulsed at battle of Mechanicsville, Va.
1863—Wilder repulsed Confederates at Hoover's Gap, Tenn.
1876—Battle of Little Horn River, D. T. Gen. Custer killed.
1879—Abdication of Ismael I. Khedive of Egypt.
1893—Gov. Altgeld pardoned the Anarchists serving life sentence in Joliet, Ill.
1895—Duke of Aosta married Princess Helene of Orleans, London.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, June 25.—At 5 a.m., the barometer registered 29.89; at 5 p.m., 29.96. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 62 deg. and 69 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 84 per cent.; 5 p.m., 67 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., south, velocity, 2 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity, 6 miles. Character of weather, 5 a.m., cloudy; 5 p.m., clear. Maximum temperature, 76 deg.; minimum temperature, 60 deg.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Santa Ana is said to be making a success of its waterworks under municipal ownership.

Real estate agents have gained a second substantial victory in the refusal of one of the Superior Judges to grant a new trial in the suit of one agent against an owner for commission upon a $36,000 Broadway real estate deal.

In view of the disposition of the modern woman to break away from the matrimonial pledge to "love, honor and obey" it might be possible to bring about a compromise on the words "love and honor or obey," which would seem to meet the requirements of the times.

The agreement of the pastors of the evangelical churches of San Bernardino to hold union meetings during the summer, at which the pastors will preside in succession, affords an excellent opportunity for making a composite picture of theology, fringed all about with a halo of indistinct doctrines.

It will undoubtedly be Dole-ful news for Grover Cleveland and other friends of Queen Lil that the brother of the President of the Hawaiian republic is proposed for the Legislature from Riverside. Even so slight a bond between this country and the sister republic of the sea will tend to send shivers up Grover's massive spine.

It is suggested to Southern California free silver enthusiasts that they advocate the coinage by the government of glass dollars. Properly made, glass for this purpose would be enduring and cleanly, and, according to the theorists, if it bore the government's stamp, it would be worth 100 cents on the dollar.

The Supreme Court has granted a rehearing in bank in the mandamus proceedings of T. A. Lewis against the State Controller, to enforce the payment of an annual salary of $2000 for services as expert of the State Board of Examiners. This proceeding would seem to indicate that there is much more in the case than was first supposed by that august body.

Now that the Pasadena man has found himself mistaken as to the identity of the person he saw up in Kern county, the search for Murderer Dunham may continue in various portions of the United States and Canada. The Times today gives a graphic story of how the Sheriff's posse, including a reporter of this paper, followed the Kern county clew until it was found to be erroneous. But there are others.

An instance of the superiority of the new army rifle with its small, hard metal bullet was noted at the target practice of infantry at San Diego recently. Last year this practice was carried on at the same rifle butts as the practice this year, but with the old style rifle and lead bullets. The riflemen this year found imbedded behind the butts a leaden bullet which had been partially flattened, fired the year before, and half way through this bullet had passed one of the new hardened bullets, cutting a clean hole through the lead after passing through the thick butt. The hardened bullet was not mutilated in the slightest.

Arizona's finances are in a deplorable condition; her warrants are selling at little more than 50 cents on the dollar and an eastern syndicate has refused to purchase her bonds after putting up a forfeit of $10,000. The hard times have intensified the strife for public office, and the country seems to be in the throes of a financial revolution. Arizona's citizens should open their eyes to the industrial situation and look elsewhere than to free silver for speedy and permanent relief. That Territory is rich in undeveloped resources, and the energy that is being expended in a scramble for office and the fostering of local jealousies, would better be directed to public and private improvement. Stability and progress lie in this direction.

Judge York's order in the new San Gabriel River water contest, pending litigation, is of importance to the settlers and the public generally. The court fixes the temporary rights of the contestants in such manner that no serious loss may ensue to consumers pending a long legal contest. The plaintiff company claims 800 inches of undiminished flow, as against all other consumers. After carefully looking into the question of rights, the court deals as liberally with the company as circumstances seem to warrant, and then requires the incorporation to give a bond in the sum of $10,000 to carry out the expressed terms. This bond must be filed within five days and the company is required to indicate its willingness to abide by the judicial ruling. Southern California's prosperity depends too largely upon water for irrigation to permit persistent litigation to blight the future of communities and induce financial ruin. During a determination of legal questions the accustomed uses of water should not be interrupted. The order of the court has the object in view, and has invoked the necessary power to enforce it.

Quarreling Brothers-in-law.

There was a lively scrap on Spring street at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Charles P. Arnold, a barber, met his brother-in-law, G. H. Welch. Welch and his wife are not on the best of terms, and Arnold tried to straighten the matter out. Welch grew angry and called Arnold a foul name. Then there was an interchange of blows, which ended in the arrest of both men by Officer Kolle. The two soon furnished the needed $10 bail.

His Waterloo.

(Harper's Bazar:) "Did you ever have any serious accidents while traveling?"

"Did I? It was while I was traveling through the south that I met my wife."

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

The reception given yesterday afternoon and evening by the ladies of Immanuel Presbyterian Church to the new members at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Clark on West Seventeenth street was a very pleasant affair. About seventy-five were present in the afternoon, and the rooms were thronged in the evning. In the afternoon Mrs. Kempton sang charmingly, and Mrs. Botsford gave a delightful piano solo; in the evening Musso's Orchestra furnished the music. Those who assisted in receiving were

Dr. and Mrs. Chichester,

Mesdames—

McCallum,	Fullwood,
O. T. Johnson,	R. H. Herron,
W. C. Patterson,	H. Chanslor,
S. S. Salisbury,	Forgy.
Leckey,	

In the large porch, which was screened by sudarris and decorated with pepper boughs, the ices and cakes were presided over by Mrs. W. G. Hutchinson,

Misses—

Luitweiler,	Harris,
Dorothy Wellborn,	Stark,
Lillian Wellborn,	Olave Clark,
Rowena Moore,	Virginia Dryden,
Daisy Moore,	Ada Dryden,
Harriet Smith,	Katherine Kemper,
Edith Whittaker,	Helen Kemper,
Pansy Whittaker,	Dunn.
Belle Whittaker,	

Masters—

Clarence Clark	Edwin Clark.

A LAWN SOCIAL.

The lawn in front of Plymouth Church on West Twenty-first street presented a festive appearance last evening at a social given by the ladies' Plymouth Union for the benefit of the church. Japanese lanterns were strung among the trees, and in the tents, shedding a soft light over the pretty scene. Delightful music was rendered during the evening by an orchestra. The ice cream tent was presided over by Mrs. B. Prentiss, assisted by Mrs. Mosher, the Misses Grace Rolley, May Prentiss, Lelia Simonds, Blanche McCormick, Paul and Florence Brooks. Mrs. Alexander White was in charge of the apron booth, and Mrs. Melton James, assisted by Mrs. James Irving, presided over the lemonade tent. The candy booth was in the charge of Mrs. J. M. Johnson and Mrs. E. W. Grannis.

A SURPRISE PARTY.

Prof. M. Carlson, principal of the High School commercial course, was given a pleasant surprise by his pupils at his home on South Sichel street. The evening was devoted to dancing and games. Charles Leffler rendered some excellent music. Those present were

Misses—

Rapsch,	Wellmans,
McLain,	White,
Harvey,	Wilkinson,
Maggie Russell,	Livingstone,
Deering,	Ferguson,
Robson,	

Messrs.—

Carlson,	McMillan,
Leffler,	Frick,
Sharp,	Kennedy,
Lansingh,	Crawford,
Morgan,	Cornish,
Van Horne,	Newman,
Fishbaugh,	Overholtzer,
Garrett,	Ragland,
Thorne,	Russ.

A LAWN PARTY.

A pleasant lawn party was given last evening by the womans' guild at the residence of Mrs. Isabella Lacy, on Downey avenue, for the benefit of the Church of the Epiphany. The pretty grounds were lighted with Japanese lanterns and among the shrubbery were tents for the refreshments, which were presided over by Mmes. Taney, Greer and Eley, assisted by the young ladies of the parish. The wide porch was enclosed, and the dining-room was thrown open, affording a pleasant resting place. Warren's Mandolin Orchestra discoursed delightful music during the evening, and the Goodwin brothers sang several enjoyable numbers. The Music Committee included Mmes. Trew, Brett and Safford.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Will Innes, W. B. McIntosh and Will McIntosh, left yesterday for a hunting trip in the mountains near Mojave. They will be absent two or three weeks.

Mrs. C. N. Smith, after a residence of six years in Los Angeles, left yesterday for New York, where she contemplates remaining for the coming year.

The engagement is announced of Miss Mamie Norton and Henry Klein. They will receive at the home of Miss Norton on Sunday afternoon, July 5.

The regular election of officers of the Violet Social Society took place Tuesday evening, with the following result: President, Charles Pleasance; vice-president, Ottis L. Wilson; treasurer, Owen Waters; secretary William McLaughlin; assistant secretary, Miss Frances Mason; usher, Miss Esther de Lodge; sergeant-at-arms, W. M. Megary. After the election dancing was enjoyed. During the months of July and August, the society will take a vacation. The closing dance will be given next Tuesday evening.

Miss Bixby, who is convalescing from a severe illness, has arrived home from Wellesley.

Miss Lebus has returned home from the Johns Hopkins University.

Miss Elizabeth Marble is at home from Bryn Mawr, for the summer vacation.

A delightful social and musical evening was enjoyed last evening, in the parlors of the First Presbyterian Church. There were present 117 persons. The parlors were effectively decorated in cool green, striped grass and papyrus. The programme included a beautiful vocal solo by Mrs. Burdett, a duet by Mrs. Burdett and Mr. Zinch, and a solo by the latter.

The lawn party given last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Morgan on Griffin avenue, for the benefit of the East Los Angeles Baptist Church, was a very successful affair.

Mrs. M. S. Johnston will give an ice cream social at the St. Helena, No. 324 South Broadway, this evening.

A social dance will be given this evening by the United Order of American Friends.

Dr. H. G. Brainerd has returned from a two weeks' stay at San Clemente.

Mrs. H. Dinklage of San Francisco, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. Lehmann, at No. 656 South Spring street. She will be at home to her friends on the fourth Fridays.

THEY GRADUATED.

Commencement Exercises of the Los Angeles Business College.

The graduating exercises of the Los Angeles Business College, at the Los Angeles Theater last evening, drew an audience that completely filled the house. The stage presented a very attractive appearance, the students being seated in tiers, while in front of them were arranged potted palms and plants. After the invocation by the Rev. J. S. Pitman, and a selection by the Krauss String Quartette, Miss Amelia Guest of the stenographic department, delivered the salutatory.

Miss Maud Willis gave several enjoyable readings, and Miss Beresford Joy contributed two delightful songs. Vice-President E. K. Isaacs gave an interesting and practical address, and President E. R. Shrader conferred the diplomas. The graduation address was delivered by Judge B. N. Smith, and the valedictory was given by Charles E. Ashley of the commercial department. Mrs. W. D. Larrabee assisted as accompanist. There were fifty graduates from the commercial department, sixteen from the shorthand department, and three from the telegraphy.

FAILED TO RESPOND.

Spiritualists Refused to Materialize Last Evening.

So hot has been the contest—on paper—between T. C. Alexander and the local mediums of this city, that another large crowd assembled last evening at the Burbank Theater, beaming with fond expectation of a lively scene on the stage when the challenges should be answered and the tempting money prizes lost or won, by those who profess to be familiar with the spirit world. All in vain. The challenge was given, but the mediums, if there were any, preserved the silence of the useful dead.

After the usual performance of music and legerdemain, during which there was absolutely none of the vindictive hissing that enlivened the entire programme last week, Mr. Alexander announced from the platform his offer of $10 to any medium who would give a manifestation that could not be explained or duplicated, and also the offer of $500 made by Mrs. Edna B. Sherman. No one responded. The audience cheered, and Alexander mildly encouraged the spiritualists, if there were any present, not to be backward about coming forward. Still silence reigned. The mediums were evidently doing the modest violet act, or else did not dare to come forward. The latter view of the case was taken by both Alexander and the audience, and the performance proceeded merrily.

All the usual tricks were explained and exposed. Alexander doing much more demonstrating and less explaining than at the entertainment last week. The best thing was the cabinet trick, with the medium inside, securely tied with ropes. This was exceedingly clever, as the most astonishing performances went on without any apparent cause, and might very easily have been attributed to supernatural agency by those who believe that spirits shake tambourines, ring bells, and bang guitars for the edification and advancement of their mortal friends.

(Washington Star:) William C. Whitney seems to be one of the rare politicians who are more concerned about how much a party needs them than about how much they need a party.

EXCURSIONS
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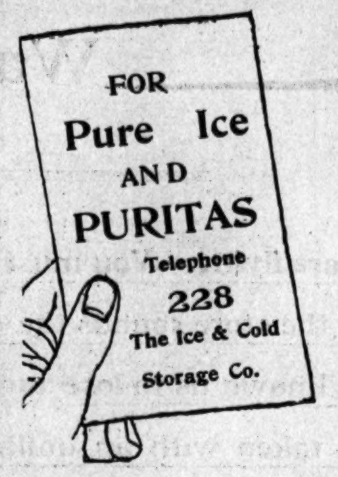
26th 27th
$3.
HOTEL DEL CORONADO
Grandest Resort on the Continent
Since building Government Jetty fishing is the best to be found. Make no mistake but go direct to "HOTEL DEL CORONADO." Summer Rates in force.
CORONADO AGENCY,
200 S. Spring St.



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A New Story,
By Capt. Charles King,
32 full page illustrations,
Price $1.15, Postage 10c extra.
An interesting story where the characters are human and natural, his personages become living realities whom you seem to have met and cultivated to the extent of understanding their characters and motives. For sale by
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Special
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Shirt Waists.
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Largest manufacturers of Ladies' and Infants' Wear on the Coast.
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Mail orders promptly filled.
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FREE PAINT
May be good enough in its place—poor place. There are people who would use free paint if they could. There are others, too. We want to get acquainted with the OTHERS. We can show them that it is cheaper to use HARRISON'S.
P. H. MATHEWS,
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BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE
Telephone 904.
239 South Broadway.
Opposite City Hall.

Friday Specials.
This being the last Remnant Day before our inventory we find it expedient to close out all Remnants and Odds and Ends that have accumulated since our last Remnant Sale. To effect a complete cleaning out we have made figures that are but a small part of the original prices.

Remnants of Silks.	Remnants of Linings.
Remnants of Colored Dress Goods.	Remnants of Laces.
Remnants of Black Dress Goods.	Remnants of Ribbons.
Remnants of Colored Wash Goods.	Remnants of Buttons.
Remnants of White Wash Goods.	Remnants of Draperies.
Remnants of Embroideries.	Remnants of Trimmings.
Remnants of Outing Flannels.	Remnants of Eiderdown.
Etc., Etc.,	Etc.

At Exactly Half Price.
Ladies' Silk and Lisle Vests.
Slightly soiled from display.
Regular prices 50c to 75c; sale price.......... Each 25c
Ladies' Ribbed Lisle Thread Hose.
Cardinal and light blue, also fancy boot effects in fine Cotton Hose, regular price 25c to 75c the pair; now will close at.......... Per pair 15c
Boys' Gray Mixed School Hose.
Regular price 20c and 25c; now going at.......... Per pair 5c
The above line makes excellent Vacation Stockings, the quality is elegant, the color is the cause of the low price.
Oriental Guipure Laces....... Half Price
Fancy Veilings........ Half Price
Ladies' Linen Collars...... Per doz. 15c
Ladies' Untrimmed Hats,
At ½ the regular price.
Flowers, Flowers.
$1.50, $1.25, $1.00 and 75c clusters; today.......... 25c
We have arranged two large Remnant Tables in the center of the store immediately north and south of the elevator, where will be found the bargains of the day.

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The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established 26 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte (Montana), San Francisco, and Los Angeles at
123 South Main Street.
In all private diseases of Men
Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured.
CATARRH a specialty. We cure the worst cases in two to three months.
GLEET of years standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.
Examination, including Analysis, Free
No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 11.
123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Young Mrs Phyfe
—is a model wife:
And a right good cook is she.
Such bread and cake as she doth make
'Twould gladden your heart to see.
And doughnuts brown—the best in town:
Her pies are fit for a queen:
And her success, as you might guess,
Is due to COTTOLENE.
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the most healthful as well as the most economical shortening and frying medium known.
Genuine Cottolene has trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.
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Now Ready. ROWAN'S Pocket Map of Los Angeles county, accurately locating by recent survey all Wagon and Electric roads, Railways, Stations, Postoffices, Streams, Mountains, Islands, Section, Township and Range of unoccupied government lands, mineral and agricultural. Mailed to any address. Price 50c post paid. GARDNER & OLIVER, Publishers, Booksellers and Stationers 106 and 239 South Spring St.

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McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure.
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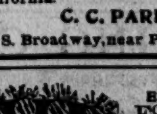
FIFTY DOLLAR ELECTRIC BELTS, FOR $25; $40 BELTS for $20, and $30 Belts for $15; also good Belts for $5. Latest patent and all improvements. Write for new pamphlet No. 2. Address PIERCE & SON, 704 Sacramento St., corner Kearney, second, third and fourth floors, San Francisco.

AUCTION.
RHOADES & REED, Auctioneers, will sell the entire contents of the
Ralston Restaurant
315-317 W. Third st., Friday, June 26, 1896, 10 a. m.
Comprising 150 Vienna Chairs, Dining Tables, Sideboards, Show Cases, Shelving, all Dishes, Glassware, Rogers Bros. 1847 Cutlery and Silverware, 12 foot Steel range, Broiler, Cooking Utensils, Bakery and Oven, about 300 yards Linoleum, Side Tables, Mirrors, etc. This is a first-class stock and every article will be sold on its merits regardless of cost. Ladies invited to attend
Pacific Loan Co.
Ben O. Rhoades, Auctioneer.

J. T. SHEWARD,
113-115 North Spring St.

Black Silk Skirts
From the New York Auction Sales
Worth $4.50, selling for $1.95, they have an eight inch ruffle and are bound with a pure mohair cord.
Ladies' Shirt Waists, only a small lot left for 50c each, they are made from Percales in nice new styles, they have large Bishop Sleeves and pure white linen collars and cuffs, they are worth and sold in this city from $1.25 to $1.75, this lot we sell for 50c.
Ladies' extra fine Jersey ribbed vests, the equal of any goods selling in this town for 35c, this lot 20c.
Ladies' fine Jersey ribbed vests 5c, nothing in the city the equal for less than 10c.
Ladies' fine Jersey Ribbed Vests, 8c, 10c, 16c. Worth and sold all around us for double the price.
We are selling a line of extra fine Jersey Ribbed Vests for 25c. Compare with goods worth double the money.
Do you want an extra fine Tan Hose for 25c? This special lot is as fine and heavy as any 50c Hose you ever bought in a regular way. Don't pass this over lightly if you want an extra value for the price.
We have a fine Silk Finished Cotton Hose for 25c a pair. They are too fine for this market. We will sell this lot for 25c a pair and guarantee it in every way the equal of any 50c Hose in this market. This Hose has the same finish and will wear better than any dollar Silk Stocking in this market.
Two good values. One a black. The other a Tan Hose. 3 pairs for 50c.

Newberry's.
Do You Know
We are selling Westminster Creamery Butter, roll.......... 45c
Royal Breakfast Food, 4 pkg.......... 17½c
Germea, 4 pkg.......... 17½
Backed Beans in Tomato Sauce, can.......... 10c and 20c
Remember we are headquarters for Pure California Olive Oil.
Look out for special Olive Oil Sale No. 10, the greatest special sale on record.
216 and 218 South Spring Street.

BISHOP & COMPANY
Princess Soda Crackers.

A COMMITTEE OF ONE
There is not a city, town, village or neighborhood in Southern California that cannot have a display of fireworks from $50 up. Appoint yourself "a Committee of One" to see your town has a display, or get your neighbors interested and have your own display. There is no money spent for amusement that affords greater pleasure than a display of GOOD Fireworks. It keeps people at home. The merchant gets more out of it than his contribution to the exhibit.
An advertised Night Display of Fireworks makes a good demand for fireworks to and including the Fourth.
Bishop & Company
Carry a full line of Paine's Fireworks.

NOW READY.
25,000 labels having been received today we can now fill orders for our
Premium Baking Powder
In any size cans. ¼ lb. can 10c, ½ lb. can 20c, 1 lb. can 40c, 5 lb. can $1.85. This is the purest baking powder made. Try it.
J. M. SPENCE & CO.,
Manufacturers. 413 S. Spring St.

TERRY TERRY TERRY TERRY
311 West Second Street
Near Broadway. Phone 1546

Try a box Jim Crack	5c	Terry's M. and J. Coffee, per lb	20c
Fancy Mixed Candy, per lb	10c	50c Uncolored Japan Tea	20c
Beaten Biscuit, per lb	12c	Makakake for Breakfast, per pkg	12c
So. Cal. Sea Biscuits, per lb	5c	Ralston Pure Food Coffee, per pkg	18c
Portland Snaps, per lb	10c	Pure Food Germlet, per pkg	18c
California Olives, per qt	15c	Shredded Cocoanut, per lb	20c
Boston Baked Beans, per can	5c	Dr. Price's Baking Powder, per lb	40c
Picnic Deviled Ham, per can	5c	Kindling Wood, per sack	15c
Large Loaf Quaker Bread	3c	5 Gallons Coal Oil	60c
Our Mothers' Mush	9c	5 Gallons Gasoline	74c

Get your Strawberries, Blackberries this week for canning; price low.
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WHAT EVERYBODY OUGHT TO KNOW.
There is a new OIL REFINERY on Ninth St., near Santa Fe avenue. NOW IN FULL OPERATION. ASPHALT, LUBRICATING OIL, DISTILLATE, CAR AND ENGINE OILS. Ready for immediate delivery, at lowest market rates. Quality the best. A share of the public patronage solicited. Respectfully,
P. O. Box 616. Asphaltum & Oil Refining Co.

Drink the Only...
Pure Water as Nature Prepares It.
CORONADO WATER
is the Purest on Earth. Sold in tanks, bottles and siphons by
Tel. 1204. W. L. WHEDON, Agent, 114 W. First.

PRICES CUT
Order Your Clothes Now.
GORDAN, The Tailor,
104 S. Spring st.

Patronize
The Frazier & Lamb Lumber Company,
134 S. Broadway.
They are independent and promoters of low prices.

CITY BRIEFS.

Mount Lowe Railway. The finest resort for a summer vacation, where more can be had and enjoyed at less cost than at any other place, is at Mount Lowe Springs, among the giant pines. "Ye Alpine Tavern," now surrounded with cottages and tents, miles of cool, shady walks and drives, numerous entertainments, evening and moonlight trolley parties. Low weekly rates with best of service will be made to include railway transportation. Full particulars at office of Mount Lowe Springs Company, Third and Broadway, Los Angeles, or Grand Operahouse Block, Pasadena, Cal.

The mountains are cool and pleasant. Trains leave Los Angeles for Mt. Lowe as follows: Via Los Angeles and Pasadena Electric Railway, at 8 o'clock a.m., 9 a.m., 3 p.m., and 5 p.m.; returning, leave Alpine Tavern at 7:30 a.m. and 3:15 p.m. Via Los Angeles Terminal Railroad, leave Los Angeles at 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.; returning, leave Alpine Tavern at 7:30 a.m. and 3:15. The train leaving Los Angeles via electric railway at 5 p.m., is a business man's train, arriving at Alpine Tavern in time for dinner, returning at 7:30 a.m., passengers arriving in Los Angeles at 9:30 a.m.

A dollar saved has a pleasant look about it. Dollar saving is great fun which crowds are enjoying at Desmond's big sale of hats, shirts, underwear, neckwear, collars, hosiery, etc., etc. Fun and business meet at Desmond's store, Nos. 202 and 204 South Spring street, new Wilcox building.

Money talks and what it says is worth hearing. You'll learn all about it at Desmond's hat and furnishing sale where bargains galore await thrifty shoppers. See show windows today in the new Wilcox Block, Nos. 202 and 204 South Spring street.

Kool, kooler, koolest. When you take the excursion to San Diego, come direct to the Horton House, the only European hotel and the coolest house in the city. All car lines pass the Horton.

Lawn social. Plymouth Congregational Church grounds, tonight; music, refreshments, apron sale. Mattilee Leob, cornetist; Twenty-first street, between Estrella and Figueroa.

Dr. Le Doux will about July 1 remove his office to the Wilcox Block, corner of Second and Spring streets, room 200, over Jevne's new store.

The graduating exercises of the Woodbury Business College will be held at the Los Angeles Theater on next Monday evening, June 29.

The remains of Otto Kornwebel were embalmed by Orr & Hines, and shipped yesterday to Chicago for interment.

Special—Fine cabinet photos reduced to $1 per doz. "Sunbeam," 236 S. Main.

Fireworks, wholesale and retail, Lazarus & Milzer, 213 South Spring.

Summer Sloyd School, 1207 Clinton avenue.

Curio clearance sale at Campbell's

The senior A novelty race at the High School field day Wednesday, was won by Paul Dougherty in 1:14.

Dr. L. Goodfellow, a resident of Arizona for over twenty years, and until recently Health Officer of the Territory, is the latest Arizona convert to Los Angeles climate.

There will be a meeting of the Second Ward Republicans at Labor Hall, Jones Block, this evening (Friday,) at 7:30 sharp, for the purpose of organizing a Second Ward Republican club.

Harry Hezekiah and William Van Horne, the two men who are accused of the murder of Edward White, were yesterday handcuffed together and taken to the County Jail for safe-keeping.

A feature of the Mexican games on the Fourth of July will be the presentation of four events in exact imitation of their performance at the great fêtes in honor of Emperor Maximilian, upon the occasion of his triumphal entry into the City of Mexico.

The District Lodge of Good Templars of Southern California, known as District No. 9, met in convention yesterday at A.O.U.W. Hall. A number of delegates were in attendance, and among those present was Grand Chief Templar Rev. J. W. Webb of Fresno.

It is said that Gen. A. B. Campbell, who was sent to Highland Tuesday, is rapidly recovering, and may soon be discharged. He is now perfectly rational upon all subjects but spiritualism, and his friends are most sanguine that his reason will soon be fully restored.

A strong movement is on foot in opposition to the petition for a Sunday-closing ordinance. Two protests, with some twenty-five hundred signatures, have been presented to the City Council. The protestants declare that the proposed ordinance would be unjust and unconstitutional.

Preparations are already being made for the convention of the Grand Division of the Order of Railway Conductors of America, to be held in this city on May 22, 1897. A local executive committee has been appointed to make all necessary arrangements for transportation, entertainment and raising of funds.

The Sheriff was notified yesterday morning that four inmates of the Highland Insane Asylum had made their escape while taking their usual exercise. The guards were obliged to return to the asylum with the other patients before going in pursuit. Officers are searching the foothills, but they have not yet effected a recapture.

Mrs. Fannie Mathews, who caused the arrest of her husband for battery, says the fellow was content to stay with her as long as she could work and earn money to feed him but that now she is sick he leaves her in poverty. She says she has always been a faithful wife, but that he has called her bad names and abused her shamefully.

The Chamber of Commerce donations yesterday were: Rosecrans ranch, pears, apples and walnuts on branches; Mrs. Parker's Nursery, city, flowers; A. P. Griffith, Azusa, New Queen potato; J. H. Hurber, Hesperia, oats and barley in sheaf; George Bacon, Duarte, Royal apricots, Early Golden apricots; San Diego Land and Town Company, San Diego, lemons; L. Wilson, Whittier, lemons.

Wrangling Over City Water.

The right of the Home Ice Company to use city water for manufacturing ice and for power has been assailed by the rival ice companies and yesterday the matter was brought before the Zanja Committee for decision. It was claimed in behalf of the other companies that the Coulter company originally received its grant of water privileges for the purpose of operating a woolen mill, and that the subsequent change to the manufacturing of ice worked a forfeiture of the rights granted. It was contended also that the city had no right to favor one company in this manner, as it worked such serious disadvantage to its competitors. They labored under a severe handicap and the competition is so keen that their business is suffering keenly.

Mr. Coulter appeared before the committee, but declined to answer any questions put to him by members of the committee, or by the City Attorney, alleging that he was advised by counsel to take this course. Mr. Coulter said that he had an abstract title right to the water. The Zanja Committee finally referred the matter to the City Attorney for investigation and report.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SENIOR DAY.

Exercises of High School Class of '96 at the Los Angeles Theater.

The Los Angeles Theater was packed to the roof yesterday afternoon, at the class day exercises of the High School seniors. After an overture by the orchestra, and a graceful address of welcome by the class president, Charles Seyler, Jr., a delightful presentation of "A Midsummer's Night's Dream," was given with the following cast: Theseus, Duke of Athens, Pierce F. Johnson; Egeus, father of Hermia, Guy Hogan; Lysander, in love with Hermia, Calvin Green; Demetrius, in love with Hermia, Lafayette Young; Philostrate, master of levels to Theseus, Edward Sherer; Quince, a carpenter, Harry Carr; Snug, a joiner, Charles Stedman; Bottom, a weaver, Earl Lewis; Flute a bellows-mender, Russell Taylor; Snout, a tinker, Simpson Sinsabaugh; Starveling, a tailor, Clark Haswell; Hippolyta, Queen of Amazon, betrothed to Theseus Mabelle Hatch; Hermia, daughter of Egeus, in love with Lysander, Fern E. West; Helena, in love with Demetrius, Clara C. Smith; Oberon, King of Fairies, Fowler Shankland; Titania, Queen of Fairies, Virgina Dryden; Puck, or Robin Goodfellow, R. Morgan Galbreth.

The audience was appreciative and rewarded the actors' efforts with the warmest of applause. The piece went off smoothly, the lines being read with much intelligence. Miss Virginia Dryden made a very lovely Titania, and filled her part with much grace, and Miss Smith and Miss West were also very charming as Helena and Hermia. Earl Lewis was capital as Bottom; R. Morgan Galbreth made an exceedingly active Puck. The fairies were very pretty and graceful in their dances, and sang with much sweetness. Josie Cunningham took the part of Peas-Blossom, Pearl Bennett of Cobweb, Isabel Mattein of Mustard Seed, Sadie Cohn of Moth, and Bee Bennett of Peach Blossom. Roderick Burnham was a jolly little changeling.

The class will, written and read by Miss Lora Variel, was couched in quaint legal language, and bestowed the various belongings of the class upon its successors. The busts and banners went to the seniors, and the pictures and tables to the juniors, middles and ninth grade, while the class generosity, humility and debts were lavishly divided among all the succeeding classes. Mr. Housh and Miss Dunham were made executor and executrix "to serve without bonds other than those which esteem and kindly remembrance may create."

The class president then called the winners of the field day honors upon the platform, and presented them with ribbons. The programme closed with the singing of the class song.

SISTER'S SCHOOL.

Fortieth Annual Commencement Exercises—Large Attendance.

The fortieth annual commencement exercises of the Sisters' School, on Boyle avenue, were held yesterday afternoon, the auditorium being packed to the doors. Upon the raised platform in front of the stage were seated Father Adams, vicar-general, representing the right reverend, the bishop, Father Meyer and Father Antill of St. Vincent's College, and a number of the visiting priesthood. At the left were seated the sisters of the establishment, Sister Scholastius, who, for so many years, was lady superior, occupying the seat of honor. Promptly at 2 o'clock, as the Misses M. Deaver, D. Purcell, P. Williams and L. Murphy began Sousa's "Entrance March," 375 young girls, all in white, with blue ribbons, marched two by two into the hall, keeping perfect time. First came the seniors, then the juniors, followed by the lower grades, and last of all, the little tots. There were but three graduates, the Misses Loretta Catron, Anna Graf and Christina Jones. Miss Catron gave the salutatory, and Miss Graf the valedictory. Father Adams conferred the gold medals and diplomas, each of the graduates kneeling before the vicar-general to receive the decoration and honorable credentials. The music was unusually good. The fan drill by the younger pupils was thoroughly appreciated, and received an encore. At the close of the exercises Father Meyer made brief appropriate remarks, thanking the Protestants, as well as Catholics, for the generous aid extended in the past to the Sisters' School, bespeaking continued sympathy and appreciation in the future.

SAND-STREET SCHOOL.

The garduating exercises of the eighth grade of the Sand-street school were held yesterday afternoon. The room was prettily decorated. The programme included a piano solo by Elain Miller, a speech by Martin Cohen, president; banjo solo by Stella Hunter, recitation by Jessie Smith, class history by Laura Rathwell, oration, Ray Howard, responding oration by Charley Haswell, cornet solo by Harry Knoll, recitation by Mary Collins, piano solo by Elain Miller, poem by Joe Gleason, speech by Mr. Ashley, reading by Bertha Beecher, piano solo by Inez Morse, speech by Prof. Cates, recitation by Louise Ehrmann, prophecy by Arthur Pendell and piano duet by Rochy Quinn and Mabel Willette.

SANTA FE-AVENUE SCHOOL.

The Santa Fé avenue school held its closing exercises yesterday afternoon. The ladies of the district prepared a bountiful feast for the teachers and children as a pleasant surprise. After the dinner, which was spread under the trees at the home of Mrs. William Butler, Mr. Dolland, the principal of the school, invited the ladies to the usual closing exercises at the school, where the little folks ended the afternoon very pleasantly with recitations and songs.

Macy-street School.

Yesterday afternoon the pupils and teachers of New Macy-street school varied the usual order of closing exercises by disposing of fifteen or twenty gallons of ice cleam, and a large quantity of cake in the most approved fashion. The ice cream man was notified to deliver a barrel of ice cream just after the close of school. Many of the children had come provided with the surplus cake from their home larders; and for about an hour one of the merriest "ice cream socials" of the season was enjoyed by nearly four hundred school children, together with Principal Hutchison, the assistant teachers, Misses Scollard, King, Barraclough, Lane, St. Clair, Lewis and Powell and many visitors at the school.

The Living Flag.

A large number of girls ranging from 12 to 15 years of age, met at Hazard's Pavilion yesterday afternoon to receive their first instructions for the part assigned to them in the American living flag, which will be one of the features of the street parade on the Fourth of July. A few more girls are wanted to complete the 190 needed in the composition of the flag. The girls will be handsomely costumed.

PERSONALS.

James Packard of Phoenix is in the city.

E. B. Cushing of Houston, Tex., is in the city.

Miss Mary Tarpy of San Francisco is staying at the Westminster.

William Holt and wife of San Francisco are registered at the Nadeau.

Walter J. Newman of Memphis, Tenn., is staying at the Hotel Vincent.

Charles A. Davenport of Little Rock, Ark., is registered at the Nadeau.

Mrs. George A. Knight and son of San Francisco are guests of the Westminster.

W. H. McIntosh and wife and H. L. Spaulding of Chicago are guests of the Nadeau.

J. J. Peters and wife and Miss May Peters of Vincennes, Ind., are guests of the Hotel Vincent.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Spaulding and E. R. Patterson and wife are registered at the Hollenbeck from San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Staacke and children and Miss A. Hander of San Antonio, Tex., are visiting Los Angeles.

Rev. and Mrs. M. H. MacLeod of Ontario, are guests at the Hollenbeck, en route to San Diego and Coronado on their wedding trip.

D. A. Meekins and wife of this city, accompanied by Mrs. R. E. Hollowell of Chicago, attended the Laubeer and Snow wedding on the evening of the 24th at Pomona.

C. W. Gould and wife of Philadelphia, R. L. Paynton of New York City, Mrs. L. Cozzens of San Francisco and S. E. Young and wife of Alexandria, Ind., are at Hotel Broadway.

Licensed to Wed.

Egbert Van Alen, aged 24, and Emma Esther Truesdell, aged 24; both natives of California and residents of Los Angeles.

George E. Leavens, a native of New York, aged 30, and Annie S. Harris, a native of Massachusetts, aged 31; both of Pasadena.

William Brower, a native of Illinois, aged 27, and Vitora Zeni, a native of Italy, aged 24; both of Los Angeles.

William A. Grosser, a native of Washington, D. C., aged 33, and Leonora Sens, a native of Ohio, aged 23; both of Los Angeles.

Joseph W. Galbraith, a native of Missouri, aged 41, and Addie W. Beizette, a native of Louisiana, aged 38; both of Los Angeles.

Frank P. Erskine, aged 25, and Marie G. Elliott, aged 21; both natives of Kansas and residents of Los Angeles.

Leopold Mohr, a native of Pennsylvania and resident of Columbus, O., aged 39, and Mrs. Lillie B. Fuller, a native of Ohio and resident of Los Angeles, aged 27.

Wellington F. Titus, a native of Connecticut, aged 33, and Martha R. Van Allen, a native of Kansas, aged 31; both residents of Los Angeles.

DEATH RECORD.

CONNOR—In Yuma, Ariz., June 23, 1896, Richard, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles V. Connor, formerly of Los Angeles.

COCHRAN—In this city, June 24, 1896, Virgil J. Cochran, son of Mr. and Mrs. V. V. Cochran, aged 14 years 5 months 26 days. Funeral from residence, No. 614 San Julian street, today at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend. Interment Rosedale Cemetery.

RIBOT—At Los Angeles, June 25, 1896, Prof. Antonio Cuyas y Ribot, a native of Barcelona, Spain, aged 79 years.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR TEA OR COFFEE.

Try hot or cold milkine with your next meal. It contains sterilized milk, malt of wheat and barley and desiccated beef. Call for samples at 456 S. Broadway.

50 CENTS EVERY DAY

To Redondo Beach or Santa Monica via Santa Fé. Trains at morning, noon and night.

Vacations are ripe.
So are Shoes.
Pick—
Mountain, Beach or Bicycle Shoes full of summery easiness, cool as an ice chest, easy as an old hat. Funny if more of you men don't come here for your Shoes. Perhaps you would if you knew as much about it as your wife does.
She knows.
L. W. GODIN,
GOOD SHOES,
104 N. Spring St.

SAILORS.

Fancy Novelty Braid Sailors—the new sorts in straight or bell crown shapes—white ribbon band and sweat band. They were 78c and were considered good value at that price—now they're

39c.

We show Veils too, today that we claim are the best values in town for the money............. 33c

Marvel Cut Rate Millinery Co.
241-243 South Broadway.
Double Store.

Great Alteration Sale...

The Crash of Falling Walls and Prices.

The dust and plaster are flying---You must take the goods at some price. The ring of the hammer through the store sounds the death knell of anything like regular prices or profits. You have known us to lose money before when occasion demanded. The losses now must be taken with an unflinching nerve. No merchant who is in business to make a living can meet or will meet our present prices, for it's a case of "Hobson's Choice" with us. Sell or box up the goods and close the doors.

The Cloaks and Suits, the Ladies' Underwear, and the Draperies must be moved at once. Where? To you. The Shoes are crowding us, and prices here give your money a princely purchasing power. Come today and test the Alteration Sale prices.

Sale of Flouncings 49c. | It pays to trade on Spring St. | A. Hamburger and Sons, North Spring Street | Wide Flouncings 49c.

Embroidered Flouncings 49c. | It pays to trade on Spring St. | A. Hamburger and Sons, North Spring Street | Sale of Flouncings 49c.

HALF PRICE AND YOU KNOW IT.

Too many sales are sales in name only—you know about Zobel's—our past sales are now a matter of trade history—we shall make more trade history tomorrow—half prices on *everything* in the brightest and best Millinery Store in Los Angeles—make no mistake—fill every millinery want for three months to come—confidence in our advertising and half-dollars in the place of dollars is all you need.

SALE OPENS SATURDAY, STORE CLOSED TODAY.

Lud Zobel Milliner of Style.

219 South Spring Street.

BANNING CO., 222 SOUTH SPRING STREET LOS ANGELES

Hand-picked, Southfield Wellington Lump Coal, $10 per ton, delivered.

Cement and Catalina Island Serpentine and Soapstone

Agents for SANTA CATALINA ISLAND; also for W. T. Co.'s Ocean Excursion Steamers, Tugs, Yachts and Pleasure Launches. TELEPHONE 36.

FOR Poland Rock Water Address Bartholomew & Co., 223 S Broadway Tel. 222

C. F. HEINZEMAN, DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST, 222 North Main St., Los Angeles. Prescriptions carfully compounded day or night.

We Guarantee Painless Extracting. A GOOD SET OF TEETH FOR $8.00. PENN'A DENTAL CO., 226 South Spring street. Telephone 1128.

Tents, Awnings, Flags and Hammocks. Tents for Rent. J. H. MASTERS, Manufacturer, Tel. Main 1512. 13 Commercial St.

Drink more HIRES Rootbeer and less ice water this summer, and see how much better you will feel. HIRES Rootbeer not only quenches your thirst but acts as a tonic.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

SECOND PART.

Los Angeles Daily Times

Pages 9 to 14.

XVTH YEAR FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1896. PRICE 3 CENTS

Apollinaris

NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

MALICIOUS STATEMENTS having been disseminated that the APOLLINARIS WATER offered for sale in San Francisco is not the Natural product of the APOLLINARIS SPRING in GERMANY, notice is hereby given that every arrival of APOLLINARIS WATER is accompanied by a CERTIFICATE from the Proprietors of the APOLLINARIS SPRING stating that the shipment consists of Apollinaris Natural Mineral Water, bottled at the Apollinaris Spring near Neuenahr, Rhenish Prussia.

Such Certificates are invariably declared and subscribed to by the said Proprietors in the presence of the CONSUL of the United States of America at COLOGNE in GERMANY, and are filed at the San Francisco Custom House where they can at all times be inspected.

A REWARD of $1,000 will be paid for information which will lead to the conviction of any person or persons selling spurious Apollinaris Water.

JOHN CAFFREY, 47 First Street, SAN FRANCISCO,
Representing CHARLES GRAEF & CO., NEW YORK.
Sole Agents of the APOLLINARIS COMPANY, LIMITED, LONDON.

J. J. O'Brien & Co. — N. Spring st., near Temple.

J. J. O'Brien & Co. — N. Spring st., near Temple.

Specials..

From Four Departments.... At

The Reduction Sale Prices.....

All of which are superior values.

At 10 cents Each.

Ladies' White Embroidered Scalloped Edge Handkerchiefs, regular values 15c; sale price, each........10c

At 5 cents per yard.

White Guipure Embroidery, 8 inches wide, many patterns to select from' regular value 10c; sale price per yard........5c

At 15 cents per yard.

Butter Cream Oriental Lace, 9 inches wide, regular value 25c; sale price, per yard........15c

At 25 cents per yard.

Double-width Dotted Veiling, in black, cream, brown and navy, regular value 40c; sale price, per yard........25c

At 65 cents.

Ladies' 4-button Kid Gloves, in cream or white, with black embroidered backs and large pearl buttons; regular price $1.00, sale price........65c

At 75 cents.

Ladies' 4-button Kid Gloves, in black, tan, mode and brown, with large pearl buttons and self-colored embroidered backs, regular price $1.00; sale price........75c

At 12½ cents.

Ladies', Gents' and Children's All-silk Windsor Ties in an endless variety of patterns, plaids, polka dots, light and dark figured and Persian effects, regular price 25c; sale price........12½c

At 25 cents.

Gents' Balbriggan Underwear in ecru or natural gray color, finished with French collarette, pearl buttons and silk bound, regular price 35c and 40c; sale price........25c

At 10 cents.

Ladies' Hosiery, fast black and new tan shades, Richelieu rib, double heels and toes, regular price 15c pair; sale price........10c

At 10 cents.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, Low neck and sleeveless, ecru shade, neck and arms finished with crochet edge, regular price 16⅔c each; sale price........10c

At 60 cents.

Ladies' French Sateen Corsets, the celebrated W. B. brand, in black or drab with double front steels and two side steels, regular price $1.00; sale price........60c

At 40c.

Children's Corded Sun Hats, made of fine quality Chambry, in pink, blue, white, tan and navy, well made and edged with lace; just the thing for beach wear, regular price 65c; sale price........40c

Teeth Extracted **Without Pain.**

Without the use of gas, chloroform cocaine or anything else dangerous. From one to thirty-two teeth extracted at one sitting without any bad after-effects.

Safest and best method, for elderly persons and people in delicate health and for children.

We extract over fifty teeth a day by our painless method and are equipped for just this kind of work.

ONLY 50c A TOOTH,

A reduction when several are extracted.

Filling 50c up. Porcelain crowns $2.50 up; gold crowns $4.00 up; flexible rubber plates $5 up. A good rubber plate only $5.00.

Schiffman Method Dental Co.

Rooms 22 to 26,
107 North Spring St.

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A BOLD SCHEME.

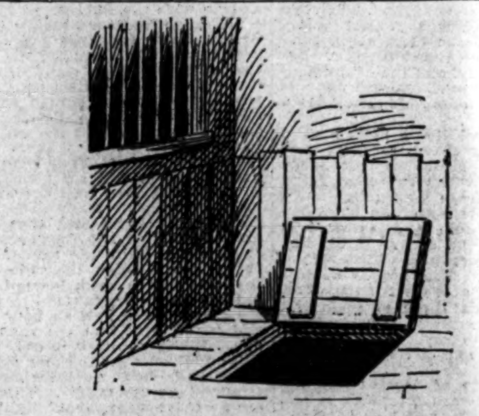
Daring Attempt to Rob the First National Bank.

A Long Tunnel Dug to the Treasure Vault.

The Great Labor of the Would-be Robbers Was Made Useless by Opportune Discovery—Missed a Half-million Dollars.

A bold, but unsuccessful attempt to rob the First National Bank of this city by means of an underground tunnel driven through the earth to a point underneath the great bank vaults has been brought to light.

The affair is one of the most remarkable in the history of crime in California, involving as it does an effort to carry off $500,000 worth of gold, silver and currency.

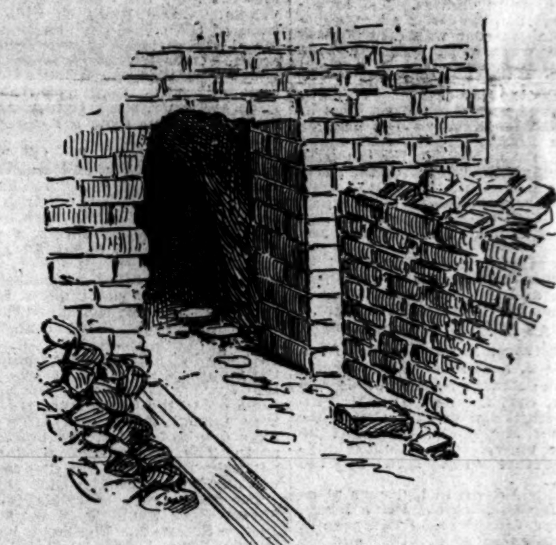


THE OPENING INTO THE SALOON CELLAR.

The whole thing is the work of skillful and experienced bank thieves, who spent long months of unremitting and skillful labor in the attempt to carry out one of the biggest bank robberies on record.

THE ATTEMPT.

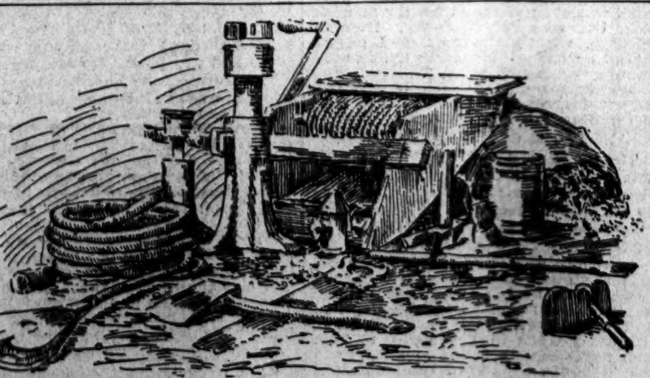
Down on Commercial street, just around the corner from the Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank, is a row of little one-story buildings. At No. 112 Commercial street is a saloon known as the Anaheim Music Hall, until a few days ago run by Fred L. Jones. Underneath the place is a large cellar, which can be entered only by a trap door in a closet opening on an area. The trap door can be seen only on close examination, and furthermore the door to the closet was always kept locked. At the bottom of the stairs, which led down from the trap door was another stout door, so the cellar was a thoroughly safe place for a center of operations. For further security, the small grating at the front of the cellar, opening on the sidewalk, was wadded up with blankets, in order that not a sound could escape from the cellar nor could any one see in.



MOUTH OF THE TUNNEL IN SALOON CELLAR.

The crooks took good observation of the surroundings. As the First National Bank is daily thronged with customers, the thieves could easily spy out the exact location of the vaults.

The men who attempted the bank-robbery evidently understood mining and surveying. They calculated so carefully the direction and distance in which the tunnel must be driven that they excavated it in a straight line, almost without a curve, and eventually came out right in the lower vault underneath the treasury.



THE "KIT" FOUND BY THE POLICE.

The work began by smuggling into the cellar the tools needed. Then the crooks began the actual work. In the southwest corner of the cellar they broke a hole in the brick foundation wall. Then, with crowbar, spade and sharp-pointed pieces of iron they attacked the earth beyond. It was a gravelly soil, full of large stones. It had the merit that it would not easily cave, but to avoid all possible danger the men timbered it as they went along.

They placed a board at each side of the tunnel, at frequent intervals, with cross braces. Resting on these were longer boards, which supported the roof of the tunnel. Wedges were used to strengthen the whole.

It was work conducted under difficulties. The burrow is so small that it was hard to wield a tool within it, and is so small one cannot turn around in it. The men had to lie flat while they delved in the ground ahead of them, pushing the dirt back as they worked like moles. When they had accumulated a quantity they piled it on a piece of carpet, which was just the size of the tunnel. A rope was fastened to the end of this and the earth was drawn out by means of an improvised windlass, which was kept thoroughly oiled and made no noise.

Large stones, twice the size of a man's head, were encountered during the work, and successfully removed. A large pile of them were heaped in a corner of the cellar. The loose earth was piled at the front of the cellar, forming before the work was done a pile amounting to half a dozen wagon loads.

NEEDED FRESH AIR.

As the men proceeded further and further into the earth, the air grew so foul they could scarcely work. Accordingly they took a rubber garden hose to the cellar and by a pair of small bellows pumped air into the tunnel. It must have kept one man working steadily with the bellows to keep the air in the tunnel fresh enough to admit continuance of the work. The hose was fastened with small wires to the side supports of the tunnel. The men needed a signal system that the man working in the tunnel might be able to tell the man at the windless when to pull out the loosened earth. For this purpose a cord was strung at the top of the south side of the tunnel by which a little bell in the cellar could be rung.

At intervals along the way the tunnel was broadened out sufficiently for a man to sit upright, and to turn around. In these places a candle in an improvised candlestick of tin was hung. The tunnel was kept well enough lighted for all practical purposes in this way. Beside this, when entering the tunnel the miners carried small lanterns with them.

The work went on for a period that must have been months. The crooks met in the cellar nightly, put on overalls and old clothes, then took turns at lying on their faces in the tunnel in the muddy gravel, painfully delving their way into the earth. They could work unperceived, for there is always such a racket at night in the saloon overhead that no matter how much noise they might make they could not be heard.

THE VAULT REACHED.

At last they reached the cement foundation of the vault, and by two cross tunnels, reaching to the brick side walls, learned just where they were. At this stage the tunel was 120 feet long, two feet high and two and one-half feet wide. Then they broadened out the tunnel so as to make a little underground room, plenty large enough to work in, and affording a place in which to push debris out of the way.

When the crooks had driven their tunnel to a point below the treasury, they brought a hydraulic jack to the underground chamber. It is an immensely strong affair, weighing about 150 pounds. How they could have taken it through that long, narrow tunnel seems almost miraculous.

The jack contains alcohol instead of water, and the pressure it can exert is almost incredible. They set up the jack and placed a sharp piece of iron on top. Then they went to work with it and by dint of a few minutes' operations punched a hole through the cement floor of the vault. This they enlarged, and at last had a hole amply large enough to admit of the passage of a man's body. Then, at last, they crawled up into the bank.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.

When the thieves crawled through their hole, they found their work had only just begun. They were not in the treasury, but only in the vault underneath.

The present treasure vaults of the First National Bank were built under the personal supervision of President J. M. Elliott six years ago. An excavation was then made, and a foundation of cement was put in. On top of this had been built a brick vault, with walls in no place less than two feet thick. There is no door to this vault's doorway, but it is always open. There is a cellarway all around it. This arch is the massive base on which the treasure vaults rest.

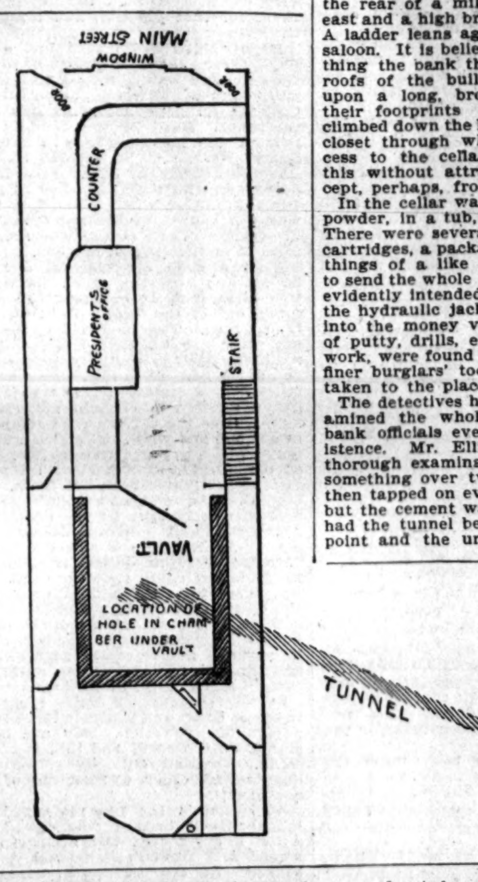
WHERE THE BURGLARS BROKE THROUGH INTO THE CHAMBER UNDER THE VAULT.

This plan of construction has the advantage that bank-thieves must show their hands before they even begin work on entering the treasury. If they tunnel under the vaults, they emerge only in the sub-vault, which is visited frequently and from which sounds readily reach the bank. Thus when the robbers left their tunnel, they were merely at the beginning of the hardest work of all, a task which the best mechanic, equipped with the best tools, and working undisturbed, could not possibly accomplish in less than three days.

The arch of the sub-vault is of brick, a number of tiers in thickness. Then comes a thick bed of cement in which is laid a gridiron of two tiers of sixty-pound steel rails. Above this is more cement, with steel wagon-axles of still harder consistency imbedded therein. All this is merely the foundation for the money vault. Then comes the floor, which consists of three layers of lap-steel plates, with iron between. The edges of no two plates coincide. No bolts go through the whole floor. A drill which cuts steel will not cut iron. This constituted an almost insuperable task.

But even if the thieves had entered the vault, there was still the task of entering the safes, which are of unusually strong construction. In the vault there are seven different receptacles for valuables, and even if the burglars had broken into the vault, the chances are they would have opened the wrong receptacle and obtained nothing but papers valueless to them.

Undaunted by these things, of which, of course, they were in the main ignorant, the thieves commenced work on the brick ceiling of the sub-vault and removed a number of the bricks.



But fate was against the gang of crooks. They were scared away when the work was scarcely begun.

One night during the recent hot spell, a man who sleeps in the bank was awakened by some noise. He went down into the cellar, pistol in hand, glanced around, saw nothing that looked suspicious, and went back to bed. It is believed this happened the very night the entrance into the sub-vault was effected, and that the crooks never dared to return to their nefarious work.

HOW THE PLOT WAS DISCOVERED

For nearly a year the police have known that some of the most skillful all-round criminals in the country contemplated an enterprise of magnitude in this city. The detectives have kept vigilant watch, in the hope of preventing the threatened danger.

A gang of four men, whom the police believe to be expert crooks, were found by the police to be in Los Angeles some months ago. They visited the rooms of the men and found garments covered with fresh earth, not only on the legs of the trousers, but upon the front and back of the upper garments. This convinced them the fellows were trying to rob some bank. Through an unfortunate occurrence, the detectives were forced to arrest the men before they had gathered any good evidence against them, and all they were able to do, after subjecting them to severe cross-questioning, was to order them to leave the city. Two noted crooks named Ryerson and Brown Matheny were members of this gang.

The authorities felt convinced that the men had begun active operations on some big enterprise. Accordingly they visited every bank and large jewelry store in the city, warned the officials, and thoroughly examined the vaults, cellars, and entire premises, but all to no avail. This was done before Chief Glass went east in May. The detectives worked on the matter all the time he was away, and on his return Chief Glass himself went to work.

A GOOD CLEW.

On June 17 the Chief had discovered a clew. He sent Detectives Auble and Bradish to the saloon at No. 112 Commercial street, and told them to make a thorough search. They visited the place in the guise of health inspectors. They looked through the main room of the place, they examined the little stage, they looked through the row of private rooms back of the stage. At last they found a closet which was tightly locked. They succeeded in effecting an entrance. All looked unsuspicious within. But on minute search, they found that a section of the flooring was movable. They lifted it off and let themselves down into the hole. From the trap-door they descended the steps, entered the cellar, and found the astonishing spectacle of a cellar half full of fresh earth, with a windlass on one side, digger's tools scattered everywhere, and dynamite, nitroglycerine, fuses, etc. scattered picturesquely around.

They made a thorough search of the cellar, and at last, in the southwest corner of the cellar, found the entrance to the tunnel, hidden behind a board which was padded with sacks so that when placed against the opening it allowed no sound to escape from within the tunnel. Detective Auble was the first to enter the tunnel. When he returned, his clothes were in a fearful condition from the mud and gravel. Then he and Bradish went in together, first removing all their clothing but underclothes. They were busy examining the tools, the appliances, the holes dug at the top of the tunnel to see if the vault had been reached, etc., when they noticed the air was growing foul.

DETECTIVES BEAT A RETREAT.

They started back, going as fast as they could crawl. The air became so foul that their candles went out. The tunnel seemed thrice as long as it really was. When they at last reached the cellar, they were so weak and faint they could not stand up.

From that day, Wednesday, June 17, there has been a man on guard at both ends of the tunnel night and day every hour. Sergeant Smith was in the cellar for two days on a stretch, hidden securely, in the hope the thieves would return and he could bag them like rats in their holes. Officer Reynolds and Officer Phillips stood guard and the whole detective force bent its utmost energies to the capture of the thieves.

But they did not dare to return.

Detectives Auble and Bradish worked unremittingly. For five whole days they removed their clothes only once. They slept scarcely at all. They snatched their meals at odd moments, often going without food for long stretches.

They got on the track of one man, James K. Stevens, and dogged his footprints for twenty-four hours, capturing him at last on a country road, outside the city.

As for Brown Matheny and the others, they escaped from the city, but there are excellent hopes they will be captured yet. They played for a great stake. If they had won, they would today be rich men, able to flee from America and live in luxury.

AND DYNAMITE.

At the southeast corner of the saloon is an area, with the saloon on the west, the rear of a tailor shop on the north, the rear of a millinery shop on the east and a high brick wall on the south. A ladder leans against the wall of the saloon. It is believed that as a general thing the bank thieves came over the roofs of the buildings, jumped down upon a long, broad board, on which their footprints are plainly visible, climbed down the ladder and entered the closet through which they gained access to the cellar, and could do all this without attracting attention, except, perhaps, from the saloon people.

In the cellar was a quantity of giant powder, in a tub, covered with water. There were several boxes of dynamite cartridges, a package of fuse, and other things of a like nature, quite enough to send the whole bank sky-high. They evidently intended to use both this and the hydraulic jack to break their way into the money vaults. A large mass of putty, drills, etc., intended for this work, were found in the tunnel, but the finer burglars' tools had not yet been taken to the place.

The detectives had discovered and examined the whole tunnel before the bank officials ever dreamed of its existence. Mr. Elliott himself made a thorough examination of the sub-vault something over two weeks ago. He then tapped on every part of the floor, but the cement was so thick that even had the tunnel been completed to that point and the underground chambers scooped out, he could not have discovered the fact. A few days later some of the bank clerks made another examination without results. Last Saturday morning the police advised Mr. Elliott of the whole enterprise, and when he saw the work which had been done, he was astounded. Since then he has afforded the police every opportunity to work up the case.

EXPLORING THE TUNNEL.

A Times reporter visited the cellar of the Commercial-street saloon, in company with Chief Glass, at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Seven or eight detectives, officers and bank officials were gathered there. Donning the cast-off garments of one of the crooks, the reporter took a lantern in his hand and crawled into the hole after Detective Auble, while Detective Steele plied the bellows without, to keep the tunnel supplied with air.

The journey was an exceedingly interesting one, from the fact that the tunnel had not yet been changed from the condition in which the crooks had left it. Everything was unchanged. The tools lay where they had been left. The hydraulic jack stood by the hole, with a board over its top. The detectives moved it for the first time in order to let the reporter crawl through into the sub-vault.

The sub-vault is filled with the old books of the bank, going back for twenty years. When the crooks gave up their attempt and fled, they pulled one of these old books over the hole, which is probably the reason nothing looked suspicious when the bank employé glanced in.

Fred W. Jones, the man who ran the Anaheim Music Hall, has not been seen since Sunday, June 14. The last work on the tunnel was done, it is believed, June 13. John W. Smith, the agent for the Anaheim brewery, which owns the saloon, says Smith left because of the pressure of his debts. Whether this is the right explanation or not is questionable.

MATHENY'S RECORD.

Brown Matheny, one of the men who, it is thought, is implicated in the attempted robbery, was arrested by the detectives on suspicion soon after the fiesta. Matheny was accompanied by a crook named Ryerson and two others.

Ryerson and another one of the party roomed together, while the others roomed alone in different parts of the city.

The police had been watching them for some time, and had examined their rooms and found things which led them to believe the men contemplated "doing a job" in this city.

One morning two of the detectives were searching one of the men's rooms when he suddenly returned for his watch, which he had left under his pillow. The officers were surprised, but not more so than the crook, and it became necessary to arrest him and the other, although the police had no specific charge against them. They were not booked at police headquarters, and were detained for some days and "shown up" at each roll-call.

Finally they were released early in the morning and told to leave town. Matheny was seen on the street in this city a few days after his release, and the police have kept close watch on all of them.

CONSERVATIVE RAILROADING.

Henry Villard Said to Be Engineering Another Scheme.

An Associated Press dispatch from Kansas City says President Ripley of the Santa Fé Railway system left for Chicago after the transaction of several items of business in Kansas City. President Ripley said: "There will be not one unnecessary wheel turned from now on until after the election. So far as the Santa Fé Railroad is concerned, there never will be one unnecessarily turned."

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The foreclosure sale of the San Francisco and St. Louis Railroad at St. Louis on the 27th inst., will be attended by the purchasing committee empowered by the reorganization interests to bid in the property. The minimum price is placed at $1,250,000.

LATEST VILLARD SCHEME.

CHICAGO, June 25.—The Evening Post has a sensational piece of railway news today to the effect that Henry Villard, backed by European capitalists, has about completed a deal which will give them a through line from the Atlantic to the Pacific seaboard. The intention of the Villard syndicate is to buy the Northern Pacific Road, then the Baltimore and Ohio, at receivers sale. It is said the syndicate has already practically obtained control of the Chicago and Great Western Road, the connecting link between the Baltimore and Ohio, and Northern Pacific. It is also said the apparent antagonism between the Organization Committee of the Northern Pacific and Villard was only assumed, and now when the scheme is all but accomplished, a reconciliation has taken place.

POLICE COURT.

End of the Two King Examinations.

I. J. King is well out of what might have been a bad scrape for him. King is the husband of a midwife named Dr. Dora King. The two were a few days ago examined on a charge of having committed an abortion on Mrs. Marie Brunold. The complaint against the man was dismissed, but the wife was held for trial in the Superior Court. There was a second complaint out, charging the couple with a similar offense. Yesterday this was dismissed, so now King is entirely out of trouble and free to devote all his energies to defending his wife.

A grist of illegal liquor selling cases came up. B. Solomon's trial for not closing on Sunday went over until July 6. M. Bellue's case will be reset. The cases of L. D. Rogers and David H. Jones were submitted on demurrers.

Joe Benkert paid a $5 fine for battering Detective Hawley.

Charles Rector was fined $10 for carrying concealed weapons.

The case of George S. Robinson, a money lender, accused of not paying his $10 a month license, was taken under advisement.

Ed Seamans received a fifteen-day floater for jumping on and off cars.

Oliver Crowder, Bertha Krigler and Catarina Burke were allowed to go free on promising never to quarrel any more.

Not Their Agent.

The proprietors of the Owl Drug Company's store say a young man named Joseph Byron is traveling around the country, representing himself as an authorized agent of theirs. They declare that he has no connection at all with their establishment.

A Dinner.

After their labors in the bank robbery case, Detectives Goodman, Bradish, Hawley, Auble and Steele, and representatives of the press, enjoyed a dinner at Ebinger's café as guests of the First National Bank. The dinner was a great success, except that the absent Sergeant Smith was greatly missed.

Original Character.

(Puck:) The Playwright. I have in this new war drama one of the most original characters yet put on the stage.

The Manager. What is it?

The Playwright. A Southerner who was poor before the war, and who belonged to one of the second families of Virginia.

Birthday Book.

A birthday book has been made up by an enterprising London shopkeeper from the announcements of births in the newspapers. A little before the child's birthday arrives its mother receives a typewritten letter, calling attention to the suitable gifts in the tradesman's stock, with wishes for many happy returns of the day.

Such a Good Excuse.

(Philadelphia Record:) Raker. Do you know, I envy a newspaper man his lot?

Scribbler. Think you'd like the work?

Raker. Oh, not particularly, but you've got such a splendid excuse for staying out late at night.

Blessings of Poverty.

(New York Weekly:) Jinks. Do you suppose a man with a family can live on a dollar a day and be a Christian?

Blinks. Of course; he can't afford to be anything else.

ARIZONA NEWS.

A Lawless Gang Captured and Imprisoned at Phoenix.

Bonds Refused and Warrants Selling at Half-price.

Asylum Superintendency Contest. Fruit Shipments—A Murderous Mexican—Leasing Prison Labor. Troops After Apache Kid.

PHOENIX, June 23.—(Regular Correspondence.) One of the most precious gangs to the law that the County Jail of Maricopa has ever contained is now harbored in that institution. Their career is long, and they are versatile criminals. Murder, burglary, selling liquor to Indians, and a long and varied course of sneak thievery are credited to this savory lot. They have robbery and stealing reduced to a silence, and they were up to date, having the latest improvements, to-wit, sacks on their feet to make trailing impossible. The gang comprises a Tempe negro known as Howard Withrow, Jim Williams, white, and "So John" Averisch. Almost every petty thievery that has been committed in and about Phoenix and Tempe was due to the operations of this gang. Their caché when found revealed a variety to suit the most fastidious. They had twenty-five sacks of barley, eight sets of new harness, some wagons, burned and painted to disguise them, stoves, lumber, blankets, shotguns, new hardware enough to stock a store, and even a case of Du Sock, for loading bicycle tires. The plunder comprised four truckloads. So far as it can be located, it will be returned to the owners. The thieves had it cached away in some willows near Tempe, a place unknown, it is needless to say, to the peace officers. They were trailed to it through the maraudings of the negro. He had entered a yard where a young lady was sleeping, possibly to add a new class of crime to his repertoire, when she saw him coming and screamed. His tracks were followed, his feet clad in gunny sacks, to a buggy, and the buggy trailed to the den. A new charge has just been sprung on the gang, that of murder. Frank Smith, a rancher living on the Tempe road, was murdered by burglars a year ago. At the time the tracks were found and remembered, although the trail was lost. One man had mismatched feet, one foot turning out like a gentleman's, while the other turned in like an Indian's. These tracks have just been fitted to one of the gang, Williams. There is other evidence against them, but the officers are mum. The murder charge may stick, but unless it can be proven that they were seen by numerous and credible witnesses to commit the crimes, that they had long premeditated it and said so, that there was no motive for doing it, and they say themselves they did it in all sanity, an Arizona jury may be depended on to disagree, and after numerous futile trials and verdicts, they will be discharged. However, there are burglary charges enough that can be proven against Williams and Withrow to send them a long time to Yuma.

HE, TOO, LIKES HIS JOB.

Superintendent Hamblin of the insane asylum likes his job, and in view of the fact that it pays him $2100 a year and his board, in addition to $500 a year and board for his wife, as matron, his is hardly to be blamed for liking it. It seems, however, that there are others, among them Dr. Hughes. The doctor is a good friend of the Governor's and gave him at least his moral support and probably something stronger for the Governorship. Now comes the Governor and tenders the asylum to the doctor. And the doctor is willing, but not so Superintendent Hamblin. The incumbent says that he proposes to keep right on superintending, and the board of control says he shall do nothing of the sort. Hamblin says he will appeal to the courts. The board have shut off his source of supplies, and say that any supplies bought for the institution without the signature and seal of the board of control will not be paid for. This places the superintendent in the uncomfortable place of buying from his privy purse or appealing promptly to the courts.

A CHINESE JOKE.

A party of threshers worked the venerable joke of holding a sack open at midnight for snipes to run into on their Chinese cook. The Chinese did the usual waiting in vain, and finally tumbled to the joke. The next night he vowed revenge. About midnight he aroused the slumbering and weary threshers with the ear-splitting racket of a Chinese gong. "Hully up, boys," he cried, "snipee all leady."

LEGISLATED OUT OF BUSINESS.

The City Council have practically ordered the cessation of business on the part of Hirschfeld & McCallum, in generating electricity and transmitting it to Hirschfeld's and adjoining saloons. The electricity is generated at the old Gardiner plant, being low voltage, direct current. The Gardiner plant was absorbed last year by the opposition company, and the latter put in high-potential alternating currents. This necessitated the instituting of expensive new fans, ond it was found cheaper to put in a small plant of the old system. Now comes the City Council and says that the stringing of wires from the Gardiner works to block 21 is illegal, and they have ordered down same, to be removed by the 1st of July.

THE BONDS SALE.

The spectacle of Territorial warrants at half-price and in no demand, is anything but pleasant to an Arizonan. The bond sale negotiated several months ago has fallen through. It was with London parties, Seasongood & Meyer. After depositing a forfeit of $10,000, they declined to take the bonds. The return of the $10,000 was asked of the Territory and refused. A compromise was then effected whereby the Territory will be reimbusred for all expenses incurred in placing the bonds, the balance to be returned. Another sale is being negotiated. Mr. Frost, who is managing it, is expected here next Monday, when a new deal will probably be consummated.

GRAPE SHIPMENTS.

The crop of Thompson's seedless grapes this year is large and rapidly ripening. Shipments will be begun in a few days, and by the first of July will be in full sway. The product of the Adams and Hirst ranches at Glendale, have been sold to Walter Hill of Chicago. The output of the ranch, all of which was bargained for, will be from fifteen to twenty-five carloads. The prices were satisfactory. These shipments it is anticipated will be the first of consequence in the United States for this year. Apricot shipments have ceased and peaches are becoming plentiful.

PHOENIX BREVITIES.

G. H. Houshell, superintendent of the Maricopa and Phoenix road, has resigned to accept a more important position with the Southern Pacific Company. He is succeeded by Edward Shamp. Mr. Honshell has done much to popularize the Maricopa and Phoenix during his incumbency here. Mr. Shamp is said to be a "good fellow" and a good railroad man, both requisites in Phoenix with opposition lines.

There is gnashing of teeth and paying of irrigation water rentals on the part of delinquents. The City Council ordered the city zanjero to shut off the headgates of all property-owners who have not paid water rental, and there are many of them.

Tomorrow is San Juan's day, the day accordingto devout Mexicans that it never fails to rain. Old San Juan can boom his stock hereabouts by a good rain.

Royal apricats are now out of the market, and late varities, prominently the Moorparks, are coming in. Peaches are in market, but they are inferior fruit.

The Tetrritorial Board of Eeducation is formulating a uniform course of study for the schols of Arizona.

TUCSON.

TUCSON, June 23.—(Regular Correspondence.) Philip Lashley, the colored soldier who murdered a fellow-soldier at Fort Huachuca, was a day or two ago sentenced to be hanged the 31st of July at 10 o'clock. The trial was under Federal auspices, and the hanging if done, will be by the United States Marshal. The prisoner evinced no emotion on being sentenced. He has been taken to Yuma prison for safe keeping.

Seven of the Tucson crack bicyclists have entered for the racse at Phoenix the Fourth of July. They had not intended going, in return for shabby patronage from Phoenix riders, but out of courtesy to W. L. Pinney, who assisted her, they will go.

BISBEE.

BISBEE, June 23.—(Regular Correspondence.) A Mexican named Cruz started to murder a whole family and then skip to Mexico. He laid his plans well, even to hiding his blankets and filling his canteen. Then he began his shooting. He began on his wife, the shot missing. Then he devoted his attentions to his mother-in-law. The woman was shot in both thighs. This did not incapacitate her, however, for she grappled with her son-in-law and held him till an officer arrived. He has been held for the grany jury, and will not go to Mexico for some time yet.

Wednesday afternoon the United States troops crossed the line into Mexico, on an active campaign in cooperation wiht the Mexican troops. They are in charge of Lieuts. Leavell, Averill and Rice, with two companies of cavalry and about sixty scouts, including White Mountains, Yumas and Papagoes. The Mexican troops are under the command of Lieut.-Col. Emilio, Kosterlitzski and his lieutenants. The present plan is to go down into Mexico as far as the Yaqui village of Uch, where the Apache Kid is supposed to be living, and then work north, the troops separating so as to cover the entire range of the Sierra Madres, driving the redskins north to the line, where they will be attacked by the troops at San Bernardino and Cloverdale, on the opposite side, in the Animas Valley.

YUMA.

YUMA, June 23.—(Regular Correspondence.) A German, nome unknown, despondent, because of inability to secure work at the La Gortuna mine, made a dramatic exit from this earthly scene. Securing a stick of dynamite and a fuse he placed the dynamite in his mouth and touched off the fuse. Inch by inch the deadly fire approached, and any second he could have detached it. On it came, however, there was the last sizz of the powder, and a terrific explosion. The man's head was blown to atoms. Miners gathered up the remains (very appropriate word—"remains") and decently buried them.

The Board of Trade of Yuma has passed strong resolutions favoring the fulfillment of the contract for leasing prison labor. They claim the proposed canal will redeem 80,000 acres of land, and add $5,000,000 to the taxable wealth of the Territory at a cost of $5000 or $6000 a year to the Territory, while the prisoners are working, this extra being for four guards at $80 a month each and about $50 a month for provisions.

Gov. Franklin and Auditor Leitch visited the prison this week in their capacity as the board of control.

A pardon has been granted John Richardson. He cut a large "stint" of wood, and in accordance with regulations his sentence was shortened. His term would have expired in October.

George C. Blain, in for twenty-five years, escaped from prison Saturday. His trail was taken by Yuma Indians, and he was overtaken after being out fifty-six hours.

Engineer Elliott and party have gone by rail to Needles. From there they will take rowboats down the river to their mines. After examining the property they will continue down the river to Yuma.

FLAGSTAFF.

FLGSTAFF, June 23.—(Regular Correspondence.) Two Cook's excursions have been organized in California to visit the Grand Cañon, via Flagstaff. One of them is expected here today, coming from Los Angeles. The second will come from San Francisco, arriving next week.

The assessed valuation of Coconino county has been found to be $1,800,000.

Forest fires have again been about. Two houses and fences belonging to L. Dougherty, were destroyed by the last one, on Thursday.

GRAHAM COUNTY.

SOLOMONVILLE, June 3.—(Regular Correspondence.) The present year would seem rather late in the century for the exchanging of good merchandise for Confederate bills. At Thomas, two Confederate $5 bills were taken, and merchandise and cash given in exchange. Frank Sandford, who unloaded the stuff, has been held for the grand jury.

Coal lands are being taken up on the reservation by men who could not possibly hope to pay the $5 per acre themselves. The yanticipate interesting capitalists, who will remunerate them for their prior entry.

Stowed away between ledges of rock, near the coal fields, wrapped in a Navajo blanket, was found a dead man. The bones of his horse and his saddle were near. He had been dead several years. Tis identity and fate are an utter mystery. It is believed he was murdered and carried there.

ARIZONA COMMENTS.

Arizona has three Territorial officials who could not be fired from a cannon. Neither, it seems, can they be fired from office. They are Citizen Member McCord of the Board of Control, Treasurer Cole and Superintendent Hamblin of the insane asylum. Each has said that he was willing to resign, if called on to do so, but each has proven himself a wise man from the standpoint that wise men change their minds. They say the Territorial Senate confirmed their nominations; that they are entitled to hold their full terms, and that this they propose to do. They can be depended on to hang on till their eyebrows are all gone. For nice warm weather comfort commend us to that awaiting Superintendent Hamblin. The law says that the Board of Control may remove from office "for cause" the superintendent or assistants of the asylum, and that in such an event the discharged official "may appeal to the Governor." Now there's comfort for Hamblin. The Board of Control at present comprising Gov. Franklin, and Auditor Leitch, removed him "for cause." Now he has redress in appealing to the Governor.

DUNHAM NON EST.

The Sheriff's Officers Had a Vain Search.

Saw Much of Kern County, but no Murderer.

Hunters of the Fiend Gave Up the Chase and Returned to Los Angeles—Some Details of the Trip.

When the Southern Pacific train from the North rolled into the Commercial-street depot early yesterday morning a little party of roughly-clad, sunburned and bearded men stepped from one of the forward coaches and wended their way up town to the Sheriff's office.

Each man carried a roll of blankets or a Winchester rifle and it was not a difficult matter for even the most casual observer to tell that it was Sheriff John Burr and his posse, who had been scouring the Sierra Nevada Mountains for Murderer James Dunham. Ever since early last Sunday morning the officers and a Times reporter had been on one of the hardest jaunts that has ever been taken, and it was no fault of theirs that Dunham was not caught up with, for every clue was indefatigably run down.

Over mountainous roads and up trails which even the hardiest mountaineer hesitated before essaying to climb, went the party. In some places even the sturdy little mountain horses were unable to carry their load and every member of the party is, in consequence, footsore and weary.

As is already known, Sheriff Burr was informed last Friday that Frank Pinney, a well-known young man of Pasadena, who lives a portion of the year on a ranch at Erskine Creek, had seen a mysterious stranger lying beside a mountain stream at the foot of Piute Mountain. On the other side of the trail, Pinney and his companion, Richards, had seen a sorrel horse tied to a sapling. On either side of the saddle was strapped a six-shooter. Pinney and Richards talked to the man for a few minutes and then went on their way, Pinney having recognized the man as Dunham, whom he formerly knew in Pasadena. They returned about an hour later and the man was gone. They traced him, but lost his tracks on the side of Piute Mountain.

The next day Pinney went to Pasadena and told of the occurrence to City Marshal Lacy, who advised him to lay the matter before Sheriff Burr. That official was not sanguine that the man was Dunham, but did the only thing possible under the circumstances, and that was to organize a posse to search for the murderer.

THE POSSE STARTS.

Just as the McKinley ratification parade was moving up Spring street last Saturday night, Sheriff Burr, Deputy Sheriff W. A. White and a Times reporter, detailed for the trip, stepped into a hack in front of the St. Elmo Hotel, the meeting-place previously agreed on, and were driven to the San Fernando-street depot. There Frank Pinney was awaiting them.

So quietly had the arrangements been perfected that no one was aware of the nature of the trip. Caliente, a little station on the Southern Pacific railroad about one hundred and fifty miles from Los Angeles, was to be the first stop. The train left this city at 9 o'clock and arrived in Caliente at 3:30 o'clock the next morning.

Sheriff Burr was the first to alight from the train and he was greeted by a little old man who set forth that his was the leading hostelry and proceeded to point out the way to it.

One of the party, in order to divert suspicion, inquired how the fishing was in that vicinage, and upon being informed that it was very good in Erskine Creek, remarked that they were there for that purpose, and would try it.

Deputy Sheriff Barnhill had a few days before taken a prisoner to San Quentin, and was returning to Los Angeles on the train which passed through Caliente an hour after the one from the south. Barnhill and White are a pair of the most fearless men under Sheriff Burr, and he decided to have Barnhill accompany him. Accordingly he wired to Barnhill from Los Angeles, and that officer, without knowing what was the cause of the summons, left the train at Caliente and was soon informed of the posse's mission.

After a good breakfast a team of horses and a strong mountain wagon was hired, and at 7 o'clock the posse drove out of the little village for Erskine Creek. The course lay through and over the Caliente Hills, and the road was devious and extremely rocky, but not a marker to that which was to follow. Six miles from Caliente a heavy grade was encountered and all hands, save the driver, were compelled to get out and walk. The heat was intense, and every one was in that state of perspiration which results from a visit to a Turkish bath hot room. For ten miles the road was one of ups and downs, mostly ups, as the Sheriff expressed it, and then a descent was made into Walker's Basin, a valley of luxuriant verdure, dotted by numerous herds of cattle. In the edge of the valley, close to an abundant stream of the clearest water, in which were myriads of trout, stands Rankin's ranch house. Here Rankin is monarch of all he surveys, and for miles and miles in and around the mountains roam the cattle bearing the Rankin brand.

In all the fourteen miles lying betwee the basin and Caliente there is not a sign of habitation. Only one house stands on the road, and that is a tiny cabin, tenanted only by chipmunks, lizards and other quadrupeds of the mountains.

At Rankin's the posse stopped for luncheon and the meal was a good one. After a short rest the ride was resumed and Havilah was reached at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Havilah nestles in the Breckinridge Mountains, is a picturesque little place and has quite a history, but it has had its misfortunes. Time was when the county seat of Kern county was located there, but that was many years ago, and since then it has all but been wiped out by fire. The population now is about a hundred people. It was one more a week ago, but one of the most prominent citizens loaded a shotgun, tied a piece of string to the upraised hammer and then tied it to one of his toes, and furnished a six-months' sensation by blowing the top of his head off. That was the sole topic under discussion when the man hunters arrived, but it was dropped long enough to inquire what was the meaning of the heavily-armed body of men in that vicinity.

"Oh, we're just going fishing and hunting," was the spokesman's invariable answer, but in the language of the street, one or two of the natives were "onto the posse." A supply of provisions was purchased at the general store, and the party moved on.

STORIES BY THE WAYSIDE.

The road out of Havilah leads up a steep grade at the summit of which the posse was electrified by a magnificent view of the fertile Kern River Valley, which lies hundreds of feet below.

Two miles from Havilah on the east side of the road stands a gnarled pine tree of gigantic height, and directly opposite, on the west side of the road, is a diminutive tree. Behind these two trees Pat O'Brien and Tom Dougherty, a few years ago, fought a bloody duel, which has gone down in the history of that section.

Down the road three miles the posse came to the Horseshoe Bend. The road for two miles forms a perfect horseshoe, the north side of it being fully 600 feet lower than the south side. Below is a deep gully, and the contemplation of falling on to the jagged rocks is enough to start cold chills chasing down one's spine.

Beside this road lies a little mound of rocks, placed there to mark the spot where the dead body of Stage Driver Bill Goodwin was found three years ago. Goodwin was going down the Havilah grade when his horse became unmanageable and threw him out. He struck the corner of his left eye against a sharp part of the wagon and was killed. The horses dashed down the incline at a furious pace and a mile further on three of them fell into the gully, carrying the stage with them. Strange to say, none of them were killed, and one of them is still in the service.

Two miles more of descent and the posse reached Edward Vaughn's ranch. Vaughn is a miner, and also ekes out an existence by guiding people over the mountains, weaving carpets from rags and caring for wayfarers over night.

The horses here came in for consideration, and a quantity of feed was obtained and the party pushed on toward Erskine Creek, three miles distant.

Darkness was fast spreading over the scene, and John Barnhill, who was unanimously elected driver because of his cursing propensities, urged the weary horses on.

AT ERSKINE CREEK.

It was 7 o'clock when the mouth of Erskine Creek was reached, and Sheriff Burr intimated he had a "gone" feeling. A stream of crystal water gushes down from the mountains, and crosses and recrosses the road at frequent intervals. At the first crossing the party stopped for supper. The Times reporter built a bonfire under a sheltering rock and soon all hands were frying succulent ham over the glowing embers. The mountain breezes had proved a great appetizer, and the larder was considerably diminished when every one had been satisfied. The party was in a great hurry to reach the headquarters of the creek, where the supposed Dunham was last seen, and rocky and dangerous as was the road, it was decided to push on and reach Pinney's ranch that night. It was utterly impossible for the tired horses to climb the road with the party in the wagon, and all took to the road. The stream crossed the road seventeen times and there are no bridges, making it extremely difficult for both man and beast.

Pinney's ranch is near the head of the creek, within half a mile of the Piute Mountain, and it was long after 11 o'clock when the posse reached there.

WAS NOT DUNHAM.

Arriving there, it was learned from I. B. Hobson, a butcher who supplies meat to the miners further up in the mountains, that the man seen by Pinney and Richards was a prospector named Tom McConnell, and that he was going up on Piut eMountain to join his partner when seen by the young men.

He had come down to Hobson's place Saturday forenoon to borrow a burro. Hobson says that the man had been in the mountains some months, and he and his partner had two horses. The man and the equipment of his horse answered the description of Dunham, but Sheriff Burr and all the members of the posse were convinced that the man was not a suspicious character. It was decided, however, to make a rigid investigation of every clew at hand, and, mounted on sure-footed little mountain horses, the posse, guided by Frank Richards, left the ranch at 6 o'clock Monday morning and rode to the spot where Pinney and Richards had seen the supposed Dunham. Evidences were found which proved that a man had lain on the ground where the men had said he had, and also that a horse had been tied on the other side of the road. Returning half a mile, the ascent to the summit of Piute mountain was begun. The summit of the northern spur of the mountain is 6000 feet high, and the trail is an exceedingly difficult one to make.

After going up until the clouds seem within clutching distance, the peak was reached and a look down the mountain side caused every one to shudder over what might have been. A single misstep of the horse and both the rider and horse would have been dashed to a horrible death on the rocks below.

A brief breathing spell and the ascent of the mountain proper was begun. The trail was even steeper than the one just left, but was not so rocky. Butcher Hobson, with his burros, had passed ahead on one of his weekly trips to the mining region and when the posse had reached the top of the mountain, nearly 9000 feet above sea level, Hobson was descending the other side.

ANOTHER CLEW RUN DOWN.

The posse rode to the Bright Star mine and there Barney Collins, the watchman, was closely questioned as to whether he had seen any suspicious strangers in that region. He said he had not, and the posse moved on to the old sawmill and were eating lunch beside a stream of water when Barney came down to tell them that he had heard that a miner named Stanley had seen a stranger in the mountains who ran away when Stanley called to him. The posse had intended to go over to the "Orianna Meadows" and question the cattlemen there, but it was decided to first investigate the fresh clew. Hastily mounting, the party rode to Barton's Mill, about seven miles distant, and there were directed to Stanley's cabin, a mile west of the mill.

Stanley was not home, having gone on a prospecting tour, but he returned before dark, and said that a few days before, while prospecting in the mountains about twenty miles southwest of the Piute Mountains, he heard a commotion in the bushes, and saw a man running away from a drove of wild cattle about sixty or seventy yards away. Stanley called to him and the man turned around, but seeing the steers coming toward him, he continued his flight up the mountain side. Stanley could not see any weapons on the man, and does not believe the man was Dunham. He said that if he had any idea that Dunham was in the mountains he would organize another posse and go with the Sheriff.

While waiting for Stanley to return, Sheriff Burr, Richards and the Times reporter rode to Fritz Lohmeyer's place two miles southeast and asked the usual questions. Fritz's wife, a squaw, remembered seeing a man riding rapidly by the house last Sunday morning in the direction of the Barton Mill, and that he returned in a short time and rode rapidly away. Fritz is an old man, past 77 years, and his memory is not so good as it once was, but after some hard thinking he made some startling disclosures. Fritz said that the man had come from the southwest, in the direction of Shipsey's ranch, and had cut across through the sage brush to the west of the road, instead of keeping to it as is the custom. He rode by the place and in half an hour returned and inquired of him the road to Weldon. While pointing it out to him, Fritz noticed that the man rode a bay horse and had a Winchester rifle strapped on the saddle. This was, as far as Fritz went, about the best clew obtained, but it was destined to vanish as did the others. At Barton's Mill it was learned that the man was looking for a physician, and the nearest one being at Weldon, he had gone there.

A DANGEROUS TRIP.

After scouring the mining regions, making detours to all the canons and nooks large enough to screen a man from view, and questioning Shipsey and nearly all the men at Barton's camp, the posse started back to the Pinney ranch.

It was dark, but the moon soon came up and furnished sufficient light to keep the trail until the summit of the Piute was reached. Then began a descent, fraught with great danger.

The ascent was dangerous enough, but the descent was infinitely worse. The members of the posse were compelled to rely on the sure-footedness of their horses, and the way the little animals kept the trail is simply marvelous. Guide Richards rode at the head of the column, and the rest followed at a distance of four or five feet apart. Once it became necessary for all to dismount and walk down the trail, and more than once the bridle reins, which were tightly clutched, saved some one from a severe fall at least.

About 11 o'clock the ranch was reached, and every one was so exhausted that they could not have ridden another mile had their lives depended on it. Beds had been prepared for the tired man-hunters, and after a refreshing sleep, and a good breakfast, the posse struck out for Kernville, eighteen miles northwest. The team and wagon was brought into use once more, and the ride down the creek was considerably easier than coming up.

At the hot springs, three miles from the mouth of the creek, it was learned that Sunday afternoon a stranger had come up to the house from the rear, a very unusual thing, and after asking for a drink of water, had started on north. The man carried a gunnysack, partially filled, had no firearms, and was shorter and stouter than Dunham.

The posse drove on to Kernville and Sheriff Burr found the constable and Justice Summers. The latter has lived in the same house in Kernville for thirty-four years, and has been a justice of the peace for a quarter of a century. Both men were emphatic in saying that Dunham was not in their neighborhood and never had been. Members of the posse questioned every one they met as to whether any strangers were or had been in the neighborhood, and the answer was that two or three Los Angeles people were there fishing.

The posse left Kernville at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and stopped over night at Vaughn's ranch, nine miles from Kernville. Early the next morning they started for Havilah, and reached that village at 11 o'clock, and purchased more provisions for dinner, to be partaken of on the road to Caliente. At Havilah, a miner named Hobbs, said that Saturday afternoon a man, with a small cart, drawn by a roan horse, with a roached mane, had passed through the place, and two hours later another man mounted on a splendid bay horse, with a rifle strapped to the saddle had ridden through without stopping. These men proved to be partners, and were out on a prospecting tour.

ANOTHER POSSE.

The posse reached Caliente at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and there were told that the Sheriff of Kern county had passed through there Monday with a posse and was bound for Mojave.

The Kern county Sheriff evidently intended to head off Dunham at Walker's Pass, or in the desert.

Sheriff Burr says he is now satisfied that Dunham was never in those mountains, and that he was either dead, or out of the country, although it would be possible for him to remain in hiding and watch those who were searching for him.

Sheriff Burr's posse made as thorough a search as was possible for any one to make, and the miners and every one else are now on the alert. Should Dunham be seen in the mountains the miners will band together and take him either dead or alive.

STILL AT SEA.

SAN JOSE, June 25.—Sheriff Lyndon is in receipt of a telegram from the Sheriff of Los Angeles county, in which that officer says there is no truth in the report that Dunham has been seen in that section. The Sheriff's office here is at sea as to the whereabouts of Dunham, but many officers believe he may be with friends not far from San José.

Undelivered Telegrams.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Maj. H. M. Russell, Charles Case and Miss Sachs.

The money reported as stolen from the rooming-house at No. 141 North Bunker Hill, was found by the owner in her room.

Don't miss the great Suit sale At The Hub.

That everlasting cry of ———

Cheap,
Cheap,
Cheap.

If one reads the clothing advertisements which appear from day to day and notes that quality is wholly lost sight of for "cheapness," the impression that will surely follow must be that there is no real value in such offerings. There is no economy—even for a workingman—in taking home a low price suit if it falls apart on the way. WITH US IT IS QUALITY AND WORTH FIRST—THEN PRICE. Couple these two together and the "Big Stores" stands pre-eminent and alone.

Our Great Sale of Men's Fine Tailor-made Suits

Represents nothing but what is fresh, spick and span from the work-rooms of the best and most celebrated wholesale tailors on this continent. No odds and ends, but the very finest, latest style, best made suits that can be produced.

This, and the positive knowledge the people have of genuine money-saving HERE, and the thorough reliability of our statements, has caused the immense business at "THE HUB."

Your choice of Fine Homespuns, Plain Cheviots, Fancy Cheviots, Gray and Brown Clay Worsteds, Black Clay Worsteds, Mixed Clay Worsteds, Imported Cassimeres, Fine Blue Serges.

Men's regular $15 Suits will go this week at........ $9.90

And Men's Richly Tailored $20 Suits will go this week at.... $13.90

These Suits are without the question of a doubt the Greatest Bona Fide Bargains ever given the public. See samples of them in our show windows.

The Hub,
Los Angeles' Leading Clothiers,
154 to 200 North Spring St.,
New Bullard Block, Old Courthouse Site.

[THE PUBLIC SERVICE.]

IT IS MANSLAUGHTER

Court Order in the San Gabriel Water Contest.

Expert Lewis Given Another Hearing for Salary.

The Board of Health Reports Clean Reservoirs, but Much Trouble in Pipes—Park Commissioners Request Funds for Improvements.

At the City Hall yesterday there was a meeting of the Park Commissioners and of the Sewer Committee. The Board of Health reported unofficially, that the city reservoirs were in good condition but that the water-pipes needed cleaning out. The Board of Public Works inspected the garbage crematory.

At the Courthouse yesterday an important order was made in the suit at the Agricultural Ditch and Water Company against L. W. Houghton and others, for the use of the water of the new San Gabriel River. Judge McKinley has denied the motion of E. G. and F. A. Fay for a new trial in the suit of S. K. Lindley for commission on a Broadway real estate sale. T. A. Lewis, the expert of the State Board of Examiners is to have another chance for his salary, the Supreme Court having granttd him a rehearing in bank. The Los Angeles Lighting Company asks for $25,000 damages in its answer and cross-complaint to the suit of the Gas Consumers' Protective Association. Three new citizens were admitted, and two complaints for divorce were filed. One divorce was granted. Judgment was entered for defendant in the suit of Maxson against Canavan and others for the transfer of 500 shares of stock.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]

CLEAN RESERVOIRS.

BOARD OF HEALTH LOCATES TROUBLE IN THE PIPES.

Fish Swim in and Die—Formation of Green Scum—Pipes to Be Taken Up and the Bellevue Reservoir Repaired.

No official report has yet been made of the result of the observations made by the Board of Health during its tour of the reservoirs on Wednesday afternoon, but it is informally stated that everything is in good shape, so far as the reservoirs are concerned. The only exception is the new Bellevue reservoir, in which the pipe-screens are defective, allowing fish and other foreign substances to get into the pipes. This reservoir will be drained next week and an entire new set of screens put over the openings in the pipes.

Is is the opinion of the investigators that the water is all right until it gets into the pipes, where the green scum gathers in spite of all efforts to keep it out. Another trifling disadvantage is the presence of fish in the pipes. These small creatures are often indiscreet enough to swim through the screens in the reckless days of their youth, when they are about the size of pins, and not overburdened with discretion. They remain in the pipes until they grow up, and the trouble comes when they are inconsiderate enough to die and resolve themselves into rather a powerful flavor for the city drinking water.

It may be undeniable that the city water is fresh from the mountains, and the product of undriven snow filtering through sand until it reaches the reservoirs, but if fish are allowed to inhabit those reservoirs and turn the city pipes into piscatory catacombs, this same snow water may be simply microbe soup by the time it reaches the faucets and hydrants with its accumulated burden of decomposed matter. If the reservoirs are in good order, and the water pure when it reaches the pipes, some measures should be taken for the periodical cleaning of those pipes, and the removal of fish, moss, scum and other chance debris that may find lodgment and a chance to breed fever germs in those dank tunnels. There is a present prospect that this will be done, as several of the pipes are ordered to be taken up and cleaned out.

PARK COMMISSIONERS.

Necessary Improvements Will Be Made in the City Parks.

At the meeting of the Park Commissioners yesterday, it was decided to ask the Council for enough money to make the much-needed improvements in the city parks; in a fashion substantial enough to last for some time, even if it costs more than in previous years.

Secretary Mendenhall submitted the estimates of the department for the ensuing fiscal year. The sum of $53,000 will be asked from the Council for park purposes. The total granted last year was $46,000. Among the funds for Westlake will be enough to improve the new Sunset Park recently dedicated to the city.

Among the other improvements contemplated by the board are a new bandstand for East Side Park, a footbridge for Hollenbeck Park, and a system of plunge baths for Echo Park.

The board yesterday let a two-year contract for the boating privileges of Echo Park and audited the bills of the department for the current month. There is a scarcity of water in Echo Park lake, and Councilman M. P. Snyder will be asked to remedy the existing evil. Superintendent Garey reported that proper sewer connection had been made with Westlake, which abates a nuisance long complained of.

A LONG CONTRACT.

Main-street Residents Still Waiting for Paving.

Time goes on apace, and still the famous Main-street paving contract slumbers like the useful dead. It stirred and yawned a few months ago, galvanized into temporary life by the decision of the Supreme Court which held that the street law was valid, but the petition for a rehearing had a soporific effect, and it merely turned over and went to sleep again, until such time as the rehearing should be disposed of and the vexed question finally settled.

In the meantime Main street is torn up for two miles or more, the sidewalks on both sides being barricaded with ramparts of paving granite, and the street itself looking as though it had been toyed with by a healthy and playful cyclone.

The residents are kicking vigorously. A few days ago some grumbler blessed with a dash of humor erected two pathetic signs upon the cairn of stones, each bearing the legend: "In memory of the City Council and its contract." People read and laughed, but the hit was too close, and one of the small monuments was torn down.

Nothing daunted the people whose doorsteps are blocked up by the chunks of stone are preparing a new "grind" to be used in the Fourth of July parade. A large sign, in the shape of a gun, will be carried in state, and upon it will appear: "A long contract. A Man named Long has got it, and it will be a long Time before it is done."

The contract will expire January 11, 1897, so there is still some time left. At present one man is working leisurely along under one boss, doing just enough work to hold the contract.

The entire contract is for $140,000, and the contractors, John T. Long & Co., are under a $30,000 bond, the bondsmen being S. H. Mott and Judge R. M. Widney.

THE SEWER COMMITTEE.

A Number of Recommendations Made Yesterday.

The Sewer Committee met in regular session yesterday, and made a number of recommendations to the City Council, urging the adoption of measures necessary to keep the city sewerage all taut and trim, and the deadly typhoid at bay.

It was recommended that the City Clerk be instructed to readvertise for proposals to sewer Sixth and Bixel streets.

It was recommended that the petition from Miles Dodd, Jr., et al., asking that a sewer be constructed on San Joaquin street, from Ocean View avenue to Sixth street, be granted and the City Engineer be instructed to prepare and present the necessary ordinance of intention therefor.

It was recommended that the petition from Miles Dodd, Jr., asking that a sewer be constructed on Sherman street, between Ocean View avenue and Sixth street, be granted and the City Engineer instructed to prepare and present the necessary ordinance of intention therefor.

It was recommended that the petition from Miles Dodd, Jr., et al., asking that a sewer be constructed on Dora street, from Ocean View avenue to Sixth street, be granted and the City Engineer instructed to prepare and present the necessary ordinance of intention therefor.

It was recommended that the petition from R. A. Stassforth in reference to the disposition of salt water pumped from the wells in the oil region be referred to the City Engineer to examine and report.

It was recommended that the ordinance of intention to construct a sewer along Eighth street and Golden avenue, as presented by the City Engineer, be placed upon its passage.

It was recommended that the protest against the sewering of Second and Soto streets, be referred to the City Engineer for estimate of frontage thereon contained, and that in case said protest does not represent a majority, the same be denied.

It was recommended that George Cummings be allowed to connect the Hotel Mt. Pleasant with the Boyle avenue sewer by paying the usual front foot assessment.

Street Assessment.

The assessment for grading, graveling, guttering, cross-walking and cement sidewalking Vernon street from Sixth to Eighth streets was recorded today and delivered to the contractors, Ramish & Marsh (No. 218 New High street.) This improvement crosses Shatto, Orange, Ingraham, Seventh and Cambria streets, as well as the alleys in those blocks, and affects property on both the alleys and cross-streets half way to the next block. This improvement amounts to $9151.51, and was completed under the bond act. Bonds will be issued for all assessments of $50 or over remaining unpaid thirty days from date of recording. These street bonds run ten years, drawing 7 per cent. interest per annum. Interest is payable July 2 and January 2 of each year, and one-tenth of the principal payable January 2 of each year. All interest and principal coupons are payable at the City Treasurer's office. All amounts under $50 that are unpaid thirty days from date draw interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

Visited the Crematory.

The Board of Public Works took its turn at investigation yesterday, having put in the afternoon going over the garbage crematory out on Santa Fé avenue. At the first trial, the crematory did not give entire satisfaction. It has been partially reconstructed, but, until yesterday, no thorough test has been made of its present capacity for annihilating the city rubbish.

Building Permits.

The Superintendent of Buildings yesterday granted a permit to Mrs. W. L. Valentine to erect a story-and-a-half frame building on the southwest corner of Westlake avenue and Maryland street. The house will cost $2355.

A. S. Cholpin has received a permit to erect a three-story frame residence to cost $2000, on Grand avenue, between Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets.

[AT THE COURT HOUSE.]

M'GINNIS IS GUILTY.

HE WILL RECEIVE SENTENCE MONDAY MORNING.

The Jury Was Out Three Hours—Defendant Tells How He Did not Want to Kill Sebastian—Review of Evidence.

The trial of James McGinnis, charged with the murder of Robert Sebastian, was resumed in Judge Smith's department yesterday morning. All the evidence was in before 12 o'clock, and the attorneys in the cause proceeded with their arguments at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The cause was finally submitted to the jury at 5 o'clock p.m. After being out three hours, the jury brought in a verdict of manslaughter.

G. L. Thrall, a liveryman of Pomona, was the first witness called and stated that the defendant drove around to his barn three or four times during the day of the murder; he was pretty drunk and he ordered him to go away and not come around again. The defendant did as requested and he did not see him again that day.

D. H. Collins of Pomona testified that Robert Sebastian was employed by him by the year, and was a strong man and about 50 years old. McGinnis worked for him occasionally, that is, when he had work for an additional man. He had never heard of any bad feeling between McGinnis and Sebastian; they worked together, hauling and handling baled hay just previous to the tragedy.

D. H. Collins was now called by the defense and gave substantially the same testimony as in his examination for the prosecution. The purpose of the defense was to show that Sebastian was a much more powerful man physically than McGinnis, who is about 50 years old and would weigh probably less than 150 pounds. Sebastian would weigh about 175 pounds.

James H. McGinnis, the defendant, was now called in his own defense. He admitted that he had been drinking wine on the day of the tragedy, but declared he was not drunk; that he drove into the barnyard, unhitched his horse, unharnessed it and went into the house; he went to his sister and told her he "was going to San Bernardino tomorrow." At this speech, Sebastian came out from a side room and exclaimed in a passionate voice: "——— ——— ——— what were you saying to my wife?" and immediately commenced throwing glass jars at him; he dodged the jars the best he could and backed out onto the porch, closely followed by Sebastian, who now approached him with an uplifted pitcher; just as he was in the attitude of throwing it, McGinnis says he ducked forward and jabbed him with his pocketknife; they immediately clinched and struggled back into the room, Sebastian forcing him into the woodbox and falling upon him; he now released his hold and walked or ran out of the room, and started across the street; he was arrested that night and locked up in the jail at Pomona and did not know until the next day that he had killed Sebastian. McGinnis said he was dazed and dizzy from the blows he had received from the flying glasses; his ear was badly cut, pieces of glass being removed from it by the officers next morning; he had also received a deep gash over the right eye and his jaw was swollen. After the excitement he went out to the road and stood in the entrance; presently some one came up and represented he was a doctor. He did not believe him, and may have sworn at him, as he believed at the time he was probably an officer; he then went back into the house and may have blown out the light, but did not remember whether a light was burning; he remained in the room for about twenty minutes, and hearing some one coming, and fearing it was Sebastian, he opened a back sliding window, about six feet from the floor, and, getting out at it, went into an eucalyptus grove twenty-five feet distant, and was arrested there a few minutes later.

Constable Gilbert was called by the prosecution in rebuttal; he discovered no pieces of glass on the porch that would indicate a pitcher had been broken; the location of the blood stain was given, also that of the woodbox and the manner in which the door opened, whether toward the woodbox or in the opposite direction. He said it opened toward the woodbox.

Gertrude Kelley was called by the defense in rebuttal and testified that the door was opened in the opposite direction. McGinnis was recalled and substantiated Miss Kelley's statement.

SAN GABRIEL WATER.

An Order Establishing Rights of Consumers Pending Litigation.

In the suit of the Agricultural Ditch and Water Company against L. W. Houghton and others, to restrain the defendants from diminishing any part of plaintiff's 800 inches of water flowing in the new San Gabriel River, and for $5000 damages, the following order was made in Judge York's court yesterday:

Pending this action the defendants are enjoined from using the water in controversy as follows: Defendants shall not use any of the water in controversy up to and including July 12, 1896, and for the period of thirty-four days, from July 29, 1896, and thereafter for periods of thirty-four days after the expiration of an intervening period of seventeen days, provided that from July 12, 1896, up to and including the 29th day of July, the plaintiffs do not interfere with the exclusive use of said waters by the defendants, or during the other intervening periods of seventeen days thereafter following. It is further ordered that the plaintiffs herein be and they hereby are required to give a bond to the defendants, according to law in such cases, in the sum of $10,000, and the time within which the plaintiffs shall give such bond is hereby fixed at five days.

This order is made on the condition that the plaintiffs indicate their acquiescence in the order so far as it gives the water to the defendants within the periods of seventeen days; and it is understood and stipulated in open court that acquiescence by the parties hereto in this order, and acts thereunder, shall not affect the rights of the parties or conclude the parties or any of them in any of their rights in the premises.

NEW TRIAL DENIED.

The Jury Awarded S. K. Lindley Commission on Broadway Sale.

Judge McKinley has refused a new trial in the cause of S. K. Lindley against E. G. Fay and F. A. Fay. In this action the jury awarded Lindley $1000, the amount of his commission on a $36,000 sale of Broadway real estate. The defendants moved for a new trial.

Fay refused to transfer the property after having received a $500 deposit, he having ascertained that he could make an all-cash deal with other parties.

As S. K. Lindley has provided an actual cash purchaser on acceptable terms, the jury awarded him the regular commission and costs of suit.

REHEARING IN BANK.

The Supreme Court Will Further Consider Lewis's Claims.

The Supreme Court has granted Thomas A. Lewis a rehearing in bank, in his action against State Controller Colgan in mandamus proceedings to compel the latter to issue his warrant for the salary of Lewis as expert of the State Board of Examiners, at a salary of $2000 per annum, and traveling expenses, payable monthly. Lewis was employed by the board on June 28, 1895, and has been serving in that capacity ever since.

The Controller refused to issue his warrant on the grounds that tht Legislature has failed to create such office.

THREE NEW CITIZENS.

Sloan, Lassalle and Roth Became Flag Defenders.

John Sloan, a native of Canada, and Jacques Lassalle, a native of France, were admitted to citizenship in Judge McKinley's court yesterday.

Charles Roth, a native of Germany, was admitted to citizenship in Judge Smith's court yesterday.

MORE GAS LITIGATION.

The Los Angeles Lighting Company Wants $25,000 Damages.

The Los Angeles Lighting Company has filed a voluminous document in its answer to the Gas Consumers' Protective Association. The latter filed a complaint a few days ago asking for a restraining order enjoining defendant from interfering with its gas governors and appliances and for $25,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained by the removal of its appliances by said company.

The Los Angeles Lighting Company also seeks damages in the sum of $25,000 in its cross-complaint, claimed to have been sustained by reason of interference with its meters, pipes, etc.

In its answer this company sets out that it has large sums of money invested in its business and is responsible to consumers for the safety of its pipes; that it has entered into contracts with consumers for the use of gas and that such agreements provide that the pipers are not to be interrupted or interfered with by other than this company and its agents; that the number of its meters now in use in this city is 5500; that the Gas Consumers' Protective Association cut the extension of the outlet pipe from the meter of defendant at the Courthouse on or about June 15, 1896, and has cut the pipes of this company in other portions of the city and the work was done in such unskillful manner as to cause the gas to escape, cause loss and endanger life.

Finally, the Lighting Company charges that it is the owner of the gas pipes and appliances in many buildings; in cases where the pipes and appliances are the property of the owners of buildings, the company says it has not interfered with such property, and only required owners to observe the regulations of safety and economy.

Suit for Kings Divorce.

Nellie S. King has filed an action against Abram N. King for divorce, on the grounds of desertion.

Answer Amended.

In the action of V. Yorba vs. S. C. Ward, and S. C. Ward vs. V. Yorga, the defendant Ward was allowed to amend his answer in the case of Yorba vs. Ward in Judge York's court yesterday.

Suit Upon a Note.

The State Loan and Trust Company has filed an action against L. P. Crane to recover $420, alleged to be due upon a note.

Letters of Administration.

Robert M. Furlong has filed a petition for letters of administration in the estate of Arneta J. Comstock, deceased. The estate is valued at $1200.

Suits to Quiet Title.

A. S. Robbins, B. F. Orr, George W. Lawrence, W. H. Sutch and Richard D. Veit have filed suit against the city of Los Angeles to quiet title to lots as follows:

A. S. Robbins, lot 31; B. F. Orr, lot 26; George W. Lawrence, lot 27; W. H. Sutch, lot 28; Richard D. Veit, lot 36, all situate in the Woodworth tract and facing on Second street.

Morrison's Trial Set.

The cause of the People vs. D.C. Morrison has been continued in Department One until June 27.

Dicksons Divorced.

Lucy Dickson was granted a divorce from J. C. Dickson in Judge Smith's court yesterday by default.

Judgment on Foreclosure.

In the suit of Stimson against Hollway for about $100, in foreclosure proceedings, Judge Clark found for plaintiff yesterday and awarded attorneys' fees in the sum of $30.

Cause Transferred.

The cause of Kubach and others against the city of Los Angeles to annul the assessment on Wall street from Third street to Pico street has been transferred from Judge Shaw's department to that of Judge York.

Judgment for Defendant.

Judge Shaw has given judgment for defendant in the suit of Chester W. Maxson against J. H. Canavan and the Los Angeles Petroleum Smelting and Mining Company, being an action brought to enforce the transfer of 500 shares of stock in the defendant corporation by the said Canavan and for costs of suit.

Sullivan Divorce Suit.

Jennie M. Sullivan has begun a suit in divorce proceedings against John H. Sullivan on the ground of failure to provide, and asks for authority to resume her maiden name.

Complaint on Foreclosure.

Mrs. Elizabeth S. Spencer has filed suit against Howard W. Mills and others to recover $3000 and for foreclosure of a mortgage upon 100 acres in sections 8 and 9, township 3 south, range 14 west.

A Neat Promotion Roll.

All the deputies in the office of the City School Superintendent are over their ears in work, for 13,000 promotion cards must be issued before the close of the school year. In addition to this they are now getting out the pay-roll of the city teachers, which foots up to a sum in the neighborhood of $22,000.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NORWALK Ostrich Farm, nearly 200 birds.

ORANGE-GROWERS MEET.

Arrangements Made for a Convention Next Month.

There was a gathering yesterday morning at the Chamber of Commerce of a number of orange-growers to consult upon the propriety of calling a convention of the citrus growers of Southern California for the purpose of discussing the best methods of handling fruit during the next season. The meeting was independent of, though in harmony with, the Associated Orange Growers. Mr. Young of Duarte acted as chairman, and Mr. Chesebro of Covina was appointed secretary. Among those present were Messrs. Rogers of Highland, Winslow of San Bernardino, Naftzger of Riverside, Hudson of South Riverside, Dreher of Pomona, Powell and Griffith of Azusa.

It was voted that a convention should be held in the assembly-room of the Chamber of Commerce on Friday, July 10, at 10:30 a.m. The convention is to be independent of any existing organization, and its only purpose is to promote the interests of the citrus-growers of Southern California. All persons interested are invited to attend. The chairman was instructed to appoint a committee of five who shall have charge of the arrangements for the convention.

The Newsboys' Home.

The excursion to Mt. Lowe, on Tuesday last, for the benefit of the Newsboys' Home, will yield, after paying all expenses, about $115. About eighty people took the trip, which proved thoroughly enjoyable. A few enthusiasts climbed to the top of Mt. Lowe, but most of the party went no further than Echo Mountain. They were entertained in the evening by an impromptu talk from Prof. Swift at the observatory, and they had their fill of stargazing through the big telescope. The bids for the new building for the Newsboys' Home were opened yesterday afternoon at the architect's office. As yet no thorough examination of them has been made, for separate bids were made upon each part of the work, but the total amount of the lowest bids is about $3350. This does not include the hardware nor the furnace, which will be about $150 more. The board of managers have on hand about $2500, so that they must raise $1000 more to complete the building.

An Old Republican.

C. L. Taylor is visiting Mrs. C. H. Clark, wife of Humane Officer Clark, at her home on Clara street near Eighteenth, in this city. Mr. Taylor is an old-time Republican. In the forties he aided in the William Henry Harrison campaign. He made the banner which was carried from Seneca Falls to Syracuse in that campaign. It was lettered:

"We Junius boys will defend the old hero of North Bend."

He also lettered a flag which bore the legend, "Harrison and Reform." This is the second time Mr. Taylor has made the long journey to California, once coming here all alone. He was 90 years old on January 21, 1896, and is still thoroughly hale and hearty.

A Chinaman Buried.

There was a funeral in Chinatown yesterday afternoon. An unfortunate celestial some time ago underwent a surgical operation. He has since been at the County Hospital, but he has not been able to recover from his disease. The man was penniless and has been unable to work for a year. His friends have not deserted him in his distress. From time to time they have taken up a collection for his benefit, and now that he is dead they have raised sufficient money to give him such burial as a Chinaman's heart craves. He was interred in the Chinese burying ground in the Boyle Heights Cemetery.

Another Prod for a Preacher.

At a regular meeting of the John A. Logan W.R.C., held June 25, the letter on loyalty and the flag by Rev. J. F. C. Finley, sent as a reply to the request of the Fourth of July Committee that he should preach a patriotic sermon and decorate the altar with the American flag on the Sunday preceding the Fourth, was considered by the women of the Relief Corps. Mmes. Glaze, Vernon and Reynolds were appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiment of the corps. Resolutions were read and adopted, "that during our country's peril no day was too sacred for our heroes to brave death for its safety and preservation, and that no Sabbath is too good in which to commemorate their heroic deeds; and no man so holy that he could not employ his best eloquence in proclaiming their loyalty and devotion. Neither is there an altar too sacred to be enshrouded with that banner, the inspiration and liberty and the hope of the oppressed; we therefore denounce the letter of the socalled minister as an insult to the intelligence of the citizen, and a vile parody on true Christianity, and declare that any minister who proclaims and any church that would indorse such sentiments, is unworthy the protection of the flag, or a place among the loyal people of the land."

Worth Seeing.

(Chicago Record:) "Did you read about that woman who hasn't eaten a mouthful in three months?"

"Pooh! Show me a woman who hasn't said anything for that length of time."

Preparations for La Fiesta.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Fiesta Association was held at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce. There was a general discussion of plans for the coming year, especially the matter of ways and means. This was followed by a meeting of the Committee of Thirty, called to hear the report of a special committee upon plans for permanent organization. The plans reported met with the approval of all present, and will be submitted to the three commercial organizations for ratification.

Not Sharpshooters.

The Seventh Regiment Band held its semi-annual target shoot yesterday afternoon. The members of the band are much more proficient with musical instruments than with firearms, for the majority of them missed the target altogether. The winning record was made by George Cann, the leader of the band, who made the modest score of 12 out of a possible 50.

Hogg's Tears.

(Washington Post:) Ex-Gov. Hogg calls the bicycle "a dromedary for dudes," and "the nurse of a crooked-neck generation." The gentleman from Texas talks like a person who has been bumped into.

DR. HUFF'S DISCOVERY

Creating a Sensation All Over California.

Thousands Have Applied for a Quantity of This New Cure.

Hundreds Being Cured of Catarrh and Bronchitis—Dr. Huff Cannot Supply the Public at Present. People Flocking to South Riverside to Take Advantage of This Most Wonderful Treatment.

During the past week the daily papers of Los Angeles have made reports of the wonderful discovery by Mr. Huff of South Riverside for the cure of catarrh and bronchitis. The public has requested and almost demanded of Dr. Huff to sell a quantity of his new remedy, but at present Dr. Huff finds it impossible to supply the demand.

Dr. Huff's brother physicians in Los Angeles and throughout California have made very encouraging reports after using his new remedy.

A reporter who called on Dr. Huff yesterday at South Riverside and found his lovely home crowded with people inquiring about his new discovery, waited for an hour before the doctor could be interviewed.

"Already," said Dr. Huff, "I have received letters from all over the State, and you see the crowds of people who have called in person. I am treating them all free, just as fast as I can get the extract from the plant, but you see at present I cannot treat all who have applied."

Dr. Huff is a regular practicing physician and he does not want to gain any newspaper notoriety, as the doctor says, "I have given up my life to healing the sick and I don't want to be classed as saying or doing anything unless I know it is right for the benefit of suffering humanity."

An effort will be made to have Dr. Huff visit Los Angeles soon, as thousands of sufferers in our city have written to the doctor for a small quantity of his remedy.

The Market Is Broken....

Not every suit is reduced, but enough of the odd lots have been price-scaled so that we can say "the market is broken." Such reductions as we have made would be regarded as a lawful cause for a full page advertisement and "a terrific slaughter sale" by most of the clothing stores hereabouts—but we are not the noisy kind. We prefer to rest our case on your intelligence and good judgment—Yes, the market is broken.

The Window Shows Samples Like These:

Handsome well made $10.00 Suits At $7.50.
Handsome well made $12.50 Suits At $10.00.
Handsome well made $20.00 Suits At $15.00.

London Clothing Co.

119, 121, 123, 125 North Spring Street....S. W. Corner Franklin.

HARRIS & FRANK, Proprietors.

We Tip Our Cap To You

And it's "a straight tip." "Let no good thing escape" is our maxim in buying—scour the whole market for 'em, that's how the selling is done. You see how we manage our selling. These Caps are the newest of the new Golf and Golf-Yacht styles, the real Scotchy Scotch plaids and tweeds: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1 each. Caps are easy. Prices are easy. Not only Caps, several sorts of goods—not everything. We don't sell everything.

Boys' Wear Tomorrow......

London Clothing Co.

119, 121, 123, 125 North Spring Street....S. W. Corner Franklin

HARRIS & FRANK, Proprietors.

We Pay the Freight.

Cline Bros.

CASH GROCERS.

Still At It. We are still selling groceries for less money than any house in the city. We are proud of it, too. Proud of the way people take hold when they have a place pointed out to them where they don't have to pay the prices of '49 for something good to it. When you're down town drop in, or ring us up.

Specials for Friday and Saturday, June 26th and 27th.

Epp's Cocoa..............15c
Cox's Gelatine............15c
½ gal. Pure Italian Olive Oil, (Pio Morrow).....$1.00
3 lb. cans Choicest Northern Lemon Cling Peaches 15c
Fairbank's Goldene Washing Powder, 3 pkg......10c
Vegetable Oil and Buttermilk Soap, 3 cakes......10c

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service is offered by our optical department.
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The best possible result is assured in every case.

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Pasadena Yesterday.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

BRANCH OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
No. 47 East Colorado street. Tel 200.

PASADENA, June 25, 1896.

Crushed fruit ice cream at McCament's.

Mrs. McDermid's delicacy bakery and restaurant has been moved to No. 35 East Colorado.

Mrs. Pliny Watson left Pasadena today for Miramir, where she will be the guest of Mrs. Daulton.

Mr. Knettles of North Marengo avenue, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, was able to be on the street today.

The Casa Grande will close July 1 for the summer, and Mr. and Mrs. Roberts will visit the watering places during the season.

John P. Allison of No. 95 South Los Robles avenue, has been confined to his home for seven weeks by a severe illness and shows little improvement.

Mrs. Dr. Somers has returned from Chicago, accompanied by her friend, Mrs. Foster of Boston, who will make a permanent residence in Pasadena.

Nearly a thousand persons, children, and teachers from the various Sunday schools, left on the picnic trains this morning for Santa Monica and Long Beach.

Prof. Chambers of Throop Institute, will leave Pasadena on Friday for San Francisco, whence he will embark for the Hawaiian Islands, where he will spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Durand of Orange Grove avenue, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. Shirley Vance Martin, will leave for Chicago Friday morning and will spend the summer in the East.

John Laval was arrested this afternoon by Constable Slater charged with the theft of two laprobes from M. O. Landgard. Laval is a fourteen-year-old boy, and the alleged theft occurred last December.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayes, who have been the occupants of J. D. Lincoln's house for several months, left today for San Francisco, where they will spend the summer, and may locate permanently in the North.

Weik & Wagner's delivery team ran away this morning on West Colorado street, breaking the wagon and severely bruising Frank Randleman, the driver, who was thrown out and suffered an injury to his hip, besides minor contusions.

T. Crew reports that his harness was stolen Wednesday night from his barn at the corner of Villa street and Moline avenue. The thieves have evidently changed the base of their operations, as the thefts before reported have been mainly in the south and east part of town.

The Oakland avenue "nine," consisting of Allen Jones, John Shemerhorn, Will Rowan, Walter Pennell, Ernest Baldridge, Jacob Helmke and William Brown "did" the Azusa boys Wednesday after a hard battle, the score being seven to six, and the playing the genuine American sort of baseball.

Mr. Holbrook's delivery horse ran away on Fair Oaks avenue this morning, and the courage and presence of mind of a stranger who was driving down the street saved it and the wagon from disaster. Seeing the horse coming directly toward him, the man turned across their path, flung the lines to another man who was sitting beside him, and caught the runaway horse before it could turn or collide with his vehicle.

Miss Alberta Newby and Miss Callie Silver were happily surprised by about forty of their young friends Wednesday evening at the residence of Henry Newby on North Marengo avenue. Both young ladies will leave for the East in a few days, and the party was in the nature of a farewell to them. Cards and music were the features of the evening, and as souvenirs of the occasion the young ladies were each presented with a carved Mexican leather card case, bearing their monogram in silver.

The grading, curbing and guttering of Union street is progressing rapidly. The curb and gutter are completed on the south side of the street, and the sidewalk is laid, and is being kept "wet down" and well covered with sand while the work on the other side of the street is being done. Union street is coming to the front, and with the new asphaltum pavement between Raymond and Fair Oaks, and a fine street to Marengo avenue, a new business locality is opened up. The Torrance building at the corner of Union and Raymond is being pushed forward, and the outer walls on three sides are well on toward the second story.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

Celebrating a Pleasant Anniversary of Marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hill of No. 340 Kensington Place, celebrated today the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding, receiving the informal congratulations of their friends during the day, and many valuable souvenirs, and in the evening formally entertaining. The rooms were beautifully decorated with flowers and foliage, and the date of the wedding, 1846 and 1896 were inscribed in golden letters on the wall of the parlor.

Mr. and Mrs. Hill were married in the city of Toronto fifty years ago today, and for more than a quarter of a century that city was Mr. Hill's home. Mr. and Mrs. Hill also lived in Cleveland many years, and have been residents of Pasadena for the past eight years. Both are pictures of hale old age, and go down the western slopes of life with the sunlight of the love of half a century shining bright on their heads, and blessed with the affection of a large circle of friends east and west. Many of these friends gathered at the home of the bride and groom of fifty years today, to wish them a "happy even-time of life, a sweet rest and a glorious morning."

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETED.

The Electric Railway Company Comes to Taw.

After almost a year's delay, the electric company has complied with the mandate of the City Council for the provision for public safety on the Columbia-street extension, and has purchased from Willel Thompson a strip of land thirty feet wide which will allow of an arrangement for public travel compatible with safety.

Whether this land will be held by the electric company, and the Santa Fé, who are the joint purchasers, or whether it will be dedicated to the city as a street, in the place of the one virtually confiscated, cannot be learned, but there is a sentiment here that the Council should either insist on such dedication, or on the order for the removal of the tracks from the street.

Pasadena has had trouble in times past with streets not properly dedicated, and the rights of the public on the street in question have been so flagrantly disregarded in times past, that those who drive over that portion of the highway would be glad to see matters indisputably settled for the future.

Here is Another.

John Rourke, a tramp who slept in the City Jail last night, told to the officers a lurid yarn about having camped for four days with Dunham, the San Jose murderer, declaring also that he knew him well in San Jose. He related how he had traveled for forty-eight hours without food or rest, in order to get to Pasadena to secure a weapon to kill Dunham. He wanted $5 and a revolver, and offered to go alone and kill his man. So far no one has satisfied Rourke's yearning desire, and Rourke's story is regarded as of that sort known to the profession as "an unvarnished lie."

Took Poison.

A. H. Macomber, a painter living on Illinois street, near Lake, took a heavy dose of morphine Wednesday evening, with the intent to end his life. He had been drinking heavily, and first intended to attempt suicide with a revolver, but the ammunition not being at hand, chose morphine instead, having that in the house in the form of medicine for painter's colic. He was under the influence of liquor at the time, and was rescued with the greatest difficulty, from death by Dr. Bickford, and was on the street this morning.

MOUNT LOWE.

ECHO MOUNTAIN, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) The cool, clear weather now prevailing on Mt Lowe is inducing many of the guests to take long rambles through the cañons and to the higher peaks. Quite a number have also made excursions to the summit of Mt. Lowe during these moonlight evenings. One of these "to the top" parties went up to that elevated point on Tuesday night.

T. J. Martin of Pasadena is a visitor at the Alpine tavern, and is enthusiastic over that outing retreat.

J. C. Hodge and family from Chicago are stopping at the Alpine Tavern.

Among today's arrivals are the following: Mrs. J. R. Turner, Tucson, Ariz.; J. Baker, Rose Harrold, T. J. Kelley, Pasadena; R. S. Jones, William Clark and wife, Miss Hazel Patterson, Los Angeles; M. Goldwater, Prescott, Ariz.; R. S. Gouttier, James Burrows and wife, Portland, Or.; C. H. Brayton, Mrs. Wasson, San Bernardino; J. C. Hodge and family, Chicago.

About the Peanut.

(The Citrograph:) The peanut is not a nut at all. It is a ground pea, and is called a nut because it has a nutlike shell. The plant blossoms in the air and sunlight, but after the blosoem has "fallen off," the stem upon which it was plows or punches itself into the ground several inches where the seed portion of the flower begins to enlarge and develop into a pale yellow, wrinkled, curved "pod," with a slight drawing together in the middle. If the stem does not find its way into the ground within a day or two after the flower falls off, the stem dies. The surface of the pod is netted.

The peanut has never been known to grow wild, and it is not known where it is native. A hundred years ago the peanut was a leading article of food in Africa, and the slave-traders loaded their vessels with peanuts and the negroes lived on them on the voyage.

It grows abundantly in Japan, China and in all the East Indian countries. It was not much cultivated in the United States until 1866. Their extended cultivation was the result of the war. Until then there had been large importations from Africa, but since 1870 this country has raised all it has used. Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee produce most of the crop of the United States. Under good conditions, before the land has been "exhausted" by raising the same crop too long, they can raise from fifty to one hundred busels to the acre.

The pea vines are better for cattle than timothy hay and almost as good as clover. Peanut meal is good food for cattle. A bushel of good peanuts weights about twenty-two pounds. The peanuts are plowed up rather than dug up. The plow turns up the soil and loosens the vine and pods from the earth, and they are then pitchforked out of the ground, the earth being carefully shaken from the plants. They are plowed up in the morning, pitched into rows soon after, and at noon pitched into a stack about a pole, seven feet high. Rails are laid below the vines, so that the lower pods will not be pressed into the earth and be spoiled. The vines are so placed as to have the pods inward toward the pole, and a space is left for air next to the pole. On the top of the stack are hay or cornstalks, to keep out the rain. The stack is left from two to three weeks, and then women and children pick the good pods from the vines. This is slow work and quite expensive. Some farmers leave the vines two days after plowing before they are shaken out, and some make their stacks fourteen feet high. Some leave them in the stack less than two weeks, and then put them in barns till they are ready to market them, or have the leisure to pick them. Some farmers pick them from the vines by machines. The pods are cleaned by machinery before being put in sacks. A sack holds four bushels. Peanuts well put up and kept in a dry place are good for many years.

There are about 4,000,000 bushels of peanuts raised in the United States each year. The rest of the world raises five times as many as the United States, or 20,000,000 bushels.

The peanuts are of four grades. The first three grades are for venders of roasted peanuts. The fourth is for confectioners for "burnt almonds" or peanut candy.

The American people pay $10,000,000 for peanuts, not to eat as food, but to nibble for fun.

Knows How it Is.

(New York Mail and Express:) Uncle Horace Boies boils with rage at the very suggestion that an unrepentant Republican like Mr. Teller should receive the Democratic nomination for President. Uncle Horace himself has been earnestly trying to become a good Democrat ever since he left the Republican ranks in 1884, and he hasn't fully succeeded even yet. He knows the difficulties of the job.

Silver, Galore.

(Detroit Journal:) There is a howl that this country is doing nothing for silver. At the New York sub-treasury a steel reservoir is about completed which will hold 6,000,000 big round silver dollars. This place had to be prepared for them because the coin is not acceptable although it will be shipped free to all who have anything with which to buy it. There are at this time 50,000,000 silver dollars in the vaults of the sub-treasury.

Insufficient Data.

(Washington Star:) "You are an expert, are you not?" said the caller.

"Yes, sir."

"Well, I wish you would take these two papers and tell me whether they were written by the same person."

"Is it a matter of litigation?"

"Very possibly."

"Then it would be really impossible for me to comply with your request; not until I have learned upon which side I have been retained."

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
Los Angeles, June 25, 1896.

GOLD AND SILVER. Some interesting information in regard to the status of the financial question in England was recently given to the Call by Hiliare Belloc, a university lecturer of Oxford, Eng., who is visiting this country at the invitation of the American Society for the Extension of University Teaching. Mr. Belloc is a strong monometallist. He admits that in England the opinions are about equally divided as to whether or not there has been an appreciation in the value of gold. He believes that it would be possible by international agreement to introduce the double standard again, and says it is extremely difficult to say exactly what ratio the remonetization of silver should be given. He cannot call to mind any person of standing who dreams of putting it as high as 16 to 1. In regard to the prevailing sentiment in England on the subject of bimetallism Mr. Belloc says:

"There are three very important classes of people in England that are in favor of the bimetallic understanding: One—The agricultural interest, because it is hoped that it would raise the prices of agricultural products. Two—The Lancashire cotton spinners, because their trade with India suffers from the uncertainty of exchange, and especially from the competition of the labor which is paid in the silver rupee in India. Three—As a class all those who are engaged in governing India itself—civil service officers, soldiers and others; these men have their salaries paid in the silver rupee, which is no injustice to them while in India, but which is of steadily decreasing value when sent as remittances to their families in England.

"Those three classes, the agricultural, the Lancashire cotton spinners and those in the Indian service, while they do not represent anything like a voting majority, nevertheless must be given enormous weight in estimating the future conduct of England."

On the other hand, the commercial interest of London, the whole of the banking world, and the universities are in favor of the gold standard, pure and simple. It should be remembered, however, that the three classes who favor bimetallism are constantly increasing in influence. Mr. Belloc thinks the highest expectations in England among the bimetallists at present are for a ratio of 25 to 1. He believes that the adoption of any such rate as 16 to 1 would be about equivalent to a depreciation of the currency, and would gradually drive gold out of the country.

COMMERCIAL.

A SURPLUS OF LUMBER. Advices from San Francisco state that lumber men there are becoming anxious at the dullness of trade. The yards in San Francisco are reported to be full. There is no demand, as very few buildings are going up there. There are at least half a dozen lumber schooners in the bay, and it does not pay to carry lumber from coast ports to San Francisco any more. According to the San Francisco Call the ruling rate of freight on lumber was recently $3.50 a thousand feet. A month ago this rate was successively cut to $3, and then again to $2.75, at which rate the owners of vessels claim that there is no profit in the business.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

FORESTRY IN FRANCE. In great contrast to the loose and careless manner in which the forests are handled in the Unittd States is the method pursued in France. A gentleman who has control of the French forests is in California on a trip around the world for the purpose of examining the forest conditions in various countries for the French government. It is to be feared that he will not find many suggestions that he can utilize in this country. In conversation with a reporter of the San Francisco Call, the gentleman stated that he has under him between 1500 and 1800 men, and 450 officers, who care for the timber lands and protect them from depredations and forest fires. He says that there are 350,000 square miles of forest lands in France, and 100,000 square miles of beautiful timber lands in the French possessions in Africa. The government owns one-third of all forest districts and exercises complete control over all the remainder. No trees or timber can be cut or destroyed, even by the private owners, without a permit from the government, and if the government does not see fit to grant the permit that settles the matter. To cause a forest fire is a crime punishable by life imprisonment. Consequently, forest fires are very rare.

Possibly, by the time that the forests of this country begin to disappear some attention may be given to correct methods of preserving them. It is to be hoped that this important matter will not be overlooked until it is too late to accomplish any good.

FRESNO CITRUS FRUIT. Fresno is already planning for a combined citrus and agricultural fair to be held in that city about the middle of December. The idea is an outgrowth of the citrus fair held in Fresno last January, which was a great success, in spite of the fact that little preparation had been made for it. The coming fair is not to be confined to the products of Fresno county, but, if the plans now under consideration can be successfully carried out, invitations will be sent to Tulare, Kings, Kern, Merced, Inyo, Mono, Mariposa, Madera, Monterey, and perhaps other counties, to take part, and thus make the fair representative of the fruits and farm products of the central part of the State from the coast to the Nevada line.

Fresno is the commercial metropolis of a large section of fertile territory in Central California and will doubtless become a place of much importance before many years. Even in the matter of growing citrus fruit the foothill sections of Fresno county are coming to the front rapidly, and with Tulare county will doubtless be able to produce sufficient to supply Central and Northern California before many years.

The Fresno fair will attract a number of visitors from Los Angeles during the next few years. Our merchants have succeeded in doing quite a little business with Fresno, and there is no reason why this trade should not be largely increased in the near future.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesale Quotations Revised Daily.

LOS ANGELES, June 25, 1896.

There is little movement of note in any of the markets. The month has been generally dull up to date. Fruit is easier under plentiful supplies. Poultry is dull and eggs firmer. Butter is steady.

(The following quotations are for average grades of the products mentioned. For an extra choice article a somewhat better price than the highest quoted can usually be obtained, while for a product of decidedly inferior quality the seller will probably have to accept less than the lowest published quotation.)

Provisions.

Hams—Per lb., Rex 11¼; Eagle, 9¼; picnic, 6; boneless, 8½; boneless butts, 8; selected, "mild cure," —.

Rex B. bacon, 9¾; special fancy wrapped, 12¾; plain wrapped, 12¼; Diamond C, breakfast backs, 7½; medium, 6@7¼.

Dry Salt Pork—Per lb., clear bellies, 7; short clears, 5¾; clear backs, 5¼.

Dried Beef—Sets, 10; insides and knuckles, 11¼; regular, —.

Pickled Pork—Per half bbl., 60 lbs., 3.00.

Lard—Rex, Pure Leaf, tierces, 6; kettle, rendered, 50s, 6¼; Ivory lard compound, 5¼; Rexolene, 5¾; White Label lard, tierces, 6.

Hay and Grain.

Wheat—1.15@1.25.
Oats—1.10@1.25.
Barley—Seed, 75; imported, 75.
Corn—Small yellow, 95; large yellow, 90; cracked, 95; white, 90.
Feed Meal—Per ctl., 1.00.
Hay—New stock: Good oat, 9.00; best oat, 9.00@11.00; alfalfa, native, baled, $8.00; loose, 7.00; barley, 8.00@11.00; wheat, 10.00@11.00; wheat and oat, 10.00.

Butter.

Butter—Fancy local creamery, 35; extra fine, 37½; fancy Coast, 32½@35; 28-oz., 27½@30; dairy, 2 lbs., 27½@30; dairy, 28-oz., rolls or squares, 22@25; fair to good, 18@23; fancy creamery, in tubs, 17@18.

Dried Fruits.

Apples—Per lb., 4@5; evaporated, 6@7.
Apricots—10@12.
Peaches—Per lb., 4@6.
Prunes—Per lb., 3@8.
Raisins—Per lb., 1½@3½.
Dates—Per lb., new, 5½@6.

Eggs.

Eggs—California ranch, 12@13.

Cheese.

Cheese — Southern California, large, 9; Young America, 10; hand, 11; eastern cheddars and twins, 12@15; brick creams, 13@15, fancy northern, 7@8; fair northern, 6@7; Limburger, 12@14; American Swiss, 14@16; imported Swiss, 24.

Hides and Wool.

Hides—As they run, 11; kip, 9; calf, 15; bulls and stags, 5½; sheep pelts, according to quality and condition, 2½@5.
Wool—2½@4½.

Dried Products.

Beans—Lady Washington, 1.45@1.55; navy, 1.70@1.80; pinks, 1.45@1.50; Limas, 3.25@3.50; black-eyed, 2.50; peas, 3.50.

Green Fruits.

Oranges — Valencias and Mediterranean sweets, 3.00@3.50; choice seedlings, 1.50@2.00.
Lemons—Per box, cured, Eurekas and Lisbons, 2.25@2.50; uncured, fancy, 1.25@1.75.
Apples—2.25 per box; fancy, 2.50.
Bananas—1.75@2.50.
Strawberries—6@12.
Cherries—Black, 1.25@1.40.
Currants—75.
Raspberries—12@14.
Peaches—1.00@1.10.
Apricots—65@75.
Blackberries—5.

Vegetables.

Asparagus—7.
Beans—6.
Corn—Sack, 1.50.
Peas—4.
Beets—Per 100 lbs., 90@95.
Cabbage—Per 100 lbs., 70.
Chiles—Dry, per string, 60; Mexican, per lb., 15; green, 16.
Garlic—7.
Onions—Red, local, 75; white, 85@90.
Parsnips—Per 100 lbs., 85.
Potatoes—Per 100 lbs., local, 80@1.00 per sack; pink eye, 90; car lots, 75; sweet, 2.50; new, 80@1.10; Early Rose, 1.00@1.15.
Turnips—Per sack, 85.
Tomatoes—1.75.
Radishes—20.
Spinach—20.
Cauliflower—60.
Rhubarb—1.35.
Artichokes—25@30.
Squash—60.
Cucumbers—Per doz., 30.

Millstuffs.

Flour—Per bbl., Los Angeles, 4.00; other brands, 3.30@3.60; Stockton, 4.55; graham, 1.90.
Bran—Per ton, local, 17.00@17.50; northern, 17.00@18.00.
Shorts—Per ton, 19.00.
Rolled Barley—Per ton, 16.00.
Rolled Oats—Per bbl., 4.50@4.75.
Rolled Wheat—3.00.

Fresh Meats.

Butchers' prices for wholesale carcasses:
Beef—Prime, 4½@4¾@5.
Veal—5@7.
Mutton—Ewes, 4; wethers, 4½; lambs, 5@6.
Dressed Hogs—5¼@6.

Live Stock.

Hogs—Per cwt., 3.37½@3.50.
Beef Cattle—2.00@2.50.
Lambs—Per head, 1.00@1.25.
Sheep—Per cwt., 1.50@1.75.

Poultry.

Hens—3.50@4.00@4.50; young roosters, 4.50; old roosters, 4.00; broilers, 2.00@2.50; ducks, 4.50@5.00; turkeys, 11@12½.

Honey and Beeswax.

Honey—Extracted, new, 4@5.
Beeswax—Per lb., 20@22.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, June 25.—The stock market today displayed a sagging tendency, which was entirely due to the renewal of liquidation in Sugar on a large scale. Insiders were evidently responsible for the course of the stock and alternately appeared as buyers and sellers, causing a decidedly irregular movement in prices. The bears made a determined onslaught against the specialties and incidentally heavy blocks of long stock were pressed for sale. The result was a slump of 2½ to 113, the lowest point in the present movement. The subsequent fluctuations were marked by the irregularity that has characterized the stock of late, and it left off within ½ per cent. of the lowest. The markets for foreign beet and domestic raw sugars was firmer today, and the quotations for certain grades of the refined product were advanced, but the speculation ignored these considerations. The general market presented but few features of interest and was practically neglected. The list trended toward a higher plane during the afternoon session, and although the net changes recorded slight losses, as a rule there were gains over the low point. The market closed fairly steady. The market for railway and miscellaneous bonds ruled quiet, but the distribution of the business was fair and included a number of usually-neglected mortgages. A firm tone was generally apparent, although some irregularity was noted. Oregon Improvement firsts broke 2½, ostensibly on account of the efforts to oppose the reorganization plan. The consol fives, on the other hand, gained a sharp fraction. The advances extended to 1¼ per cent. The sales were $655,000. Government bonds were dull, but steady on dealings of $25,000.

Atchison	13⅞	Am. Sugar pfd.	101½
Adams Exp.	147	N. W.	102½
Alton, T. H.	56	N. W. pfd.	148
Am. Express	112	N. Y. Central	97
B. & O.	18½	N.Y. & N.E.	39
Can. Pac.	60⅝	Ont. & West.	14
Can. South.	50⅛	Or. Imp.	⅛
Cen. Pacific	15¼	Or. Nav.	14
Ches. & Ohio	15½	O.S.L. & U.N.	8
Chic. Alton	155	Pacific Mail	24
C. B. & Q.	77½	P. D. & E.	1½
Chic. Gas.	66⅝	Pittsburgh	164
Con. Gas	158	Pullman Pal.	155
C.C.C. & St. L.	32	Reading	15¼
C. C. & I.	1¼	U.S. Rub.	17½
Cot. Oil Cert.	12½	U.S. Rub. pfd.	78½
Del. Hud.	126	R. G. W.	15
D. L. & W.	161	R. G. W. pfd.	40
D. & R. G. pfd.	47½	Rock Island	69⅛
D. & C. F. Co.	15⅞	St. Paul	77⅛
Erie	14⅝	St. Paul pfd.	128⅛
Erie 1st pfd.	34½	St. P. & O.	42½
Erie 2d pfd.	20	St. P. & O. pfd.	123
Fort Wayne	160	So. Pac.	18½
Gt. N. pfd.	116	Sugar Ref.	113⅝
C. & E. I. pfd.	96½	T. C. & I.	23
Hock. Valley	16	Tex. Pac.	7⅝
Ill. Central	93	T. & O. C. pfd.	70
St. P. & D.	18	U. Pac.	7⅝
K. & T. pfd.	21¼	U.S. Exp.	40
L. E. & W.	18	W. StL & P.	6½
L. E. & W. pfd.	70	W.StL & P. pfd.	16⅝
Lake Shore	150½	W. F. Exp.	96
Lead Trust	23⅛	Western Union	84
L. & Nash.	49⅝	W. & L. E.	9⅛
L. & N. A.	8⅛	W. & L. E. pfd.	34½
M. Con.	102⅝	M. & St. L.	17
M. & Charl.	15	D. & R. G.	13
Mich. Central	96	Gen. Electric	30½
Mo. Pacific	23⅛	Nat. Linseed	17½
M. & Ohio	19½	C. F. & I.	25½
Nash. Chatt.	68	C. F. & I. pfd.	100
Nat. Cord.	5¼	T.StL & KC	4½
Nat. Cord. pfd.	10¼	T.StL & KC pfd.	10
N. J. Cen.	107½	So. R. R.	8⅞
N. & W. pfd.	9	So. R. R. pfd.	27⅞
N. Am. Co.	5¼	Am. Tob.	65⅞
N. Pac.	4½	Am. Tob. pfd.	97
N. P. pfd.	14¼	A. T. & C. Co.	91½
U. P. D. & G.	2½	U.S. Cord. gtd.	20¼
Com. Cable Co.	150	U.S. Leath. pfd.	60⅝

Bond List.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Bond-list quotations today closed as follows:

U.S. new 4s reg.	117	C. P. 1sts '95	103½
U.S. new 4s coup.	117	D. & R. G. 7s	111½
U.S. 5s reg.	113	D. & R. G. 4s	91⅜
U.S. 5s coup.	113	Erie 2ds	65⅛
U.S. 4s reg.	108⅝	GH. & SA. 6s	105
U.S. 4s coup.	101⅛	GH. & SA. 7s	97½
U.S. 2s reg.	94⅞	H. & T. C. 5s	109½
Pac. 6s '95	100½	H. & T. C. 6s	100
Ala., class A	105	M. K. T. 1st 4s	83½
Ala., class B	105	M. K. T. 2d 4s	58⅜
Ala., class C	95	Mut. Union 6s	111
Ala., currency	100	N.J.C. gen 5s	120
La. new con. 4s	95	N. Pac. 1sts	116⅝
Mo. 6s	100	N. Pac. 2ds	110⅝
N. Car. 6s	122	N. W. Cons.	140
N. Car. 4s	102	N.W. SF deb 5s	110
S. Car. non-fund	1	R. G. W. 1sts	76⅝
T. new set 6s	80	St. P. Con. 7s	132
T. new set 5s	108	St.P.C & PW. 5s	115¼
T. old 6s	60	StL & IM gen 5s	76
Va. centuries	58¼	StL & SF gen 6s	112⅜
Va. deferred	4	Tex. Pac. 1sts	85½
Atchison 4s	78⅜	Tex. Pac. 2ds	21¼
Atchison 2d A	40⅝	U. P. 1sts '96	103½
Can. So. 2ds	106	West Shore 4s	106⅝
So. R. R. 5s	91½	L. & N. 4s	95
O. R. & N. 1sts	111½	N. P. 3ds	67

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	13	Julia	11
Alpha Con.	14	Justice	5
Andes	34	Kentucky Con.	2
Belcher	50	Mexican	76
Best & Belcher	99	Mono	6
Bullion	21	Occidental Con.	97
Caledonia	16	Ophir	135
Challenge Con.	32	Overman	24
Chollar	275	Potosi	135
Confidence	100	Savage	125
Con. Cal. & Va.	210	Scorpion	6
Con. Imperial	2	Sierra Nevada	71
Con. New York	4	Silver Hill	4
Crown Point	48	Union Con.	70
Exchequer	6	Utah Con.	10
Gould & Currie	130	Yellow Jacket	50
Hale & Norcross	175		

New York Money.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Money on call, steady, at 1½@2 per cent.; last loan, 2; closed, 1½@2 per cent.; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent.; sterling exchange, heavy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.88@4.88¼ for demand and 4.87@4.87¼ for 60 days; posted rates, 4.88@4.88½ and 4.89@4.89½; commercial bills, 4.86½; bar silver, 69¼; silver certificates, 69⅝@69⅞.

Fruit at New York.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The Earl Fruit Company sold today: Prunes, Tragedy, 3.05@4.75 per half crate. Cherries, Royal Anne, 1.85@2.25; Black Republicans, 2.10. Plums, Clyman, 1.55@1.85; Royal Hative, 80@1.45; cherry, 1.00@1.20. Apricots, Royal, 65@1.35. Peaches, Alexander, 75@1.30.

Porter Bros. Company sold today: Cherries, Oregon, 2.25. Peaches, Alexander, 90@1.65; Early May, 1.00@1.15. Plums, Clymans, 1.30@1.55; cherry, half boxes, 85. Pears, Bartletts, half boxes, 1.45. Prunes, Simonii (very bad order) 90@1.50. Apricots, Royal, 90@1.20.

London Financial Market.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The Evening Post's London financial cablegram says the stock markets were very steady today as a whole. There was very little change in Americans, but the tendency was toward a higher level. Argentines continued to be well supported and Uruguayans are meeting with attention. A new Uruguayan loan is being underwritten and may be expected soon. The amount will probably be a million and half with the interest 5 per cent. There are rumors that Chamberlain will tonight announce the resignation of Rhodes, and in the street South Africans are dropping.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Petroleum was dull and easier. United closed 1.14½ bid.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

CHICAGO, June 25.—In the wheat market transactions were small in volume and fluctuations less frequent, within the moderate range of ½c. The feeling developed was but a continuation of that manifested yesterday. There was some little increase in outside selling orders early. The start was weak at ⅛@¼ loss and sold off ⅜ more, rallied ¼, changed some and closed as stated. The Price Current was interpreted as a little bearish and then cables were easy, private advices reporting the demand poor. There was further liquidation in July and the discount compared with September widened to 1¼. Northwestern receipts were again liberal, and while not coming up to those of last week, exceeded those of the same day a year ago by over three hundred cars. French cables reported the weather too wet and doing some damage to the crop and Paris was up ½c. Duluth was relatively firm, but the Northwest was a moderate seller here, through the larger commission houses. There was no new wheat on the inspection sheet. New York reported fifteen loads taken for export. The weakness in coarse grains had some effect on the wheat market. In corn there was a better trade and fairly active market, there being a good deal of September and May on sale and a weak feeling prevailed. The oat market was weak and a lower range of prices reëstablished, in fact, the lowest in years. In fact, it was a general market with a good deal of selling on both sides. Provisions suffered again from too many hogs. The prospects of a heavy addition to stocks of manufactured products at the end of the month gave the market one of the additional twinges with which it was attacked today.

The leading futures closed as follows:

	Closed.
Wheat No. 2—	
June	55⅞
July	55½
September	56⅞
Corn No. 2—	
June	27¼
July	27¼
September	28⅞
Oats No. 2—	
July	15⅞@16
September	16½

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was dull; No. 2 spring wheat, 55⅝@55⅞; No. 3 spring wheat, 52@53; No. 2 red, 56¼@58½; No. 2 corn, 27¼; No. 2 oats, 15⅞@16; No. 2 white, 18½@19½; No. 3 white, 17¼@19; No. 2 rye, 37; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 3, 22@30; No. 4, 22; No. 1 flaxseed, 78½; prime timothy seed, 2.95; mess pork, per barrel, 7.02½@7.05; lard, per 100 pounds, 3.95@3.97½; short ribs sides (loose,) 3.65@3.70; dry salted shoulders (boxed,) 3⅞@4⅛; short clear sides (boxed,) 3⅞@4; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gallon, 1.22.

Grain Movements.

		Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour,	barrels	4,000	16,000
Wheat,	bushels	15,000	16,000
Corn,	"	211,000	173,000
Oats,	"	231,000	367,000
Rye,	"	1,000	4,000
Barley,	"	16,000	3,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was steady. Creamery, 9@14½; dairy, 9@12. Eggs were firm at 9½@11½.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Few native beeves are now selling as low as 3.75 and sales are chiefly at 3.90@4.35, with more sales at 4.40@4.45 than heretofore. Distillery-fed steers, 4.00@4.40; stockers and feeders, 2.50@3.00; cows and heifers, 3.50. Hogs—Heavy sold at 2.85@3.25; butchers' hogs went at 3.10@3.30 and lights at 3.30@3.50. Pigs sold largely at 3.10@3.15; heavy and medium weights at 3.20@3.25. Sheep—Sales of sheep were on a basis of 1.75@4.25 for inferior to extra choice sheep with the bulk of trading, 3.50@4.00. The range for lambs is wide, extending from 3.00 for the commonest to 6.50 for the best, the bulk of the good lambs going at 5.50@6.50.

Fruit at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 25.—The Earl Fruit Company sold: Cherries, Royal Anne, 1.25 per box. Apricots, Royal, 70@80 per half crate. Peaches, Alexander, 60@85 per box; some in bad order sold for less.

Porter Bros. Company sold: Plums, Clymans, 80@2.50; St. Catherine, 95@1.05; cherry, half boxes, 30@35; Royal Hative, 1.00. Peaches, Alexander, 55@95. Apricots, Royal, 70@90; others, 55@75. Pears, half boxes, Bartletts, 60@85; Madeline, 45@85.

Liverpool Grain.

LIVERPOOL, June 25.—Spot wheat closed quiet, with a poor demand; No. 2 red winter, 5s 3d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 4s 11d; No. 1 California, 5s 3d. Futures opened steady; closed easy with near and distant positions unchanged. June, 5s 10¼d; July, August, September and October, 5s 10¼d; November, 5s 10½d. Spot corn closed quiet; American mixed, new, 3s ½d. Futures closed dull, unchanged. June, 3s ¼d; July and August, 3s; September, 3s ¼d; October, 3s ¾d; November, 3s 1d. Flour closed dull with a poor demand; St. Louis fancy winter, 6s 6d. Pacific Coast hops at London, £1 15s.

Kansas City Live Stock Markets.

KANSAS CITY, June 25.—Cattle receipts 1400, shipments 1800. The market closed steady to strong. Beef steers, 3.00@4.30; native cows, 1.65@3.25; stockers and feeders, 2.60@4.00; bulls, 1.50@2.85.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $265,623,107; gold reserve, $102,241,036.

Boston Stock Market.

BOSTON, June 25.—Atchison, 13¾; Bell Telephone, 206½; Burlington, 77; Mexican, 9⅝; San Diego, 10.

London Silver.

LONDON, June 25.—Silver, 31 9-16d; consols, 113¼.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Flour—Family extras, 3.75@3.85; bakers' extras, 3.55@3.65; superfine, 2.85@3.00.

Wheat—No. 1 shipping, 95; choice, 97½; milling, 1.05@1.15.

Barley—Feed, fair to good, 67½@68¾; choice, 70; brewing, 75@80.

Oats—Milling, 87½@90; Surprise, 95@1.02½; fancy feed, 90@92½; good to choice, 82½@87½; poor to fair, 77½@82½; black, for seed, nominal; gray, 80@82½; red, for seed, nominal.

Middlings—18.00@20.00; bran, 16.00@16.50.

Hay—New crop wheat, 7.00@10.00; wheat and oat, 7.00@9.00; oat, 6.00@8.00; barley, 5.50@7.50; alfalfa, 6.00@8.50; clover, 5.50@7.50; old crop hay is generally covered by a range of 7.00@11.50.

Vegetables—Potatoes, Oregon Burbanks, 60@80; Humboldt Burbanks, 60@75; new potatoes, 85@1.00; new Early Rose, 90@1.35; new Burbanks, 90@1.25; onions, red, 15@25; Los Angeles tomatoes, 1.75@2.25; string beans, 1@4; green peas, garden, 2; garlic, 2@3; dried peppers, 5@12½; asparagus, ordinary, 40@75; fancy, 1.50@2.50; rhubarb, 25@75; cucumbers, 1.00@1.25, for Maryville; Alameda, 1.50@2.00; bay squash, 25@40 for large boxes; small boxes, 15@20; egg plant, 10; green corn, Alameda, 1.50@2.00; other points, 75@1.50.

Apples—Common, small boxes, 20@35; large boxes, 50@85; apricots, Royal, small boxes, 20@35; Royal, in crates, 35@50; in baskets, 15@25.

Berries—Longworth strawberries, 4.00@5.00; common, 2.50@3.00; gooseberries, in bulk, 2@3; raspberries, per chest, 3.00@5.00; raspberries from New Castle, in crates, 4.00@5.00; blackberries, per crate, 40@50; per chest, 3.00@4.00; black cherries, 1.00@1.25; Royal Anne, 90@1.10; red currants, per chest, 2.50@4.50; black, single layer figs, 45@85; double layers, 40@85; peaches, 50@75; pears, 20@40; plums, large, per crate, 40@75; per box, 40@85; cherry plums in boxes, 25@40.

Citrus fruits—Mexican limes, 6.50@7.50; extra lemons, 1.50@2.50; fancy, 2.50@3.00; California oranges, seedlings, 1.50@2.00; navels, 3.00@4.50; Mediterranean sweets, 2.00@3.00; bananas, 1.00@2.00; pineapples, 1.50@4.00.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 12½@13; seconds, 14@14½; fancy dairy, 13@14; seconds, 11@12.

Cheese—Fancy mild, new, 6@6½; fair to good, 5@6; Young America, 7@8; eastern, 11@11½.

Eggs—Store, 10½@12; ranch, 13@15½; duck, 13@14.

Poultry—Live turkey gobblers, 12@13; turkey hens, 11@12; roosters, old, 4.00@4.50; young, 6.50@8.00; broilers, small, 2.00@3.00; large, 3.00@4.00; fryers, 4.00@4.50; hens, 3.50@4.50; ducks, old, 3.25@3.75; young, 4.00@5.00; geese, 90@1.00 per pair; goslings, 90@1.00; pigeons, old, 1.25@1.50; pigeons, young, 1.25@1.50; game nominal.

Receipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Flour, quarters, 11,196; wheat, centals, 108,493; barley, centals, 46,158; oats, centals, 200, Oregon 2057; beans, sacks, 1700; corn, centals, 1280; potatoes, sacks, 2664; onions, sacks, 422; bran, sacks, 570; middlings, sacks, 50; hay, tons, 344; straw, tons, 28; wool, bales, 166; raisins, boxes, 800; wine, gallons, 38,200; hides, number, 105.

Drafts and Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Silver bars, 69⅝; Mexican dollars, 54¼@54⅜; drafts, sight, 12½; drafts, telegraph, 15.

Callboard Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Wheat was inactive; December, 98; barley, no trading; corn, 82½; bran, 16.50.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, June 25, 1896.

(Figures in parentheses, unless otherwise stated, give volume and page of miscellaneous records containing recorded maps.)

George H Peck, Jr, et ux to R H Bowman, lots 13, 14, Peck's subdivision of block 45, $190.

John S Johnston to J R Bronson, lot 22, block M, Nadeau Orange tract (25-34,) $300.

Joseph A Donato et al to Joseph A Storling, lot 6, block 5, George Dalton, Sr, tract (23-16,) $475.

C S Cristy et ux to William Murray, lot 43, W G Benedict & Co.'s subdivision in block P, Painter & Ball's tract (17-27,) $300.

Francis A Hollenbeck to Gail Borden, 55.76 acres in Louis Phillip's tract, Rancho San Antonio, $14,187.50.

Sophia C Buckley to J M Kiehl, lot 7, block B, New Fair Oaks Avenue tract (11-1,) $500.

Phelipe Souiza to C W Smith, lot 17, block 4, Vignes tract (11-90;) also lot 63, Whittaker, Richardson & Evert's subdivision of lots 2, 3, Griffin tract (10-2;) also lots 5, 6, block 6 of Ivanhoe (17-65,) $1650.

George E Weaver et ux to James W Smith, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, George B. Weaver's resubdivision of lots 1 to 9 (54-62,) $4500.

Selina F Barlow to A W Lemenager, subdivision 14, block 1, New Main Street and Wilmington Avenue tract (15-16,) $500.

George D Kahl et ux to William B Shafer, 5.84 acres northeast corner lot 49, Rancho Providencia and Scott tract, $1700.

John W Gilbreath et ux to Lemuel N Brown, lot 144, Grider & Dow's subdivision of Briswalter tract (53-91; 92,) $1800.

Christian Brouttig et al to Los Angeles Savings Bank, lots 1 to 14, block A; lots 1 to 14, block B; lots 1 to 14, block C; lots 1 to 7, block D; Ninth Street tract extension (55-89; 90,) $2500.

Gretta Patterson to Henry Schauer, lot 161, Wingerter tract (15-52,) $225.

Charles P Patterson to Henry Schauer, part lot 139, Goodwin tract (11-42;) also part lot 193, Wingerter tract (15-52,) $225.

Mary E Dugan et con to Luke Conneally, lot 9, Garbutt tract (9-22,) $250.

F H White to Florence M White, lot 13, block A, and lot 15, block C, town of Sherman (60-26,) $200.

Lambert Elcli et ux to W F Lakowitz, part lots 3, 4, 5 Cutereas & Reyes's subdivision (37-87,) $500.

Isaac H Bryson et ux to Louis L Newerf, lot 16, block 21, Park tract (7-26; 27,) $4000.

F H White to F M Hathaway, lot 3, block B, town of Sherman (60-26,) $150.

John McClure et ux to George Nickerson, lots 6, 7 8 and 9, addition to town of Burbank (31-25,) $300.

Kate Williams to Adda A Coe, lot 12, block 11, part lots 7 and 8, block 39, Hancock's survey (10-29,) $1000.

Manzana Colony to S H Hilliard, lot 1, block 2, Manzana Colony land, $1750.

James C Horgan to Henry Wiatt, lot 30, block 4, Adams-street Homestead tract (54-33,) $295.

U H Gowan et ux to J A Jones, lot 41, block B, Shafer & Lanterman's subdivision Montague tract (19-76,) $3500.

SUMMARY.

Deeds	48
Nominal	18
Total	$40,807.50

"KING GROVER III."

Presented by Unparalleled Aggregation of Theatrical Geniuses.

The useful and the ornamental, the practical and the sentimental, are strikingly blended in that unique theatrical production, "King Grover III," now running at the Music Hall. The play is described on the bills as a "great reform comedy drama in three acts and an allegory." Its main object is to afford to Arthur White, the leading light and principal spouter of the cast, as many chances as possible to express his views on political economy; but there is also a touching strain of sentiment, which illustrates anew the well-known and indisputable fact that millionaires' daughters invariably find their soul's highest happiness in wedlock with a hod-carrier or a coal-heaver. King Grover III was the only member of the company who did not forget his lines; possibly this was due to the fact that the author had not given him a word to say. It was a first night and this should excuse some slight mistakes, though the audience laughed heartlessly when Mr. Huntingharbor, a member of the Triumvirate Monarchy of Monopoly, threw himself into the arms of Arthur White as that young artisan extended them to receive his millionaire sweetheart. A substitution was effected as promptly as possible, and the two lovers began to make ready for a kiss; but just at this juncture Arthur bethought him of a few ideas upon Henry George's theory of single tax and the osculation was hung up in mid-air while the audience was enlightened upon this topic. When this little aside was finished and Arthur was again ready for business, Clara had gone, so her lover relieved his pent-up feelings by launching a bale of thunderbolts at the money-tyrants of the country. At this juncture the mother of this passionate swain appeared upon the scene and adjured her offspring in piercing screams to "be b-r-r-rave;" and as there was nothing in sight to be afraid of, he assured her that he would.

This suggested to him in some way the value of trades unions and a few valuable thoughts upon the subject were presented. Quite unexpectedly to the audience, and apparently to the players, the curtain fell and cut short this address. The orchestra seemed to have a somewhat limited repertoire for the lengthy intermission was occupied by "Old Dog Tray," repeated twenty times.

The next act presented a deathbed scene. Arthur's mother was uncomfortably extended upon a sofa and began to extort sundry promises from her family as a preliminary to her demise. Just as everything was ready for the last gasp and her mortal coil was almost shuffled off, the bright boy Arthur had another inspiration and seized the auspicious moment for a lengthy dissertation upon Congressional corruption and the need of organization among laboring men. As soon as he got through, his mother died. The orchestra suddenly discovered that they knew one more tune and produced "Nearer My God to Thee," as the curtain fell.

The last act presented all the gilded pomp and pageantry of aristocratic society in Washington. Mrs. Queen Grover III appeared in a décolleté dress, which evidently caused her much embarrassment. When Clara came forward and songfully inquired whether her heart was to be sacrificed to the ruthless demands of society, there was an eager chorus from the gallery of "Yes, mum," and one auditor called disrespectfully "What the hotel bill." The audience was evidently impatient for the reappearance of Mr. Huntingharbor and his associates. At length they came and with them the grand denouement, for Arthur, the people's idol, corrals King Grover and the Triumvirate and they are marched off to well-merited execution. Of course Arthur has a few words to say, but with surprising unanimity the audience left him alone in his glory.

CONVENTION ORATORY.

Old-time, Compared with Present-time, Speeches.

(Chicago Times-Herald:) Arising in the presence of that vast audience that sat in the old Chicago wigwam on that fateful day in May, 1860, William M. Evarts said: "I take the liberty to name as a candidate to be nominated by this convention for the office of President of the United States, William H. Seward," and, amid thunders of applause, he took his seat. Next followed Norman B. Judd: "I desire, on behalf of the delegation from Illinois, to put in nomination as a candidate for President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln of Illinois," and he, too, was applauded to the echo. How bald, jejune and uninspiring, and yet such was the formula of the time.

Who will deny that Mr. Evarts could have presented the name of Mr. Seward to that convention with rare eloquence and logic? Who questions that there were orators in that assembly who could have made the nomination of Lincoln memorable in the recollection of every man and woman gathered there?

Robert G. Ingersoll was the orator that first thrilled a convention with a nominating speech, and it will be a long time before that wonderful composite of tinseled rhetoric will be forgotten by the American people.

After an exordium that attracted and held as by a spell every hearer, the orator went on to describe the needs of the party and of the country, and the qualifications demanded in the candidate, and closed with this peroration:

"We call for the man that has torn from the throat of treason the tongue of slander; a man that has snatched the mask of Democracy from the hideous face of rebellion; a man who, like an intellectual athlete, stood in the arena of debate, challenged all comers, and who up to this moment is a total stranger to defeat. Like an armed warrior, like a plumed knight, James G. Blaine marched down the halls of the American Congress and threw his shining lances full and fair against the brazen forehead of every defamer of his country and maligner of its honor."

This was the famous "plumed knight" speech, and its immediate effect upon the convention has never been equaled since that day.

The year 1880 saw the high tide of convention oratory, both on the floor and on the rostrum, at Chicago. It was the greatest display ever witnessed, the most superb oratorical battle ever fought to a finish in a convention hall. It was an occasion to quicken rivalry and stir ambition, and if Conkling won the intellectual admiration of the lookers-on, Garfield won the convention's heart. To Conkling was awarded the palm of eloquence, to Garfield the prize of the contest.

In the three convention years since that time many eloquent and brilliant speeches have been delivered, and we have had such orators as Depew, Curtis, Foraker, West and Thurston among the Republicans, and Dougherty, Cochran, Voorhees, Daniels and others among the Democrats, for the Democrats quickly followed the custom begun by Ingersoll.

In fact, it is a custom highly approved by the people, and lends an added attraction to these quadrennial gatherings. People come from all parts of the country to attend these conventions, as the ancient Greeks gathered together in the Agora at Athens to hear their own great orators. The people desire to see and hear, as well as to read. Thus they keep in touch with their leaders, and true democracy bears sway.

Impaired Parity.

(New York Mail and Express:) Senator Dubois of Idaho, defiantly announces that the Republican party "has written its last law on the statute book of the nation." We mention this trivial circumstance merely to show how difficult it is to maintain a parity between common sense and witless bluster in certain sections of Western statesmanship.

Old men who find their vital powers growing less while they still retain a healthy constitution, know that this condition is not natural.

Every function should stand upon an equal footing in this respect and when one begins to exhaust before the others it shows that there has been excess in that function, hence its early decay.

Dr. Sanden offers an explanation of this condition and a means of cure in his mental work, "Three Classes of Men," a pocket edition of which will be sent free, sealed no application.

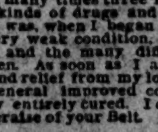
Manhood Quickly Restored.

Westminster, Orange County, Cal. May 18, 1896.

Dr. A. T. Sanden—Dear Sir: The Belt which I bought from you some time ago has cured me. My disease was seminal weakness of five years' standing. I had emissions on an average of five times a week, and many times three in one night. I used all kinds of drugs and patent medicines, and was, when I began your treatment, in a very weak condition, both from my trouble and the many different drugs I had taken. As soon as I applied your Belt I found relief from my losses, in three weeks a general improved condition, and I am now entirely cured. I cannot say too much in praise of your Belt. Yours truly,

J. M. HUBBARD.

Old Men Made Young.



Electricity is the essence of life. When Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt is worn nightly for two or three weeks it wakes up the old nerves and fills them with the life and animation of youth. Call or address

DR. A. T. SANDEN,
204 S. Broadway, Cor. 2nd, Los Angeles, Cal.
Office Hours—8 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Evenings 7 to 8; Sundays 10 to 1.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NEWS

ORANGE COUNTY.

CITY CLERK TEDFORD'S VALUABLE FIGURES ON WATERWORKS.

Shows the Advantages of Municipal Ownership Over Private Control. Manual Manza's Brother Arrested and Taken to San Diego.

SANTA ANA, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) In order that facts may be known regarding the municipal ownership of the city water works in Santa Ana, City Clerk Tedford has prepared a statement for publication, which is desired by the city government to have the widest possible circulation, and therefore The Times is requested to give space to all or a part of it. The statement is too long to be given in full, but herewith are the main parts which are brought out for the enlightenment and consideration of the voting public:

"In order to give a comprehensive idea of the advantages derived from the present system, it will be necessary to show, first by actual comparison, the difference in cost to consumers and taxpayers under private and municipal control, and from this parallel readers may make their own deductions:

"During six months of the year the city uses 130,000 gallons of water per day on the streets, and for two months of the year, 60,000 gallons per day are used for the same purpose. At 20 cents per thousand gallons, the lowest price offered by any private corporation in an application for a franchise, the street-sprinkling item alone would in a year amount to $4680, or $26 per day, while the water is used. The city has fifty fire hydrants, which, according to bids made by private parties in 1889, would cost $50 each per year, or $2500 for the whole number. In addition, twenty-five more hydrants are maintained, which, if paid for at the rate named in the same bid, for each hydrant additional to fifty, would cost $30 each, or a total of $750.

"These figures are more conveniently stated in the following table:

STREET-SPRINKLING.

130,000 gallons per day for six months		$4056
60,000 gallons per day for two months		624
Total		$4680

FIRE HYDRANTS.

50 hydrants at $50 each	$2500	
25 hydrants at $30 each	750	$3250
Grand total		$7930

"This $7930 represents an outlay which would be absolutely necessary under private ownership; it is not a 'luxury,' which would be dispensed with at the behest of the frugal-minded and benighted, and therefore, being actually saved, it must be considered as a part of the receipts of the city water system.

"The following renders a correct account of the receipts and expenditures of the city water works for the past year, including the annual bond payment of $3000, which at the end of twenty years will cease, as will also the item of interest:

RECEIPTS.

Water pipe	$ 13.50
Water pump	55.00
Water fines	5.00
Water	7,080.75
Taps and extensions	1,207.63
Total	$8,361.88

EXPENDITURES.

Engineers at power-house	$ 1,561.75
Taps and extensions	1,559.60
Fuel oil	2,273.55
Interest on water-works bonds	2,885.35
Water-works bonds Nos. 13, 14 and 15	3,000.00
Oil and bushing	90.55
Machine work	43.00
Cleaning reservoir	16.25
Total	$11,430.05

"From this statement it will be seen that the system lacks but $3068.17 of paying running expenses, interest on bonds and $3000 annually on the indebtedness incurred for its construction. Adding to the receipts the $7930 saved on street-sprinkling, the income will exceed the disbursements by $4861.83, which, from a purely business point of view, is the present net income of the water works. With each year this sum will increase by reason of a corresponding decrease in interest on bonds. Another very important item which should be taken into account in summing up the benefits accruing from corporate control is the immense reduction in the rate at which water is supplied to consumers. The lowest water rate proposed by a private corporation when the city contemplated granting a franchise for a system of water supply, about seven years ago, was from 1 to 5 cents per hundred gallons—and if the rapacious methods of a great majority of corporations had ruled in this instance, it is safe to say the limit would have been charged. In any event, the charge would certainly have been as high as 4 cents on an average, and it will be fair to make this figure serve as the basis for hypothetical calculation. During recent weeks, as much as 200,000 gallons of water have been used daily for garden-sprinkling alone. This shows an average consumption of 333 gallons per day for each of the 600 consumers, and at 4 cents per hundred gallons, they would pay a private corporation about $3.60 per month for the privilege of irrigating their lawns. Instead of being compelled to pay this exorbitant rate they are, under the present municipal system, charged on an average of but $1 per month.

"But, conceding that the water rate under a private system would be but double that now charged, then the city water works effect an annual saving of $7080.75 to consumers—an amount $480.75 in excess of the interest and principal paid on bonds the first year after the works were constructed. And this without reference to the additional amount saved on street-sprinkling. It is fair to also consider the reduction in fire-insurance rates which immediately followed the completion of the water works.

"And while speaking of the extent of the sprinkling service, it is well to say that the city is now advertising for a span of mules that another sprinkling cart may be put in use. This will mean the sprinkling of about ten more miles of streets, and with this service it is expected the outlying district will be amply provided for.

"Altogether, municipal ownership in Santa Ana has been a blessing which cannot be disguised by the expert jugglers in mathematics now arrayed in opposition.

"The service is better, the water is purer, and the cost is lower than could possibly be the case if the people were supplied by a private corporation.

"ED TEDFORD, City Clerk."

LOUIS MANZO ARRESTED.

Louis Manzo, brother of Manuel Manzo of Santa Ana was arrested Wednesday evening by Sheriff Nichols on a message from Constable Wilson of San Diego. Manzo is wanted for embezzlement. Wilson came up to Santa Ana Thursday and took Manzo back to San Diego with him. The prisoner seems to be of rather bad family, as his brother is now under arrest here for assault and subsequent robbery of a Chinese vegetable vender near Tustin.

ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES.

A fine team of bay horses owned by C. F. Mansur of the Savings Bank and driven to Menifee's transfer wagon took a brief spin around the Brunswick corner Thursday without a driver. In front of a cigar store they collided with a cart belonging to J. M. More, which was standing at the curb. At that juncture one of the runaways slipped and fell, and bystanders succeeded in getting them stopped before they could again get up speed. The cart was badly broken. But little other damage was done.

The expense of water alone for street sprinkling in Santa Ana would be $676 per month instead of $876, as inadvertently given in Thursday's Times, if the water was being paid for at 20 cents per 1000 gallons; the lowest offer the city had made them by private parties before the present municipal system was put in.

The trial of George Baldwin for criminally assaulting little Lizzie Williams of Balso was continued today in the Superior Court before Judge Towner and a jury of twelve men. The prosecution closed its case, and the defense started in during the afternoon with their witnesses.

It appears now that the franchise for the water-works at Orange is not transferable, and as the works have been sold to George E. Love by E. A. Honey, so the Town Council has decided to confer with their attorneys in reference to the matter.

The Anaheim Union Water Company has obtained a franchise over certain streets in the town of Anaheim for a right-of-way for irrigating purposes.

Examinations for teachers' certificates are now in progress in this county. The examinations are being held in the central school building in Santa Ana.

The Jefferson Club of Santa Ana met Thursday evening to arrange for the holding of regular meetings of the club during the summer months.

The Ebell Society of the Santa Ana Valley will hold a reception in G.A.R. Hall at Santa Ana from 8 to 10 p.m.

The Turners at Anaheim are contemplating having another picnic in Littlefield's grove July 4.

Fullerton is making extensive arrangements for its Fourth of July celebration.

The fruit dryer at Anaheim began operations Tuesday of this week.

SAN PEDRO.

Citizens Have Confidence in Rear-Admiral Ramsay.

SAN PEDRO, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) The prospective appointment of Rear Admiral Ramsay, U. S. N., as one of the commissioners to decide whether San Pedro or Santa Monica shall get the harbor appropriation, seems to meet with approval among citizens here. The prospect that a man occupying the important position of chief of the bureau of navigation is to be named as one of the commissioners, is regarded by San Pedro people as a good indication.

SAN PEDRO BREVITIES.

Capt. Trefathen of the steamer Hermosa, has moved his home to Catalina.

Miss Carrie Polhemus, reported as having been named for the queen of the water carnival at San Diego on July 4, is well known about here. She is a daughter of A. A. Polhemus, and her former home was in Wilmington.

Inquiry for real estate continues to increase to a surprising degree. Several sales within the past two days are reported.

James Armstrong of Beaumont is in town visiting relatives.

Mrs. R. D. Haskell and children will leave Monday for Iron Mountain, Mich., to spend the summer with her mother, Mrs. Sheridan.

Wilmington Lodge, No. 198, F. and A. M., at its meeting Tuesday evening conferred the third degree. Brothers were present from Long Beach, Compton and Redondo. Among the brothers who attended were: Albert Hult, E. E. Young, Ben W. Edelman, C. E. Lawyer, Joel Adams, Will Savage and C. M. Bell.

ONTARIO.

ONTARIO, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) A class of seventeen young people received diplomas from Chaffey College today, the exercises marking the close of a very successful and interesting commencement week.

The exercises began Sunday night, when the annual sermon was delivered by Dr. Wilson of the First Methodist Church of Los Angeles.

On Tuesday Prof. William Piutti gave his annual recital. The programme was made up of sixteen numbers.

The pupils of Mr. Marsh, assistant piano instructor, gave a recital on Wednesday afternoon, which was well attended. Some of the pupils evinced talent of no mean order.

The Middlers, or class of '97, gave a programme of varied and absorbing interest on Wednesday evening. To this programme Miss Marguerite McIntyre of Riverside contributed a couple of violin solos that demonstrated that European study had given her a touch and execution of which she may well be proud. The decorations of the Methodist Church, where all the exercises were held, were exceptionally tasteful on this occasion.

The exercises of commencement began at 10 o'clock this morning and continued four hours. Nine orations were delivered and three essays read. Each of these productions was delightfully free from the customary platitudes and mediocrity so often characterizing efforts of this sort. There was a pleasing originality and sturdy forcefulness in the work of the young people that presages well for their future success. Music was furnished by Theodore Marten's orchestra of Los Angeles.

The alumni of the college was tendered a reception by Miss Ava Phillips this afternoon, and tonight in the Odd Fellows' Hall the annual alumni banquet will be held.

Numerous friends of the school from out of town have attended the various exercises, and Ontario has enjoyed all the peculiar spirit which is rampant in a college town at commencement time.

Ontario is figuring in a new capacity as a prize winner. Josiah Sibley of Ontario won the first prize in the Dole debate at Pomona College Monday; George Ray Horton of this place took the prize for the best thesis in Latin; and Edward Tracy won the Norton prize for the highest scholarship in the preparatory department.

M. H. Merriam has sold to J. J. Mabb ten acres on Sixteenth street, the consideration being $5500.

Appearances Deceiving.

(New York World:) She. John, I thought you promised to give up tobacco?"

He. This is not tobacco. It's the last of that box of cigars I won at the church fair.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

WINFIELD WRITES THAT HE WILL TAKE HIS LIFE.

The Supervisors Demand the Return of County Property—A Brother of William Wulf Writes from Iowa. Rialto People Are Growing More Hopeful.

SAN BERNARDINO, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) This afternoon Thomas Starke received a letter from George Arthur Winfield, stating that he was about to commit suicide, and at once a party started for his residence, a few miles east of town, to see whether the threat had been carried out. They have not returned at this writing.

Winfield is very well known here, having come to San Bernardino several years since with considerable money. He was one of the promoters of the motor railroad from this city to Highland, also taking the contract to build it, on which it is said he lost $10,000. He was unfortunate financially in other ways, and lost all his property, then for two years serving as conductor on the road he had built. He was later employed as a miner, but of late has been out of employment, and despondency over finances is thought to be the cause of the deed.

Winfield was 46 year old, and a native of England, well educated and of gentlemanly bearing.

HORTICULTURAL COMMISSION.

Still there is a phase of the Horticultural Commission muddle unsettled. When Dr. Pierson went out of office he was custodian of certain paraphernalia belonging to the county. At the last meeting of the Board of Supervisors a motion was passed instructing Dr. Pierson to turn the property of the county over to his successor. It is said that he declined to do so until the county pays for the storage of the goods. What the outcome of the matter will be, of course, no one can see, and the courts may be called upon to settle the matter.

WILLIAM WULF'S MONEY.

When William Wulf was killed in a quarry at Declez on June 6 no trace of the man's friends or money he was supposed to have was obtainable. It was claimed by some of his workmen that he had claimed to have a good nest-egg deposited in some bank. As a confirmation of this a local attorney has received a letter from attorneys in Mason City, Iowa, saying Wulf has a brother in that town who is anxious to have the estate properly administered upon. The brother says Wulf had from $3000 to $4000 deposited in a bank in Omaha, Neb., some five years ago, and it is thought this amount has grown, but where the money is now on deposit no one knows.

Wulf was an Odd Fellow, and that order will probably be called upon to aid in locating the money.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

The people of Rialto are anxious to have the sale of the Semi-Tropic Company's land under foreclosure over with, as they believe that will be the inauguration of a new era of prosperity on the Rialto tract. Among the property to be sold is title to sufficient water for 3000 acres, and it is believed the holders of the mortgage will buy in the land, and at once put it on the market.

The local Masonic lodge spread a free and accepted banquet at the Stewart last evening, in recognition of St. John's day, the local Masons enjoying the company of many brothers from Redlands, Colton and Riverside. Several bright responses to toasts added to the pleasure of the feast.

This evening the party returned, the search being unsuccessful. He has not been seen since Sunday. His watch and personal effects had been left in his room at his hotel. He had said to a friend that he was broke. He left two letters and said his body would not be found.

T. C. Chapman was today appointed receiver of the San Bernardino Land and Building Association.

The K. of P. picnic at Harlem Springs today drew a large number of people from town.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

Republicans Are Looking Up a Candidate for the Assembly.

RIVERSIDE, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) It seems that in a quiet way many Republicans who have cast about over the field have selected George H. Dole as a suitable candidate for the Assembly. Mr. Dole is a brother of the President of the Hawaiian republic, and has resided in Riverside for a number of years.

The Democrats will probably not name a candidate for the Assembly.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

Miss Olive Bayley and William M. Pierson were married Tuesday evening at the residence of the bride's parents in Hall's addition, Rev. R. H. Hartley officiating.

The Rathbone Sisters' picnic took a large party out of town today, Harlem Springs being the objective point.

The local division of the Uniformed Rank, K. of P., are contemplating with pleasure the proposed encampment at Santa Monica.

It is reported that a rich find of ore has been made near Warner's ranch on the desert, thought to be the "Lost Indian" mine, well-known in prospectors' traditionary stories.

A number of Pasadena wheelmen have entered for the races on the Fourth.

Articles of incorporation of the Riverside Business College have been filed. The directors are John F. Crowe, J. S. Noyes, E. P. Clarke, G. A. Cleveland, M.J. Daniels, E.A. Zinn and L. W. Zinn.

Magnolia Council, Jr., O.U.A.M., has elected the following officers: C. E. Harvey, councilor; Henry Long, vice-councilor; A. J. Condee, secretary; Felix Havens, assistant secretary; M. F. Cunniff, treasurer; George A. Wilbur, financial secretary; J. P. Root, conductor; J. N. Keith, warden; Joseph Schneider, I. G.; D. G Mitchell, trustee, and L. W. Allum, chaplain. From next Wednesday evening until September 16 the order will hold no meetings.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Water Question Discussed at Three Mass-meetings.

SAN DIEGO, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) There was almost a cyclone here on Wednesday night. Three monster mass-meetings were held within the radius of a single block. The $1,500,000 water bond scheme was discussed. The windy speeches of Mayor Carlson and others nearly changed the air currents of the bay region and caused trouble. Carlson, who is supposed to be employed by Huntington, addressed the working men. He advocated the bonds for two hours in his shirt sleeves and intimated that the road to Yuma would be built if the bonds were voted. Engineer James D. Schuyler's report on the cost of a city water system was read at another meeting. It showed that San Diego can get a water plant for hundreds of thousands of dollars less than by the plan proposed and accepted by the Council. This is the first expert testimony on the water question yet secured by the citizens. It is proposed to vote for a total expenditure by the city of $3,037,000 for a water system, the merits of which have not been considered or discussed by unprejudiced hydraluic experts. As the present total tax rate is 3.25, the large increase of this rate which $1,500,000 water bonds would cause, is not relished by many people who will have to pay the bills.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

The school census shows the number of children in this county between the ages of 5 and 17 years to be 8364.

H. H. Bancroft, the publisher, arrived with his family on Wednesday. He will spend the summer at his Spring Valley ranch. He is reported planning to build a $150,000 block at Fourth and C streets.

A. Verdugo is held under $500 bonds for horse-stealing.

Dr. Allen Griffiths, the theosophist lecturer, is here to talk.

Receiver W. W. Stewart of the Goden Cross mines, is here from Hedges.

Miss Elizabeth Godfred and J. P. Brown, both of Riverside, were married at Coronado on Wednesday. The bride is the daughter of R. W. A. Godfrey.

C. P. Cheney of Boston, has left Coronado for the North.

Andrew Clancey of National City is recovering from injuries caused by an exploding dynamite cap, which blew out one end of his house. A quantity of high explosives was found stored on his premises.

Capt. R. V. Dodge, N.G.G., has received orders to display armory flags at half-mast because of Gen. W. H. Dimond's death. All officers will wear mourning for thirty days.

Henry Kingman addresses the Y.M.C.A. tonight on "The Land of Confucius."

Dr. B. F. Gamber has been elected permanent president of the San Diego Microscopic Society.

Commencement exercises are being held this afternoon at the Academy of Our Lady of Peace.

Emil Anderson started for Sweden on Wednesday, to visit his parents.

La Jolla proposes to build a $600 church.

The grammar schools of the city hold graduating exercises today.

A venire of fifty talesmen has been ordered by the Superior Court for the Hearne-Chronicle libel suit to be retried July 20.

VENTURA COUNTY.

Tents for the G.A.R. Arrive—Oil Refinery's Successful Run.

VENTURA, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) The first outward evidence of the G.A.R. encampment reached this city this morning, in the shape of 200 tents for use on the plaza. Col. John Brooker of the encampment tent was in charge, and proceeded at once to place the shelters in position. He reported that at a low estimate 1800 men, women and children would be on the ground by July 3. Two posts are now on their way overland, one from Norwalk, Los Angeles county, and one from Santa Ana, Orange county.

Capt. Dave Weldt of San Pedro has applied for dockage for a schooner yacht, which he proposes to keep in the harbor during the encampment. He expects to arrange a series of excursions for the benefit of the veterans, and will make one or more trips to Anacapa and Santa Cruz islands.

Considerable ugly feeling is being manifested by the merchants and citizens generally at the action of Maj. M. T. Owens of Los Angeles, who, by his refusal to allow Troop D to camp at Ventura, or participate in the parade on July 4, has deprived Ventura of one of the principal feature of the celebration. The Citizens' Committee raised the money to properly entertain the members of the troop, every detail had been arranged, feed and stabling for fifty men paid for, when at the eleventh hour Maj. M. T. Owens cut the matter short by issuing a peremptory order to the command to parade at Los Angeles. Maj. Owens participated at a banquet in Ventura about three months ago, but it will be the last one at which he will "shine" in Ventura county, if public sentiment counts for anything.

OIL NOTES.

The Oil Refining Company made an experimental run of twenty-seven per cent. specific gravity oil today, and secured results beyond what they expected. A pure water, white, odorless, smokeless, illuminating oil of high grade and fire-proof test, it is now demonstrated, can be made from Ventura oil, and manufacturing on a large scale will begin as soon as the machinery can be adjusted for steady reduction.

In this connection it can be stated positively that the preliminary steps have been taken looking to the signing of a contract for an unlimited supply of crude oil.

In development the Union Oil Company is pushing their force in the fields to its limit. Within the past two weeks two good wells have been completed. One of these, situated in the Four Forks territory, produces the finest oil ever mined in Ventura county. When oil was struck the volume of output reached 250 barrels per day, and at this writing the flow is steady at about 190 barrels, showing no signs of diminishing. The company, for some reason best known at headquarters, has endeavored to keep these facts from the public. The oil was struck at 1100 feet, and only one string of casing was used. The oil rock was found in a formation heretofore supposed to be barren, which makes the strike particularly noteworthy.

SAN PEDRO.

The Hanniman Fish Company's Warehouse Burned.

SAN PEDRO, June 25.—The Hanniman Fish Company's Packing-house burned to the ground at 4:30 this afternoon. No cause is known. The building was erected about a year ago and with its contents was worth about $30,000. Many hundred cases of canned fish and a hundred barrels of salt fish with a large amount of fuel, etc., was burned. The cannery has not been operating for several months. Insurance $10,000. The Southern Pacific Company sent a special fire engine, but it arrived too late to be of any service. There was no water suply to fight the flames. The company's wharf and warehouse are also a total loss.

LONG BEACH.

A Tennessee Young Man Drowned While Bathing.

LONG BEACH, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) Grafton Abernathy, a young man about 28 years old, was drowned at Long Beach this afternoon while bathing. His home is in Tennessee, but he was visiting friends here. He went in bathing, but ventured too far out and was drowned before assistance could reach him. The body was recovered.

AVALON (Catalina Island,) June 25.—(Special to The Times by Homing-pigeon Capt. B. of the Catalina Carrier-pigeon Service.) Supervisors W. L. Woodward, E. S. Field, A. W. Francisco, James Hanley and James Hay came over last night to locate the proposed jail for Catalina Island. This is not intended as a reflection on the morals of island residents, or visitors, but rather as a means of convenience, protection and economy. At present there is no place on the island suitable to confine trespassers, until they can be taken to Los Angeles, the county seat. This jail is designed as a temporary bastile till the prisoners can be taken across. It is to be located at the head of Summer avenue, remote from the populated portions of the town, will be of double-concrete base, and 2x4 scantling, containing two rooms, each 12x12, an exact counterpart of the jail at San Pedro. The cost will be about $250, the expense to be borne by the county, the Wilmington Transportation Company transporting the lumber.

After adjusting this business the Supervisors put in the balance of the day fishing and sailing under the chaperonage of J. C. Cline, who accompanied them over.

A Congregational minister, Rev. D. W. Bartlett, pastor of the Bethlehem Church of Los Angeles, covered himself all over with glory this morning by bringing in the largest jew fish that has been caught here in two years. The monster weighed 300 pounds, and measured nearly seven feet in length. The scales were one and one-fourth inches square. Mr. Bartlett was accompanied by his brother, E. M. Bartlett, a lumber dealer of Minneapolis, who did his share by hauling in a ten-pound sea bass.

The pupils of the Avalon school tendered their teacher, Miss Hill, a surprise party last night at the Catalina House, which was a very pleasant affair. It is a remarkable fact that though known for several days to so many little folks, it was kept a profound secret, and was, therefore, a complete surprise to Miss Hill. The evening was pleasantly passed with games; refreshments were served, a feature of which was a huge cake specially dedicated to the teacher, and then the children presented Miss Hill with a beautiful hand-mirror, as a token of their affection. Miss Hill has won a warm place in the hearts of all her pupils, as last evening's demonstration testified.

Mackerel are biting freely today.

W. E. A. Wellborn and wife of Pasadena. Mrs. H. G. Beebe of Los Angeles are recent arrivals at the Sea Beach.

A large pleasure party enjoyed a trip to Buttonshell Beach this morning on the La Paloma.

J. H. Kiefer's business block on Crescent avenue is completed and occupied.

The wife and daughter of Dr. Shoemaker of East Los Angeles, return home tomorrow after a stay of a few days at their cottage on the hill.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Perkins of Phoenix, Ariz., are at the Glenmore.

Dr. Charles H. Carter and family of Pasadena are camping on Clarissa avenue.

Mrs. Mamie Oxnam T. H. Oxnam, Jr., Los Angeles, Mrs. Lena Cullom, Mrs. Faith J. Jones of Marysville, Mont.; Mrs. Louise Ziegler of Orange are a family party camping in the Swanfeldt canvas village.

The Island Villa Hotel opens next Wednesday, July 1.

A party of 100 employés of the People's Store in Los Angeles have engaged tents for a brief visit to Catalina.

The Hermosa is now making regular trips.

William Burke captured a fine kid on the mountains the other day, and the little thing, which answers to the saccharine name of Honey, is the pet of the camping population roundabout.

C. C. Dickinson and wife of Los Angeles, S. W. Hemenway of San Francisco, George Debolt of Carrollton, Ill.; J. E. Larson and A. Jacobson of Los Angeles are camping in Swanfeldt's addition.

Last night's arrivals at the Metropole included: J. Dwight, family and maid, Cincinnati; Mrs. Fred Jacobi, Miss Jacobi, Misses Edith and Rena Jacobi, New York; George Conant and W. W. Prittie, Pasadena.

At the Grand View recent arrivals are: Mr. and Mrs. George Robert, Los Angeles; Mrs. E. C. Husford, Davenport, Iowa; Miss Elizabeth Harrison, Chicago; Miss M. Roberts, Miss M. H. Blocki, Pasadena; Mr. and Mrs. W. Gale Blocki, Chicago; Gordon Smith, C. D. Titus, Denver.

At Avalon Inn: Misses Anita and Kate C. Jarvis, Alameda; Ernest B. Hoog, Pasadena; Mrs. W. L. Price and son, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wilson, Mrs. T. C. Funk, Donald Bartlett, Los Angeles; E. M. Bartlett, Minneapolis.

REDLANDS.

Prizes for the Fourth of July Celebration.

REDLANDS, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) The committee on the Fourth of July celebration have designated the prizes to be awarded the various sports, games, parade decorations, floats and decorations of business houses. The baseball game promises to be very interesting, as the local team is the unquestioned champion of Southern California, and they will meet one of the strongest teams in Los Angeles. The open-air dance at Athletic Park on the evening of the Fourth will be an attractive feature.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

General Secretary W. O. Black of tht Y.M.C.A. has resigned, and the resignation has been accepted, to take effect August 1. The association will dispense with a secretary for a few months as a matter of economy.

Told in Confidence.

(Washington Star:) "This is a vast political movement that is now sweeping the land," remarked the St. Louis citizen.

"That's what it is," the delegate assented.

"What do you think'll be the outcome of it all?"

The delegate looked him in the eye, took him by the lapel of the coat and led him over to where nobody else could hear.

"You seem like a serious and upright man," he said, "and I'm going to make a confidant of you. I am here because if I do what I'm told I expect to get an appointment. I'm letting the other men take care of the outcome. What I'm looking for is an income."

Will Meet with Approval.

(Toledo Blade:) Taken as a whole the platform is as sound as the fundamental principles of the Republican party, and there is little doubt that it will meet with general approval.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Teachers Examined for Certificates. A Big Clock.

SANTA BARBARA, June 25.—(Regular Correspondence.) The Board of Education finished its labors this evening. Those who took teachers' examination and were granted certificates have already been mentioned in The Times. Out of all the pupils in this county who tried for grammar grade diplomas only forty-six were successful. This is but little more than one-third of the total number who took all or a part of the examination. A life certificate was recommended for J. R. Saunders of Guadalupe. Certificates on credentials were granted as follows: Lilian Skahaen of Santa Maria, primary; Edith Eberle and Mrs. A. V. Adams of Santa Barbara, grammar grade. Louise Hibbard was granted a grammar grade certificate on his life diploma. John Lieber of Los Olivas was granted a special certificate for teaching French and Spanish. The board has had an unusual amount of work to do, and has been in session nearly all the month. Prof. J. F. Curryer of Santa Maria, a member of the board, started home on his wheel this evening, going as far as Golita tonight, and will reach home tomorrow. Mrs. Ada M. Blochman, another member from Santa Maria, will take the Wines stage over the mountin tomorrow, and intends reaching home on Saturday, in time to hear Rev. Anna Shaw lecture in the evening. The teachers can now sum up the situation and decide what is necessary to do to secure a position for next term.

FITHIAN'S BIG CLOCK.

The biggest, finest and most expensive clock in the West, will, after October 1 next, delight all Santa Barbara and surrounding country by sounding its magnificent chime gongs every fifteen minutes. The contract for this monster clock, whose bells alone weigh two tons, was closed today with the Seth Thomas Clock Co. Four bells with Westminster chimes will be sounded every fifteen minutes, while the fifth bell, or hour gong, which alone weighs over fifteen hundred pounds, will strike each and every hour. The clock has four faces, each five feet in diameter, with ground glass dial plates and gilt hands and numerals. It is so constructed tha bells can be detached and rung, each one independent of the other, for the purpose of making a great noise on extra occasions and the first tap of the clock's ability to make a racket will be when McKinley is declared elected, when the thing will be turned loose until further orders. Work on the building is progressing very rapidly now that the stone work is completed, although it will require four months yet to finish the building.

Y.M.C.A.

Santa Barbara is at last to have a Young Men's Christian Association, and unless all signs fail it will be up-to-date, progressive and hard to beat. There are over fifty charter members now on the list, and many more have signified their intention of joining. This showing will be doubled by the time the corporation is completed and next winter will double it again. These are estimates by conservative people since last night's meeting, which was called for the election of an executive board, and a splendid selection was made. Every member is a worker and will leave no stones unturned. Everything is now in the hands of this board and a meeting will be held on Monday evening next to elect officers and take steps toward incorporating. By-laws are to be drafted and business forms met. Betwen times, the executive board will be casting about for suitable rooms. There are a number of available buildings, but nothing definite in this line can be reached until the association is squarely on its feet, then the most suitable building will be selected. It is not expected that the Santa Barbara Y.M.C.A. will outstrip all others in numbers or work, but everything indicates a thoroughly progressive order, with a bright future. The following are members of the executive board: D. W. Pierce, C. W. Rasey, J. F. Diehl, J. M. Warren, Frank Vielahn, Henry Dawe, J. T. Crane, Mark Bronsill, E. D. Bates.

THE NEW CHARTER.

The new city charter is in existence, and will be very much in evidence in a few days. As it stands now it is spread over seventy-five pages of ordinary typewriting, and will be submitted to the committee of the whole for final ratification on Saturday evening, at a meeting called expressly for that purpose. The cause enabling Councilmen to be elected at large is meeting with severe criticism, and some members say that this and other features must be eliminated before even the freeholders can agree. July is almost here, and this new creation will be in the hands of Mayor Whitney, whose duty it will be to expose the same to public gaze and criticism, and judging from the undertone there is a good deal yet to be said pro and con.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

Travel by sea continues good, every boat having a good big list, but as much cannot be said of travel by land, notwithstanding the fact that there is lively competition on local stage lines, and rates are low and going lower. A third stage line is now in operation between here and Lompoc, with the fare at $3.50, and still the travel is light. The other lines are contemplating a still lower cut, and the indications are that if cheap rates are any inducement the travel up and down the coast will all be going via the stage lines in the near future.

Arrivals at the Arlington are: J. W. Hauffman, Walla Walla, Wash.; R. M. Todd and daughter, E. H. Osborne, Los Angeles; J. David, New York City; Stanley Ponton, E. E. George, G. W. Jordan, John Hammond, San Francisco; D. Kelpabrock, T. F. Phillips, D. M. Welsh and wife, Los Angeles.

Manager Little of the Lemon Exchange was in Los Angeles today, attending a general meeting of representatives of all the lemon exchanges and associations of Southern California. The object of this meeting is stated to be to investigate the condition, amount and location of the growing crop, fix prices as near as may be and endeavor to market the crop in the most rational way.

Mrs. Short, mother of H. S. Short of this city, who intended going north on tomorrow's boat, has decided to remain here until July 4.

Miramar is crowded with guests, and Judge Doulton says he could rent a number of cottages to good advantage. This resort is growing in favor.

The kindergarten "colonial tea" entertainment at the Methodist Episcopal Church last night was greeted by a big crowd, and was a pronounced success.

Mayor Whitney says that unless the special commission to render an accounting of property on Santa Rosa island belonging to the A. P. More estate should act at once he cannot take part, as he is obliged to meet with the Board of Equalization next month.

Dairying in Southern California.

(Read before the Culton and San Jacinto Farmers' Institute by C. H. Sessions:) In dairying, as in manufacturing and kind of goods, it requires good machines, good material to put through those machines and good labor to turn out goods of the best quality, which must be made cheaply to compete with other manufacturers.

I think too little thought is given to the cost of production, and most farmers are trying to get higher prices for their milk, when their efforts should be in trying to reduce cost and get their profit in what they save.

In the first place, it is necessary to get good machines, which, in the dairyman's case, means cows. It is not always the cow that gives the most milk that is the most profitable. Those of you who take your milk to the creamery and cheese factory, have your milk tested by the Babcock test, and get pay for the butter fats in the milk, and therefore want very rich cows and those that can show the most butter fats at the least expense for feed.

How many keep a record of what is fed to the cow, and its cost?

Do those machines make the best use of the material put into them, and show they are profitable machines to use?

In the second thought comes the question of raw material or feed. Is it of the proper kind, and is it fed in the proper proportions to turn out the best goods and thereby make the machines profitable?

Gold and silver run through a machine will not turn out the finest quality of cutlery, although the most expensive material is used. Many dairymen give their cows plenty of rich feed, but if it is not fed in the right proportions, there is a great waste of it. Possibly cheaper feeds fed judiciously would give better results and in so doing reduce the expense.

I am very enthusiastic over the silo for keeping feeds in a succulent state, and, of the few who have tried it in this State, I have not heard of any that could say a word against, and all speak highly of it.

The highest prices for milk are received in the fall, and that is the season when the farmer should have the largest number of fresh cows and a good silo to furnish the succulent food when his pastures are short. The silos for summer and fall feeding should be filled in the spring with oats, barley or wheat and kept until such time as needed. In the fall they should be filled with corn. The corn ensilage is highly carbonaceous, and should be fed in combination with alfalfa hay, bran, oil cake meal and such nitrogenous foods to give the proper proportion of digestible nutriments for best results.

There is a great waste of feeds in the cornstalks left standing after the ears are snapped off. The corn should be cut early enough to save the nutriment in the stalks, and after the ears are off, the stalks will be almost entirely eaten by the cows, instead of being allowed to litter the ground and interfere with the cultivation of the next crop. Chemists tell us that only two-thirds of the nutriment of the corn is in the grain and one-third is in the stalk. Only think of it—one-third of the corn crop wasted! The farmer who wasted one-third of his hay crop would be considered a pretty poor one, but with the corn crop it is so generally done that it attracts no attention.

In the Western States, some farmers are shredding their stalks, and, after baling, send them to the more Eastern States for feed in place of hay. Some prefer it to hay for feeding horses.

There is too litle attention paid to feeding and very few men know whether they are getting the best results or what the expense of the ration is. Lately more attention is being paid to the matter of balanced rations, based on the standards given us by the dairy authorities, and when cows are fed with these standards in mind, good results are sure to be obtained. From experiments it has been found about how much a cow needs for her support, to supply the waste going on in her system, and if fed only that amount she could not give milk except at the expense of her body, which, of course, would be limited. If a cow is expected to maintain her body and give milk, she must be fed the food for support and enough more for production. Here is where many make a mistake. They think they are feeding enough and wonder why the cows do not produce more when the fact is they are feeding too little or not the right proportions, and if they will figure out the ration, they will find just where the trouble lies and just what nutrients are lacking. Possibly it would require but a slight addition to the feed to give a balanced ration.

The standards given us are not so correct as to allow of all cows being fed just as given by them, but individual cows must be fed more or less as they will take and assimilate the food.

The dairy papers are taking up this subject and trying to explain this systematic feeding in such a way that any farmer can learn to figure out the rations, but if they do not fully understand it, they can send a list of the feeds to the editors of their dairy papers, and I think they would be willing to figure them out for them. Hoard's Dairyman devotes several columns of each paper to the subject and lately the California Cultivator has taken up the subject and would be very glad to have farmers send in lists of the feeds they are now using and quantities fed, and they will publish the formula, giving the proper proportions.

We have spoken of the cows and properly feeding them and now I wish to say a few words about the handling of the milk. The cows should not be fed with anything that will make a taint to the milk, as it is impossible to make the best butter or cheese from such milk. Green alfalfa makes a good milk, but the flavor is objectionable to many and it tastes in the butter and cheese. Butter and cheese free from these flavors may not bring more than the market price, but with these flavors, the price may be cut, and what otherwise would have commanded top figures will have to be sold considerably below even average. The milk should be aerated before taking to the creamery or cheese factory, as it will keep sweet longer and produce better goods than where not so treated.

If you are within a reasonable distance of a creamery or cheese factory, take your milk there and you will receive as much or more for it than if made up at home and sold at the village grocery and you do not have the care and labor of making up. Creamery butter is always more uniform in quality than dairy butter and each lot is exactly alike, while dairy butter, made in a simple way, varies in many ways and is always quoted about 10 cents a roll less than creamery.

The creameries and cheese factories cannot afford to have any but the best workmen, and when consumers once become used to certain brands they will stay with them, because they know just what the quality will be each time.

In conclusion, I will say: Keep the best cows, those that will give the best returns for the food consumed; feed good food in proper quantities; have your cows fresh in the fall when milk is scarce and prices high; take the best care of the milk possible until it reaches the creamery and follow any suggestions the creamery man may make, as he knows well what is needed to improve the quality of his products.

No Trouble to Explain.

(Chicago Tribune:) "Little boy," said the meditative old gentleman, who had just bought a paper, "why is it you always say, 'horrible murder on the North Side,' or 'on the South Side,' or 'on the West Side,' but when somebody kills himself you never say what 'side' it happened on?"

"'Cause everybody knows it's suicide," answered the dirty-faced newsboy. "Mornin' poiper! All 'bout the hor'ble murder on the North Side!"

HOUSE AND LOT.

Boyle Heights and the New Electric Line.

Active Demand for Small Improved Places.

Central Avenue—Irrigating by Electricity—Sherman—East Los Angeles—Business Architecture. Taxes and Real Estate.

Dealers still complain of dull business in the real estate market, although quite a number of small sales are being made from week to week. The sale of a Spring-street property is expected to be closed today, but not in time to give particulars in this issue.

THAT BOYLE HEIGHTS RAILWAY.

Residents on Boyle Heights have been counting for some months on the early construction of an electric street-car line across the river, and property in that section has been held very firmly, in consequence. After a long series of delays on part of the Council, three bids were put in a week ago, the highest of which was accepted. It is now stated that in spite of this there is no intention on part of the successful bidder to construct the road. W. H. Workman, who applied for the franchise on behalf of the Traction Company, who were to construct the line, states that at the last moment that company backed out because the City Council insisted on a clause in the franchise making it compulsory to commence work at the Boyle Heights end of the line. This was just before the time came to put in bids. Mr. Workman, however, put in a bid on his own account and was surprised to find that two other bids had been submitted, for larger sums than he offered. It is claimed that these bids are from the Consolidated and Pasadena Electric companies and Mr. Workman asserts that the object of these companies in making the bids is not for the purpose of constructing the line, but to tie up the franchise for eighteen months, which a company has the power to do under the present most unreasonable State law, which only requires work to be commenced within six months and completed within eighteen months. The laying of a single rail or the excavation of a few shovels of earth is the beginning of work in the eyes of the law, so that any street-car company with sufficient influence can block progress by getting a franchise aend simply holding it for a year and a half. It is the general opinion of taxpayers that some equivalent should be demanded by the city for street railway franchises, in the shape of a percentage of the gross receipts, or otherwise. Should the decision of an eastern court, referred to a few days ago in The Times, be sustained, to the effect that city governments have no right to grant absolute franchises over the public streets for a long term of years it will cause quite a shaking up among some of the lines on this Coast.

Meantime Mr. Workman states that if he cannot get a line over to Boyle Heights by this route he will go before the City Council and apply for a franchise across the First-street bridge under the State law which permits street-car lines to use the tracks of existing companies for a distance of five continuous blocks.

Residents on Boyle Heights are hoping that some means will be found to furnish them with strete-railway competition without much further delay. Boyle Heights is now about the only important section of the city that has to depend for transportation on a single line of street railway.

CENTRAL AVENUE.

The march of improvement still continues along the Central-avenue country. Quite a business center is growing up at the intersection of Twenty-fifth street and Central avenue, where there is a postoffice, a barber-shop, two groceries and two shoe-shops. A frame building containing three stores was commenced at this point recently and two of the stores were rented before the foundation was completed, while there have been half a dozen inquiries for the other one. In course of time Central avenue will doubtless become quite an important business thoroughfare.

IRRIGATING BY ELECTRICITY.

Mr. Heard, who has a fine lemon orchard at Hollywood, in the Cahuenga Valley, recently dug a well to irrigate his tract and says he has twenty-five inches of water. Mr. Heard introduced a novel idea in the way of power for pumping his water, making a connection with the wire of the Santa Monica electric line and taking power from that company. This is an indication of what is likely to be done extensively when the country is gridironed with electric lines.

SHERMAN.

Half a dozen cottages are going up at the little town of Sherman, midway between Los Angeles and Santa Monica, on the electric line. There are also several small stores. The town site, which covers only fifteen acres, is owned by Lerch and White. It is located on a corner of the Ranch La Brea. There are eighty lots 25x125 and 50x125, of which about thirty have been sold. The prices of lots range from $125 to $250. The company has its power-house here, and there will also be a car barn, a repair barn and a blacksmith shop, so that altogether over 100 men will find employment. Water is piped to each lot under 900 feet pressure from the mountains. Residents can obtain electric light from the power-house. As soon as these lots shall have been disposed of it is understood that the same parties will place on the market some of the foothill land to the north, where there is a good location for a suburban town.

BUSINESS ARCHITECTURE.

It is not only in residences that much individuality is shown in the line of architecture. In business blocks also there has of late been a decided tendency to go outside of the regular rut. The Baker Block is a good example of the florid business blocks of twenty-five years ago, while the Bradbury Block is an exemplification of the modern business building. Between the two extremes there is a large variety. Two of the most novel ideas may be seen within a few blocks of each other on Broadway. One is a unique structure with a front of dark marble and metal trimmings, while the other is of gray bricks, resembling adobe, which produce a very neat effect.

SMALL IMPROVED PLACES.

For several years past there has been an active demand for small improved places from one to ten acres in the neighborhood of the city, generally known as "chicken ranches." A real estate agent who advertised such a place for rent in The Times a few days ago received no less than forty applications on the first day. Few of these ranches are fitted up in a complete manner for raising poultry, with wire fences, chicken houses, etc. There is no doubt that persons who have suitably located tracts of land in the neighborhood of the city could dispose of them readily by cutting them up into small tracts of about five acres each, and fitting them up in good shape for poultry. Persons of small means who wish to go in the country have found out that eggs and chickens are a cash crop, especially eggs, which can always be disposed of at the nearest grocery store. It is this fact that has led to such active demand for small improved places on part of those who are not financially able to go into the fruit business. The improvements on such a place need not be at all expensive.

EAST LOS ANGELES.

One of the sections of the city that has been suffering from depression during the past few years is East Los Angeles. Of late there has been quite an improvement in the demand for property out that way, owing chiefly to the improved street-car facilities that are now enjoyed. The Pasadena railway is now working on a line of its own into the city, which will give still further transportation facilities. It has been suggested that it would be a good idea to run this line along the Mission road, which, in course of time, is destined to become a prominent residence thoroughfare.

The hill section back of East Los Angeles presents some of the most picturesque building sites in the city. These hills are at present held by owners at very moderate prices compared with those asked for property in other sections of the city at the same distance from the business center. It is not, however, likely that this land will be long obtainable at such low rates.

THE HOTEL QUESTION.

Nothing definite has yet transpired in connection with the Adams-street project, although several meetings to discuss the question have been held. The time set by the Wilshires for the Adams-street people to show what they can do expires on the 1st of July, and unless some arrangements for the building of the Adams-street hotel shall have been completed by them, it is understood that active effort will be made to secure the erection of a first-rate hotel on the Westlake Park site.

TAXES AND REAL ESTATE.

The San Francisco papers continue to make loud complaint about the heaviness of the tax rate in that city, and the depressing effect which such high taxation has on real estate values. Real estate agents in San Francisco report that business, which improved a little at the beginning of this year, has been falling off badly, and they attribute this state of affairs chiefly to the prospect of a still higher tax levy. The Examiner recently had the following on this subject:

"There is a point beyond which even an honest tax upon property is injurious. This is on the theory that property receives a benefit from taxes in the protection of improvements against fire, in good sanitation from efficient sewerage, and in smooth and durable pavements. Even in that view of the case, property will not stand taxation beyond a certain limit. When a heavy tax is imposed and nothing like sufficient equivalent is given in return, the tax is directly destructive of property.

"When property does not receive an adequate return from reasonable taxation so much of its value is destroyed as is represented by a capital on which the tax rate is an interest. The value of property resides in its net producing capacity, whether that be immediate or prospective. If 1 per cent. of the tax levied on it is diverted from its benefit, an amount ranging from 5 to 25 per cent. is stricken from its net earning capacity, and therefore from its value.

Property moves most freely when there is an upward tendency in prices. An unusual demand starts the movement by stimulating prices, and an advance in prices stimulates sales. That in turn induces non-residents to invest and settle and leads to improvements, with all their accompanying benefits. When this movement is carried beyond a rational limit we have a boom, and that is always a misfortune, but San Francisco never has had and never will have a boom—it is too big and solid for that.

"To depress property values by unreasonable taxation from which it would receive no benefit, is not only to discourage sales and thus put a check on the progress of the city, but also to rob property-owners of a considerable part of their capital and destroy the busines and healthy stimulus of real estate brokers. This is what San Francisco cannot afford to do."

TORRENS TRANSFER SYSTEM.

According to reports in the Chicago papers the Torrens land transfer system, which has been in force in the State of Illinois since the first of January, gives excellent satisfaction there. The Supreme Court of Illinois has declared the law constitutional. So far, it is claimed that the advantages of the system have been shown to be fully as great as the advocates of the Torrens law promised.

Another State that has adopted the Torrens system is Ohio, where the new law will go into effect on the first of September. Ot a recent meeting in Cincinnati J. T. Harrison, a prominent attorney of that city, read a paper explanatory of the Torrens system. The address is reported in the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette as follows:

"He explained in a detailed way the working of the 'Torrens Land System,' which is named after Robert Torrens, an Englishman. This system was introduced into Australia in 1858 and had been used in the New Zealand colonies since 1870, and in England since 1883 and in Illinois since the first of the present year. It will become effective in Ohio September 1. It had been used in Prussia, Bavaria and other European countries for a century, and in Hamburg for 600 years. At the World's Fair the change was first agitated in America. There was present there a real estate congress. The system provides that a title be examined by an expert down to a given time, and when the title is thus certified it must hold good. This fixes a basis and avoids long examinations.

"A title thus once registered and certified is issued to the owner, and upon this certificate all notations of liens or other interests which affect the land are stated. No interest in the land can be made a lien upon it until so stated on the register and certificate. If an owner wants to mortgage his land he does so in duplicate, gives them to the lender, who presents both to the Recorder, who files the duplicate and returns the original to the lender with the proper notations thereon. If the title is transferred the old certificate is returned and canceled and a new certificate issued to the purchaser.

"The old system is a back number. This is plainly shown. In Chicago from October, 1871, to December, 1895, there were transcribed and recorded in 500 volumes 2,326,819 legal documents; up to March 15, 1894, there had been filed in the Recorder's office 2,900,634 volumes. The annual cost in Chicago is about $10,000,000. All of this was caused by the great fire. Cincinnati has 800 large volumes of deed records, 700 of mortgages and 150 of lease records, not to say anything about many of the reports and books. The present system is too tedious. Under the new one a borrower can negotiate a loan in a few minutes. The present system is a chain which is only as strong as its weakest link, and ofter this is very weak. Title examinations in Chicago in 1890 cost $3,000,000. Mr. Harirson cited numerous objections to the old law, and pointed out the advantages of the new one.

"When the law becomes effective in Ohio it will be optional with all the owners of land and representatives of estates to make application for the registration of titles. The application must be made to the Probate of Common Pleas Court. The law gives the court ample time for investigation, and upon satisfactory evidence a proper certificate is issued. The recorder must register the title, when certified to by the court, and issue the proper certificates. Corporations must give names of officers. Executors and administrators have rules laid down for them. All transfers are made in the office of the recorder, at death land passes to the personal representative of the estate, who may have the land registered and certificates obtained for the heirs. Land bought under this act is to pay 1-10 of 1 per cent. of tax value. This provides for an assurance fund. Provision is made for reimbursements. The fees under the new system are very reasonable.

"In closing Mr. Harrison said: The fees required are to the referee not less than $5, no more than $50, and such other fees on filing the application and to the recorder from 2 cents to $2 for each paper or item of service rendered. The fee for examining and registering each transfer of registered land, including the filing of all papers therein, entering memorials, issuing new certificates of title and indexing same, $2.50. The fee of the referee is also to be estimated at one-half of 1 per cent upon the value of the land appraised for taxation up to $10,000. I estimate that upon a piece of real estate worth $3000, and which would be valued for taxation at about $1800, the total cost for registration would be in the neighborhood of $30, including attorney's fees.

"This is about the cost of one examination and abstract of title. Penalties are provided for fraudulent registration, alteration of register book in the recorder's office, making the same a felony—imprisonment in the penitentiary from one to five years, also a fine not exceeding $5000. Forgery in the matter is made punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary from one to ten years, and a fine not exceeding $5000. All books, papers and documents filed in the recorder's office are declared the subjects of larceny, and that the offender, when convicted, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary from one to seven years. Perjury is made a felony, punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary from one to six years."

MORTGAGES AND RELEASES.

The Investor publishes the following statement of mortgages and releases for the week ended June 20, 1896:.

200 transfers amounting to ..		$282,403.89
92 transfers for nominal considerations.		
96 mortgages on city property ....$	88,207.27	
46 mortgages on county property	202,374.49	290,581.76
33 releases of city property	72,219.00	
26 releases of county property	46,292.29	118,511.29

BUILDING

The Builder and Contractor notes the following uncontracted new work:

Plans are being prepared for Mrs. L. W. Godin for a dwelling to be built on Beacon street, near Tenth street. It will have ten rooms and cost $3500.

Plans are being drawn for the Newsboys' Home, to be built on San Pedro street near Eighth; to be two stories, fourteen rooms and cost $3000.

W. A. Spalding is about to build a two-story dwelling in East Los Angeles, to cost $4000.

Judge S. C. Hubbell is about to erect two rows of flats, twenty in all, on Sand and Pavilion streets; ten will be built at a time, and they will cost $7000.

Plans are being prepared for D. K. Edwards for a four-story building, to be erected on the west side of Broadway between First and Franklin streets; cost $25,000.

BUILDING PERMITS.

The following permits of $2000 and over were issued by the City Superintendent of Buildings:

Idalia Weed, two-story dwelling, on Twentyeighth between Figueroa and Key West, $4000.

Mrs. M. Caswell, two-story school building, Twenty-third between Oak and Scarff, $3000.

C. H. Jones, two-story brick store and dwelling, corner Eighth and Olive, $3000.

The Colonel's Courtship.

(Yorkshire Evening Post:) The late Col. North once described his courtship thus: "My wages were 18 shillings a week. I was in love with a girl who was working at a neighboring factory in Hunslet, Leeds. We'd had many a talk about getting married, but when I was only getting 12 shillings a week and she was only getting 8 shillings, we came to the conclusion that it wouldn't do. So I said, 'My lass, ahm reyt fond of tha, and the moment I get a rise in screw we'll risk it, and we'll face the world, lass, for good or for ill.' She gave me a hug and kissed me, and from that day to this she's been my best adviser, friend and comforter."

SATURDAY TRAINS TO REDONDO BEACH

On the Santa Fé leave at 9:05 a.m., 10 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 3 p.m., 5:30 p.m. Returning trains leave Redondo at 1:00 p.m., 3:15 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 9:00 p.m. Round trip, 50 cents.

BAND CONCERT AT REDONDO BEACH

Sunday, by the Los Angeles Military Band. Santa Fé trains leave at 9:05 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 1:30 a.m., 5:30 p.m. Round trip, 50 cents.

CHEAPER GAS IN LOSANGELES.

About one year from now we shall reduce the price of gas in this town to $1.35 per 1000 cubic feet. Be careful in the mean time about signing contracts for higher-priced gas or for gas stoves. Metropolitan Gas Company.

Superfluous Hair Removed

From ladies' faces, and eye-brows properly shaped by electrolysis; complexion specialties, hairdressing, shampooing, manicuring. We carry the most complete stock of hair goods and French toilet articles. Falling hair cured. Imperial Hair Bazaar, 224 W. Second street. Tel. 1155.

WALLPAPER, 3c., 328 S. Spring street.

Wrinkles, Pimples, Tan

Positively prevented by using the Skin Food, LOLA MONTEZ CREME. This creme removes age traces, prevents wrinkles, keeps the skin smooth and healthy, thus insuring a complexion permanently beautiful. 75c a jar. Lasts 3 months. Soothes and relieves all skin irritations. Good for insect bites.

Sold in Los Angeles by druggists. C. F. Heinzeman. 222 N. Main St.; H. M. Sale & Son, 220 South Spring Street.

COUPON TRIAL BOX.

I have been a Beauty Doctor many years with great success. I know what ladies need, and I sell just the articles that create and preserve health and beauty. My book tells all about them. Ladies out of Los Angeles sending this coupon, with 10 cents in stamps, will receive a book of instructions and a box of Skin Food and Face Powder Free. Address

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON, Dermatologist, 40-42 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Jacoby Bros.'

Removal and Rebuilding Sale.

Spend 2 Days with us. Bright chaps

Like bright, smart-looking clothes.

Those bright, swell Scotches in bright, spring colorings, in the latest gray, tan and Oxford mixtures and plain gray Worsteds: $7.50 values; we're closing 'em out.

Swell bargains at that price. Today and tomorrow in Los Angeles' finest and largest Juvenile Furnishings Department

$5.00

Two Days' Shoe Sale.

Men's Shoes. Johnson & Murphy's hand made $6.00 and $6.50 fine French Calf, in black and all shades in tan, also their $7.00 fine French patent leather, all sizes and widths in all the latest swell styles, reduced for today and tomorrow to per pair....... **$5.00**

Ladies' Shoes. Finest and choicest of selected Tan Kid in either laced or button, all the new shades of tan and mode, all sizes and all widths, all the latest styles and creations, all $5.00, $5.50, $6 and $6.50 values, these lines, yours today and tomorrow for.... **$4.00**

Men's Shoes. Real Russia Calf in all the latest shades and swell styles, hand-sewed, lace only, made to our special order to be sold on a small margin at $4 the pair, bnt for the two days we will give you choice for only........... **$2.60**

Two Days Extra Specials.

Neckwear. 150 dozen high-grade, pure Silk Four-in-hands, Club Ties and Flowing-end Tecks. Search carefully from the first to the 1800th one and you'll find none but 50c and 75c Ties. See display in window. A limit of four to each customer; 2-day and 2-morrow for.................... **25c**

British Hose. The good, old, safe and reliable sorts that have to be sold at 25c the pair because they cost nearly that much and are certainly worth it; are yours, only 1 dozen to a customer though; today and tomorrow only for, per pair................ **12½c**

Boys' Waists. Just received 'em yesterday—the prettiest and sightliest you ever saw or bought for 50c to 65c in all your life; there's only a hundred dozen, so you can have only four at the price; come today and tomorrow and they're yours for.................. **25c**

A CORKER

That New Hat of Ours—The McKinley Hat.

A very stylish Hat in Otter, with golden-brown trimmings of heavy silk; in pearl shades with black bands, of course; black, as well as other shades. Same kind of stock the hatters charge you Two Dollars for. In our big Hat Department today and to-morrow at

95c.

Jacoby Bros. Commence moving about **July 1.**

War on the Nerves.

These continual strains and counter-strains, these continual harassing and depleting drains of nerve energy and nerve life, make the body poor and weak and immature. When in this condition force the enemy to surrender. Get and use the Great Hudyan. You can get it only from the Hudson Medical Institute. No one can give you Hudyan but the Hudson Medical Institute. Hudyan cures certain forms of Liver and Kidney troubles and certain forms of Nervous Diseases.

Circulars and Testimonials FREE.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

TAINTED BLOOD—Impure blood, due to serious private disorders, carries myriads of sore-producing germs. Then come sore throat, pimples, copper-colored spots, ulcers in mouth, old sores and falling hair. You can save a trip to Hot Springs by writing for "Blood Book," to the old physicians of the

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts.

LIVER—When your liver is affected you may feel blue, melancholy, irritable and easily discontented. You will notice many symptoms that you really have and many that you really do not have. You need a good liver regulator, and this you should take at once. You can get it from us. Write for book on liver troubles. "All About the Liver," sent free.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts.

KIDNEY Remedies are now sought for by many men, because so many men live rapid lives—use up their kidneys. If you wish to have your kidneys put in good order, send for our Kidney Regulator, or better, learn something about your kidneys and how to make the test. The book, "A Knowledge of Kidneys," sent free.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Auction.

Large Clearance Sale of Furniture and Carpets at No. 427 S. Spring St., Friday, June 26th, at 2 p.m., consisting of Oak and Ash bedroom Suits, Folding Beds, Lounges, Couches, Sofas, Handsome Parlor Furniture, Extension Tables, Dining Chairs, Hat Trees, Side Boards, Mattresses, Bedding, Marquette Body Brussels and Velvet Carpets, Gas and Coal Ranges, etc.

C. M. STEVENS & CO., Auctioneers.

The W. H. PERRY Lumber Mf'g. Co

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL Commercial Street.

DR. TALCOTT & CO.

THE ONLY SPECIALISTS IN SO. CAL. FOR

DISEASES OF MEN ONLY

We have the largest practice on the Pacific Coast, treating every form of Weakness and Private Diseases of Men and absolutely nothing else. To show our confidence and ability to cure diseases,

We are Willing to Wait for our Fee Until Cure is Effected.

Our Special Electric Belt, designed expressly for "Weakness" in men, furnished in every case where necessary.

Corner Third and Main Sts., over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s. Private side entrance on Third St.

Have you seen the Price on the Three-piece Hard Wood Set in our window?

BARKER BROS., Stimson Block.

A Staff of Expert Specialists

Incorporated for $200,000 and possessing the largest and best equipped medical institute on the Coast. A specialist for each class of chronic disease, offers to sufferers the highest character of medical service. Not one dollar accepted unless a cure is possible. Consultation always free. Write if you cannot call in person.

ENGLISH AND GERMAN EXPERT SPECIALISTS.

Byrne Building, Rooms 414-418, Los Angeles, Cal. Tel. 1113 Black. Office hours, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.; 9 to 11 Sundays; 7 to 8 evenings.

Eyes Tested Free

And Glasses ground to correct all DEFECTS of VISION, and every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction.

These are a few of our prices:.

Solid Gold Frames	$1.75
Steel, Nickel or Alloy Frames	25c
Sun Glasses (including frames)	25c
First quality Lenses, properly fitted	$1.00

Note—Difficult cases solicited. Open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

BOSTON OPTICAL CO. 228 W. Second St., Bet Spring & Broadway.

NOTICE.

On July 1, 1896, We will reduce the price of Gas to $1.75 per one thousand cubic feet.

Los Angeles Lighting Co.

Avery Staub Shoe Co. | Closing out Rockland Companys' Shoes for Men. | 255 South Broadway Los Angeles.

NICOLL'S Latest Styles just arrived. Suitings and Trousering, Garments made to order from $5.00 to $50.00

NICOLL The Tailor. 134 S. Spring St

Photo Mount and Card Mfg. Co.

Dealers in CARD BOARD.

Manufacturers of Photo Mounts, Cards of all Descriptions, Embossing, Ragged Edging, Etc.

Artistic Souvenirs, Programmes, Menus, Labels, Show Cards, Etc.

N W. Cor. Clay and Sansome Sts.

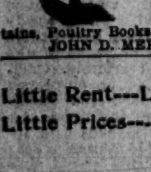
Mechanics' Tools.

LOW

Solid Steel Hammer	45c
28-in No. 7 Disston Rip Saw	$1.50
Large Steel Square usually sold for $1	65c

PRICES.

THOMAS BROS. 230 S. Spring St. - - Los Angeles.



Los Angeles Incubators and Brooders

Are the best. See them before buying. POULTRY SUPPLIES, Bone Cutters, Alfalfa Cutters, Shell Grinders, Spray Pumps, Caponizing Sets, Drinking Fountains, Poultry Books, etc. Catalogue free. JOHN D. MERCER, 117 E. Second st.

Cheapest, Because the Best

GAIL BORDEN EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK

Send for that little book, "Infant Health;" great value to mothers. Sent free.

N. Y. Condensed Milk Co. 71 Hudson Street, New York

Little Rent—Little Profits—Little Prices—Big Sales.

DIAMOND BROS., Dry Goods, 152 S. Main St.

Auction!

Friday, June 26, at 10 a. m., at 750 S. Olive. The entire contents of a 7-room house, consisting of two elegant folding beds, fine brussels carpets, leather, settee, upholstered chairs, oak book case, cost $50, wicker rockers, cook-stove, oil heater, two silver tea sets, cost $100; ladies' writing desk, pillows, sheets, comforts. Ladies invited.

J. H. ROBERTS, Auct'r.